# Altivar 71

# Variable speed drives for synchronous and asynchronous motors

# **Programming manual**

Specification 383
Software V6.7

04/2014





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Read and understand these instructions before performing any procedure on this drive.

# **A A** DANGER

### HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK, EXPLOSION, OR ARC FLASH

- Only appropriately trained persons who are familiar with and understand the contents of this manual and all other
  pertinent product documentation and who have received safety training to recognize and avoid hazards involved
  are authorized to work on and with this drive system. Installation, adjustment, repair and maintenance must be
  performed by qualified personnel.
- The system integrator is responsible for compliance with all local and national electrical code requirements as well as all other applicable regulations with respect to grounding of all equipment.
- Many components of the product, including the printed circuit boards, operate with mains voltage. Do not touch. Use only electrically insulated tools.
- · Do not touch unshielded components or terminals with voltage present.
- Motors can generate voltage when the shaft is rotated. Prior to performing any type of work on the drive system, block the motor shaft to prevent rotation.
- AC voltage can couple voltage to unused conductors in the motor cable. Insulate both ends of unused conductors
  of the motor cable.
- · Do not short across the DC bus terminals or the DC bus capacitors or the braking resistor terminals.
- · Before performing work on the drive system:
  - Disconnect all power, including external control power that may be present.
  - Place a "Do Not Turn On" label on all power switches.
  - Lock all power switches in the open position.
  - Wait 15 minutes to allow the DC bus capacitors to discharge. The DC bus LED is not an indicator of the absence of DC bus voltage that can exceed 800 Vdc.
  - Measure the voltage on the DC bus between the DC bus terminals using a properly rated voltmeter to verify that the voltage is < 42 Vdc.
  - If the DC bus capacitors do not discharge properly, contact your local Schneider Electric representative.
- Install and close all covers before applying voltage.

Failture to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.



### **DAMAGED EQUIPMENT**

Do not operate or install any drive that appears damaged.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.



#### **LOSS OF CONTROL**

- The designer of any control scheme must consider the potential failure modes of control paths and, for critical control functions, provide a means to achieve a safe state during and after a path failure. Examples of critical control functions are emergency stop, overtravel stop, power outage, and restart.
- Separate or redundant control paths must be provided for critical control functions.
- System control paths may include communication links. Consideration must be given to the implications of unanticipated transmission delays or failures of the link.
- Observe all accident prevention regulations and local safety guidelines.<sup>a</sup>
- Each implementation of the product must be individually and thoroughly tested for proper operation before being placed into service.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury, or equipment damage.

a. For USA: Additional information, refer to NEMA ICS 1.1 (latest edition), "Safety Guidelines for the Application, Installation, and Maintenance of Solid State Control" and to NEMA ICS 7.1 (latest edition), "Safety Standards for Construction and Guide for Selection, Installation and Operation of Adjustable Speed Drive Systems.

# **Documentation structure**

The following Altivar 71 technical documents are available on the Schneider-Electric website (www.schneider-electric.com)

# **Installation Manual**

This describes how to assemble and connect the drive.

# **Programming manual**

This describes the functions, parameters and use of the drive terminal (integrated display terminal and graphic display terminal). The communication functions are not described in this manual, but in the manual for the bus or network used.

## **Communication Parameters Manual**

This manual describes:

- · The drive parameters with specific information for use via a bus or communication network.
- · The operating modes specific to communication (state chart).
- · The interaction between communication and local control.

# Manuals for Modbus<sup>®</sup>, CANopen<sup>®</sup>, Ethernet<sup>™</sup>, Profibus<sup>®</sup>, INTERBUS, Uni-Telway, and Modbus<sup>®</sup> Plus, etc.

These manuals describe the assembly, connection to the bus or network, signaling, diagnostics, and configuration of the communication-specific parameters via the integrated display terminal or the graphic display terminal.

They also describe the communication services of the protocols.

# Software enhancements

Since the Altivar ATV 71 S383 was first launched, it has benefited from the addition of several new functions. Software version has now been updated to V6.7.

Although this documentation relates to version V6.7 it can still be used with previous versions.

The software version is indicated on the nameplate attached to the body of the drive.

# Enhancements made to version V1.2 in comparison to V1.1

#### Factory setting



Note 1: In version V1.1, the analog input was 0 ± 10 V. For safety reasons, in the new version this input has been set to 0 + 10 V. Note 2: In version V1.1, analog output AO1 was assigned to the motor frequency. In the new version, this output is not assigned at all.

With the exception of these two parameters, the factory settings of version V1.1 remain the same in the new version. The new functions are factory-set to disabled.

## Motor frequency range

The maximum output frequency has been extended from 1000 to 1600 Hz (depending on the drive rating and control profile).

#### New parameters and functions

#### Menu [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-)

Addition of internal states and values relating to the new functions described below.

#### Menu [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

- [High torque thd.] (ttH) page 69.
- [Low torque thd.] (ttL) page 69.
- [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 70.
- [Freewheel stop Thd.] (FFt) page 70.

## Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

- [rpm increment] (InSP) page 78.
- Extension of the following configurations to all drive ratings; previously limited to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and to 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV71•••N4:synchronous motor [Sync. mot.] (SYn) page 72, sinus filter [Sinus filter] (OFI) page 74, noise reduction [Noise reduction] (nrd) page 101, braking balance [Braking balance] (bbA) page 104.

# Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

- Input Al1 can now be configured to 0 +10 V or 0 ± 10 V via [Al1 Type] (Al1t) page 113.
- [Al net. channel] (AIC1) page 117.
- New methods of assigning relays and logic outputs page 124: rope slack, high torque threshold, low torque threshold, motor in forward rotation, motor in reverse rotation, measured speed threshold reached, load variation detection.
- Analog output AO1 can now be used as a logic output and assigned to relay functions and logic outputs, page 129.
- New method of modifying the scale of analog outputs page <u>131</u> using the parameters [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) and [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).
- · New methods of assigning logic outputs page 132: signed motor torque and measured motor speed.
- New methods of assigning alarm groups page <u>136</u>: rope slack, high torque threshold, low torque threshold, measured speed threshold reached, load variation detection.

# Software enhancements

### Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

- The summing, subtraction and multiplication reference functions can now be assigned to virtual input [Network Al] (AIU1) page 157.
- New parameter [Freewheel stop Thd.] (FFt) page 162 used to set a threshold for switching to freewheel at the end of a stop on ramp or fast stop.
- Brake engage at regulated zero speed [Brake engage at 0] (bECd) page 182.
- Weight [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) page 190 can now be assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1).
- New "rope slack" function page 194, with the parameters [Rope slack config.] (rSd) and [Rope slack trq level] (rStL).
- Use of the ramp [Acceleration 2] (AC2) page 202 when starting and "waking up" the PID function.
- The torque limitation [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tOL-) page 209 can now be configured in whole % or in 0.1% increments using [Torque increment] (IntP) and assigned to virtual input [Network AI] (AIU1).
- New "stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch" function page <u>218</u>, with the parameters [Stop distance] (Std), [Rated linear speed] (nLS) and [Stop corrector] (SFd).
- Positioning by sensors or limit switch [POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (LPO-) page <u>219</u> can now be configured in positive logic or negative logic using [Stop limit config. (SAL) and [Slowdown limit cfg.] (dAL).
- Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) page 222 can now be assigned to the frequency thresholds attained [Freq. Th. att.] (FtA) and [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A).
- New half-floor: [HALF FLOOR] (HFF-) menu page 236.

#### Menu [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)

- · Possibility of reinitializing the drive without turning it off, via [Product reset] (rP) page 244.
- Possibility of reinitializing the drive via a logic input without turning it off, using [Product reset assig.] (rPA) page 244.
- The possibility of configuring the "output phase loss" fault [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) page 249 to [Output cut] (OAC) has been extended to all drive ratings (previously limited to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and 75 kW (100HP) for ATV71•••N4).
- The external fault [EXTERNAL FAULT] (EtF-) page 252 can now be configured in positive or negative logic via [External fault config.]
  (LEt).
- New monitoring function based on speed measurement via "Pulse input" page 259, via the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) menu.
- New function for detecting load variation page <u>261</u>, via the [DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT] (dLd-) menu.
- Short-circuit faults on the braking unit can now be configured via [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) page 263.

#### Menu [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

In [7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS] page 291, the [KEYPAD CONTRAST] and [KEYPAD STAND-BY] parameters to adjust the contrast and stand-by mode of the graphic display unit.

# Enhancements made to version V1.3 (S383) in comparison to V1.2

### New parameters and functions

## Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

New option of operating with Closed-loop synchronous motor page 88

- [Angle auto-test] (ASA) page 89
- [Angle offset value] (ASU) page 90
- [Sync.CL] (FSY) assignment page 73 of parameter [Motor control type] (Ctt)

#### Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

• [Resolver Exct. Freq.] (FrES) and [Resolver poles nbr] (rPPn) page 121

## Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

New "Inspection" function, page 234, with [Inspection] (ISP) and [Inspection speed] (ISrF) parameters.

# Enhancements made to version V1.7 (S383) in comparison to V1.3 (S383)

# New parameters and functions

#### Menu [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Addition of a [Lift] (LIFt) macro configuration to the [Macro configuration] (CFG) parameter page 42

#### Menu [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

#### New parameters:

- [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA) page <u>57</u>
- [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) page 57

### Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

This menu has been reorganized with parameters now appearing in a different order and some grouped under submenus to simplify configuration.

The new submenus are as follows:

- [ENCODER FEEDBACK] (EnS-) page 77
- [ASYNC. MOTOR] (ASY-) page 78
- [SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR] (SYn-) page 83
- [ANGLE TEST SETTING] (ASA-) page 89
- [FLUXING BY LI] (FLI-) page 91
- [AUTOMATIC TUNE] (tUn-) page 93
- [SPEED LOOP] (SSL-) page 95

#### New parameters:

- [Boost] (bOO) page 101
- [Action Boost] (FAb) page 101
- [Increment EMF] (IPHS) page 84
- [Read motor param.] (rEqP) page 86
- [Status motor param] (rEtP) page 86
- [Angle setting type] (ASt) pages 89 and 92
- [Angle auto test] (ASL) page 89
- [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) page 90
- [Angle setting status] (AStS) page 90
- [Speed loop type] (SSL) page 95
- [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL) page 95
- [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) page 95
- [Application Inertia] (JAPL) page 96
- [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA) page 96
- [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) page 96
- [Feed forward] (FFP) page 97
- [Bandwidth feedfor.] (FFU) page 97

Parameters moved from menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-):

- [Motor fluxing] (FLU) page 91
- [Fluxing assignment] (FLI) page 91
- [Auto-tune assign.] (tUL) page 93

### Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

### New encoder parameters:

- [Encoder protocol] (UECP) page 122
- [Encoder supply volt.] (UECU) page 122
- [Sincos lines count] (UELC) page 122
- [SSI parity] (SSCP) page <u>122</u>
- [SSI frame size] (SSFS) page <u>122</u>
- [Nbr of revolution] (EnMr) page <u>122</u>
- [Turn bit resolution] (Entr) page 122
- [SSI code type] (SSCd) page 123
- [Encoder filter activ.] (FFA) page 123
- [Encoder filter value] (FFr) page 123

#### Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

Removal of the following parameters (now located in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu):

- [Motor fluxing] (FLU)
- [Fluxing assignment] (FLI)
- [Auto-tune assign.] (tUL)

# Enhancements made to version V1.9 (S383) in comparison to V1.7 (S383)

## New parameters and functions

#### Menu [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

New method of assigning [Angle setting type] (ASt) page 92: optimised measurement (without motion with memorization).

#### New parameter :

• [App. Inertia Coef.] (JACO) page 95.

Removal from the sub-menu [ASYNC. MOTOR] (ASY-) of the following parameters (now located directly in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu):

- [Boost] (bOO) page 101.
- [Action Boost] (FAb) page 101.

# Menu [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

New encoder parameters:

- [Coder rotation inv.] (Enrl) page 120.
- [Clock frequency] (EnSP) page 123.

#### Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

New method of assigning for the parameters set switching [2 Parameter sets] (CHA1) page 222 and [3 Parameter sets] (CHA2) page 222: switching during braking sequence. This new assignment allows to put higher gain when the brake is open and before the starting of the ramp (useful for lift application).

#### New sub-menu:

[TOP Z MANAGEMENT] (tOP-) page <u>238</u> (the parameter can be accessed only if an encoder card VW 3A 411 has been inserted and if [Encoder type] (EnS) = [AABB] (AAbb).

#### New encoder parameter:

• [Stop on top Z] (tOSt) page 238.

# Enhancements made to version V2.4 (S383) in comparison to V1.9 (S383)

#### New parameters and function

### Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-)

#### New sub-menu:

- [ROLLBACK MGT] (rbM-) page 188. Menu can be accessed:
  - only for ATV71•••M3X drives up to 45 kW and for ATV71•••N4 drives up to 75 kW,
  - if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync.CL] (FSY) or [FVC] (FUC),
  - if [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 181 is assigned.

#### New parameter of [ROLLBACK MGT] function:

- [Rollback MGT] (rbM) page 188.
- [Rbk Compensation] (rbC) page 188.
- [Rbk Damping] (rbd) page 188.

# Enhancements made to version V2.8 (S383) in comparison to V2.4 (S383)

### Menu [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-)

• The adjustment range [Time to restart] (ttr) page 183 can now be configured to 0 to 15.00 s.

#### Menu [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

 Addition in [7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS] page 291 parameter [Power up menu] to choose the menu displayed on the drive on power up.

# Enhancements made to version V3.4 (S383) in comparison to V2.8 (S383)

# [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu

#### New parameters and functions

- New parameter [Regen. connection] (OIr) page 239, with this parameter it is possible to retun the braking energy to the mains.
- New parameter [Dis. operat opt code] (dOtd) page 61.

# Enhancements made to version V5.9 (S383) in comparison to V3.4 (S383)

## Motor frequency range

The maximum output frequency has been limited to 599 Hz

# [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu

#### New parameter and function

- New parameter [Motor torque] (tqS) page 84
- New parameter [Measured Ld-axis] (LdmS) page 87
- New parameter [Measured Lqd-axis] (LqmS) page 87
- New parameter [Tune Type] (tUnt) page 45, page 86 and page 94

## [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu

### New parameter and function

New assigning logic output, [R1 Assignment] (r1) page 124 : [Drive start] (Strt).

# [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu

### New parameter and function

- New parameter [Brake logic filter T] (FbCI) page 181
- New parameter [BRH\_b4\_freq] (bFtd)\_page 186
- New parameter [Pmax Motor] (tPMM) page 210
- New parameter [Pmax Generator] (tPMG) page 210

#### New factory setting

- [IGBT test] (Strt) page 254 has been modified, [No] (nO) to [Yes] (YES).
- [Dis. operat opt code] (dOtd) page 61 has been modified, [Freewheel] (nSt) to [Ramp stop] (rMP).

# Enhancements made to version V6.2 in comparison to V5.9

# [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu

# New parameter and function

• New parameter [+/-Speed reference] (Srt) page 171

## [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu

• New monitoring parameter [Freq. catch on fly] (FCAO) available with PC-Software, see [Catch on the fly] (FLr) page 246

# Enhancements made to version V6.7 in comparison to V6.2

### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

#### New parameter and function

- New parameter [% error EMF sync] (rdAE) page 87
- New parameter [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) page <u>86</u>
- New parameter [PSI align curr. max] (bCU) page 106

# **INSTALLATION**

□ 1 Consult the Installation Manual



# Tips:

- Before you start programming, complete the user setting tables, page 300.
- Perform an auto-tuning operation to optimize performance, page <u>44</u>.
- If you get lost, return to the factory settings, page <u>276</u>.
- Note: Check that the wiring of the drive is compatible with its configuration.

# **PROGRAMMING**

Procedure applicable if the factory configuration, page 12, and use of the [SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu only are sufficient for the application.

- 2 Power up without run command
  - ☐ If you are using a separate power supply for the control section, follow the instructions on page <u>17</u>.
  - 3 Select the language, if the drive has a graphic display terminal
    - 4 Configure the [SIMPLY START]

(5 / *□* - ) menu

- □ 2-wire or 3-wire control
- Macro configuration
- Motor parameters
  - Perform an auto-tuning operation
- Motor thermal current
- ☐ Acceleration and deceleration ramps
- □ Speed variation range

■ 5 Start

# **Factory configuration**

# **Drive factory settings**

The Altivar 71 is factory-set for the most common operating conditions:

- · Macro configuration: Start/Stop
- Motor frequency: 50 Hz
- · Constant torque application with asynchronous motor and sensorless flux vector control
- · Normal stop mode on deceleration ramp
- · Stop mode in the event of a fault: freewheel
- · Linear, acceleration and deceleration ramps: 3 seconds
- · Low speed: 0 Hz
- · High speed: 50 Hz
- Motor thermal current = rated drive current
- Standstill injection braking current = 0.7 x rated drive current, for 0.5 seconds
- · No automatic starts after a fault
- · Switching frequency 2.5 kHz or 4 kHz depending on drive rating
- · Logic inputs:
  - LI1: forward, LI2: Forward (2 operating direction), 2-wire control on transition
  - L13, L14, LI5, LI6: inactive (not assigned)
- · Analog inputs:
  - Al1: speed reference 0 +10 V
  - Al2: 0-20 mA, inactive (not assigned)
- · Relay R1: The contact opens in the event of a fault (or drive off).
- · Relay R2: Inactive (not assigned)
- Analog output AO1: 0-20 mA, inactive (not assigned)

If the above values are compatible with the application, the drive can be used without changing the settings.

# **Option card factory settings**

The option card inputs/outputs are not factory-set.

The tables on the following pages show the most common combinations of functions and applications, in order to guide your selection. The applications in these tables relate to the following machines in particular:

- · Hoisting: cranes, overhead cranes, gantries (vertical hoisting, translation, slewing), lifting platforms
- Elevators: elevators in retrofit up to 1.2 m/s
- · Handling: palletizers/depalletizers, conveyors, roller tables
- Packing: carton packers, labeling machines
- Textiles: weaving looms, carding frames, washing machines, spinners, drawing frames
- · Wood: automatic lathes, saws, milling
- · High inertia: centrifuges, mixers, unbalanced machines (beam pumps, presses)
- Process

Each machine has its own special features, and the combinations listed here are neither mandatory nor exhaustive.

Some functions are designed specifically for a particular application. In this case, the application is identified by a tab in the margin on the relevant programming pages.

### **Motor control functions**

		Applications							
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process
V/f ratio	<u>72</u>								
Sensorless flux vector control	<u>72</u>								
Flux vector control with sensor	<u>72</u>								
2-point vector control	<u>72</u>								
Open-loop synchronous motor	<u>73</u>								
Closed-loop synchronous motor	<u>73</u>								
Output frequency of up to 599 Hz	<u>78</u>								
Motor overvoltage limiting	<u>102</u>								
DC bus connection (see User's Manual)	-								
Motor fluxing using a logic input	<u>91</u>								
Switching frequency of up to 16 kHz	<u>74</u>								
Auto-tuning	93								

# Functions on speed references

		Applications								
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process	
Differential bipolar reference	<u>110</u>									
Reference delinearization (magnifying glass effect)	<u>112</u>									
Frequency control input	<u>146</u>									
Reference switching	<u>147</u> - <u>156</u>									
Reference summing	<u>155</u>									
Reference subtraction	<u>155</u>									
Reference multiplication	<u>155</u>									
S ramps	<u>158</u>									
Jog operation	<u>166</u>									
Preset speeds	<u>167</u>									
+ speed/- speed using single action pushbuttons (1 step)	<u>170</u>								•	
+ speed/- speed using double action pushbuttons (2 steps)	<u>170</u>	•								
+/- speed around a reference	<u>172</u>									
Save reference	<u>174</u>									
Inspection	234									

# **Application-specific functions**

		Applications								
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process	
Fast stop	<u>162</u>									
Limit switch management	<u>175</u>									
Brake control	<u>177</u>									
Load measurement	<u>189</u>									
High-speed hoisting	<u>191</u>									
Rope slack	<u>194</u>									
PID regulator	<u>196</u>									
Torque monitoring	205									
Motor/generator torque limit	208									
Load sharing	<u>104</u>									
Line contactor control	212									
Output contactor control	<u>214</u>									
Positioning by limit switches or sensors	<u>216</u>									
Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch	<u>218</u>									
ENA system (mechanical with unbalanced load)	<u>99</u>									
Parameter switching	<u>221</u>									
Motor or configuration switching	224									
Traverse control	<u>227</u>									
Stop configuration	<u>162</u>									
Evacuation	<u>236</u>									
Half floor	<u>236</u>									
Rollback management	<u>188</u>									

# Safety functions/fault management

		Applications								
Functions	Page	Hoisting	Lifts	Handling	Packing	Textiles	Wood	High inertia	Process	
Power Removal (safety function, see User's Manual)	-									
Deferred stop on thermal alarm	<u>251</u>									
Alarm handling	<u>136</u>									
Fault management	242 to 265									
IGBT tests	<u>254</u>									
Catch a spinning load	<u>246</u>									
Braking resistor thermal protection	<u>263</u>									
Motor protection with PTC probes	242									
Undervoltage management	<u>253</u>									
4-20mA loss	<u>255</u>									
Uncontrolled output cut (output phase loss)	<u>249</u>			•						
Automatic restart	<u>245</u>			•						
Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor	<u>259</u>									
Load variation detection	<u>261</u>									

# Turning on and configuring the drive

# **A DANGER**

# **UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION**

- Before turning on and configuring the Altivar 71, check that the PWR (POWER REMOVAL) input is deactivated (at state 0) in order to prevent unintended operation.
- Before turning on the drive, or when exiting the configuration menus, check that the inputs assigned to the run command are deactivated (at state 0) since they can cause the motor to start immediately.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

## CAUTION

### **INCOMPATIBLE LINE VOLTAGE**

Before turning on and configuring the drive, ensure that the line voltage is compatible with the supply voltage range shown on the drive nameplate. The drive may be damaged if the line voltage is not compatible.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

# Separate control section power supply

When the drive control section is powered independently of the power section (P24 and 0V terminals), whenever an option card is added or replaced, only the power section must be supplied with power next time the drive is powered up.

By default the new card would not be recognized and it would be impossible to configure it, thereby causing the drive to lock in fault mode.

# Power switching via line contactor

# CAUTION

- · Avoid operating the contactor frequently (premature ageing of the filter capacitors).
- Cycle times < 60 s may result in damage to the pre-charge resistor.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

# User adjustment and extension of functions

- The display unit and buttons can be used to modify the settings and to extend the functions described in the following pages.
- Return to factory settings is made easy by the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, see page 274.
- · There are three types of parameter:
  - Display: Values displayed by the drive
  - Adjustment: Can be changed during operation or when stopped
  - Configuration: Can only be modified when stopped and no braking is taking place. Can be displayed during operation.

# **DANGER**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- · Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.
- · We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

# **Setup - Preliminary recommendations**

# **Starting**

#### Important:

- In factory settings mode, the motor can only be supplied with power once the "forward", "reverse" and "DC injection stop" commands have been reset:
  - On power-up or a manual fault reset or after a stop command If they have not been reset, the drive will display "nSt" but will not start.
- If the automatic restart function has been configured ([Automatic restart] (Atr) parameter in the [1.8-FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu, see page 245), these commands are taken into account without a reset being necessary.

# Test on a low power motor or without a motor

- In factory settings mode, [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) detection page 249 is active (OPL = YES). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment without having to switch to a motor with the same rating as the drive (particularly useful in the case of high power drives), deactivate [Output Phase Loss] (OPL = no).
- Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 72)

## **CAUTION**

• Motor thermal protection will not be provided by the drive if the motor current is less than 0.2 times the rated drive current. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

# Using motors in parallel

• Configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) ([1.4-MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu, see page 72)

# **CAUTION**

 Motor thermal protection is no longer provided by the drive. Provide an alternative means of thermal protection on every motor.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Although the graphic display terminal is optional for low-power drives, it is a standard component on high-power drives (see catalog). The graphic display terminal can be disconnected and connected remotely (on the door of an enclosure for example) using the cables and accessories available as options (see catalog).

# **Description of terminal**

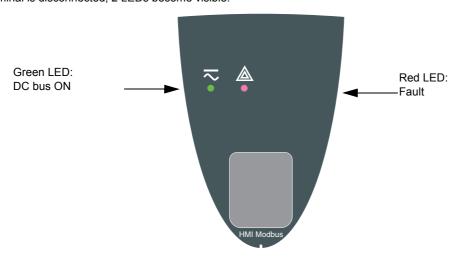


- Press (ENT):
- To save the current value
- To enter the selected menu or parameter
- Turn CW/ CCW:
- To increment or decrement a value
- To go to the next or previous line
- To increase or decrease the reference if control via the terminal is activated

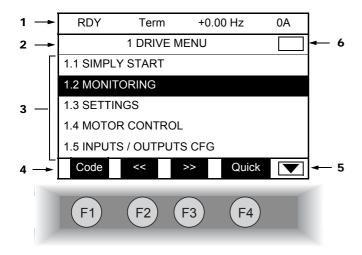
Note: Buttons 3, 4, 5 and 6 can be used to control the drive directly, if control via the terminal is activated.

#### **Disconnected terminal**

When the terminal is disconnected, 2 LEDs become visible:



# Description of the graphic screen



- 1. Display line. Its content can be configured; the factory settings show:
  - The drive state (see page 21)
  - · The active control channel:
    - Term: Terminals
    - HMI: Graphic display terminal
    - MDB: Integrated Modbus
    - CAN: Integrated CANopen
    - NET: Communication card
    - APP: Controller Inside card
  - · Frequency reference
  - · Current in the motor
- 2. Menu line. Indicates the name of the current menu or submenu.
- **3.** Menus, submenus, parameters, values, bar charts, etc., are displayed in drop-down window format on a maximum of 5 lines. The line or value selected by the navigation button is displayed in reverse video.
- 4. Section displaying the functions assigned to the F1 to F4 keys and aligned with them, for example:
  - Code (F1) : Displays the code of the selected parameter, i.e., the code corresponding to the 7-segment display.
  - HELP F1 : Contextual help
  - << F2 : Navigate horizontally to the left, or go to previous menu/submenu or, for a value, go to the next digit up, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page 22).
  - >> F3 : Navigate horizontally to the right or go to next menu/submenu (going to the [2 ACCESS LEVEL] menu in this example) or, for a value, go to the next digit down, displayed in reverse video (see the example on page 22).
  - Quick F4 : Quick navigation, see page 26

The function keys are dynamic and contextual.

Other functions (application functions) can be assigned to these keys via the [1.6 COMMAND] menu.

If a preset speed is assigned to a function key and if the function hey is pressed, the motor will run at this preset speed until another preset speed or JOG is pressed, speed reference is changed, or Stop key is pressed.

Indicates that there are no more levels below this display window.
 Indicates that there are more levels below this display window.

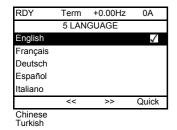
6. Indicates that this display window does not scroll further up.

Indicates that there are more levels above this display window.

# **Drive state codes:**

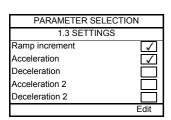
- ACC: Acceleration
- CLI: Current limit
- CTL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- DCB: DC injection braking in progress
- DEC: Deceleration
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FST: Fast stop
- NLP: Control is powered on but the DC bus is not loaded
- NST: Freewheel stop
- OBR: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PRA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- RDY: Drive ready
- RUN: Drive running
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- TUN: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm
- ASA: Measurement of the phase-shift angle in progress
- ICC: Configuration encoder incorrect

# **Example configuration windows:**



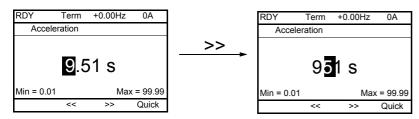
Russian

When only one selection is possible, the selection made is indicated by  $\checkmark$  Example: Only one language can be chosen.



When multiple selection is possible, the selections made are indicated by **Z** Example: A number of parameters can be chosen to form the [USER MENU].

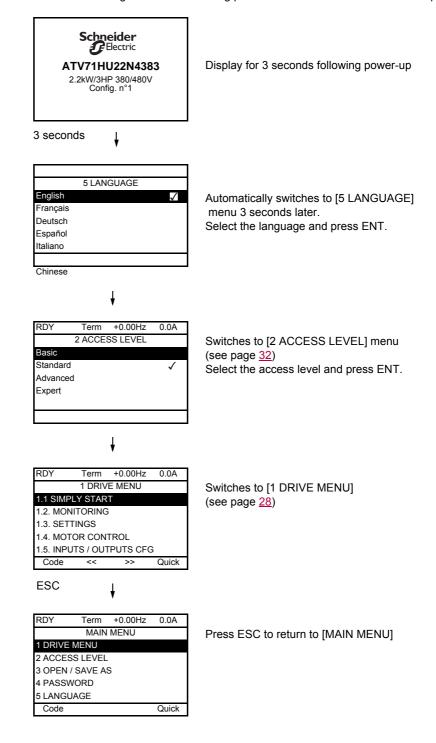
# Example configuration window for one value:



The << and >> arrows (keys F2 and F3) are used to select the digit to be modified, and the navigation button is rotated to increase or decrease this number.

# First power-up - [5. LANGUAGE] menu

The first time the drive is powered up, the user will automatically be guided through the menus as far as [1. DRIVE MENU]. The parameters in the [1.1 SIMPLY START] submenu must be configured and auto-tuning performed before the motor is started up.

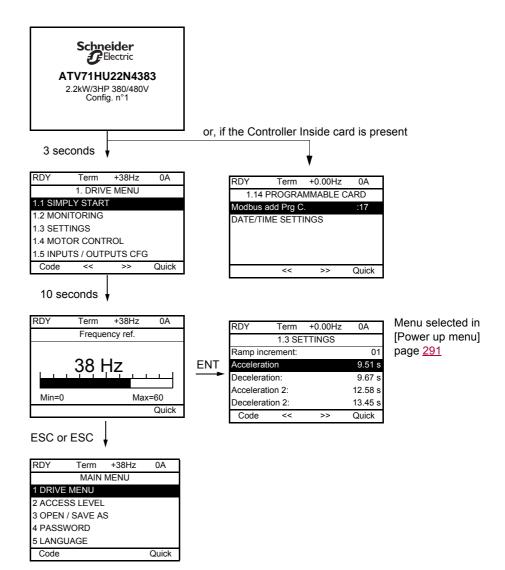


# Subsequent power ups

3 seconds later, switches to [1. DRIVE MENU] or to [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].

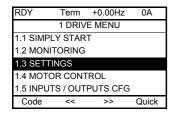
If no operator inputs are made, switches to "Display" automatically 10 seconds later (the display will vary depending on the selected configuration).

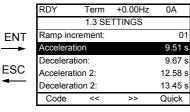
Users can return to [MAIN MENU] by pressing ENT or ESC.



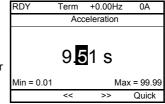
# Programming: Example of accessing a parameter

# Accessing the acceleration ramp









#### Note:

- To select a parameter:
  - Turn the navigation button to scroll vertically.
- · To modify a parameter:
  - Use the << and >> keys (F2 and F3) to scroll horizontally and select the digit to be modified (the selected digit changes to white on a black background).
  - Turn the navigation button to modify the digit.
- To cancel the modification:
  - Press ESC.
- · To save the modification:
  - Press the navigation button (ENT).

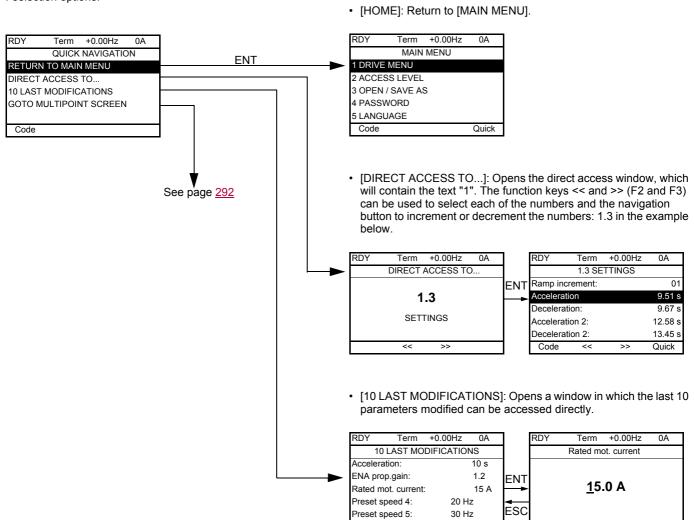
# **Quick navigation**

If the "Quick" function is displayed above the F4 key, you can gain quick access to a parameter from any screen.

#### **Example:**

RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A					
1.4 N	1.4 MOTOR CONTROL							
Standard	I mot. freq:	5 (	Hz IEC					
Rated mo	otor power:	0.37 k\	N (0.5 HP)					
Rated m	otor volt.:	206 V						
Rated m	ot. current:		1.0 A					
Rated m	otor freq.:		50.0 Hz					
Code	<<	>>	Quick					

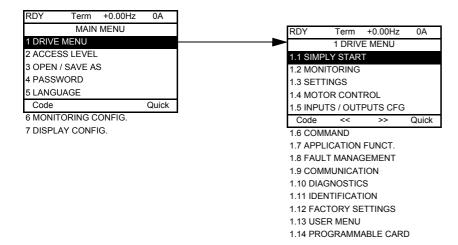
Press F4 to access the Quick screen, which contains 4 selection options.



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Code

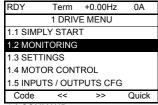
# [MAIN MENU] - Menu mapping



# Content of [MAIN MENU] menus

[1 DRIVE MENU]	See next page
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]	Defines which menus can be accessed (level of complexity)
[3 OPEN / SAVE AS]	Can be used to save and recover drive configuration files
[4 PASSWORD]	Provides password protection for the configuration
[5 LANGUAGE]	Language selection
[6 MONITORING CONFIG.]	Customization of information displayed on the graphic display terminal during operation
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]	<ul> <li>Customization of parameters</li> <li>Creation of a customized user menu</li> <li>Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms for menus and parameters</li> </ul>

# [1 DRIVE MENU]



- 1.6 COMMAND
- 1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.
- 1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT
- 1.9 COMMUNICATION
- 1.10 DIAGNOSTICS
- 1.11 IDENTIFICATION
- 1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS
- 1.13 USER MENU
- 1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD

# Content of [1. DRIVE MENU] menus:

[1.1 SIMPLY START]: Simplified menu for a quick start

[1.2 MONITORING]: Visualization of current, motor and input/output values

[1.3 SETTINGS]: Accesses the adjustment parameters, which can be modified during operation

[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]: Motor parameters (motor nameplate, auto-tuning, switching frequency, control algorithms, etc.)

[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]: I/O configuration (scaling, filtering, 2-wire control, 3-wire control, etc.)

[1.6 COMMAND]: Configuration of command and reference channels (graphic display terminal, terminals, bus, etc.)

[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]: Configuration of application functions (e.g., preset speeds, PID, brake logic control, etc.)

[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]: Configuration of fault management [1.9 COMMUNICATION]: Communication parameters (fieldbus)

[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]: Motor/drive diagnostics

[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]: Identifies the drive and the internal options

[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]: Access to configuration files and return to factory settings

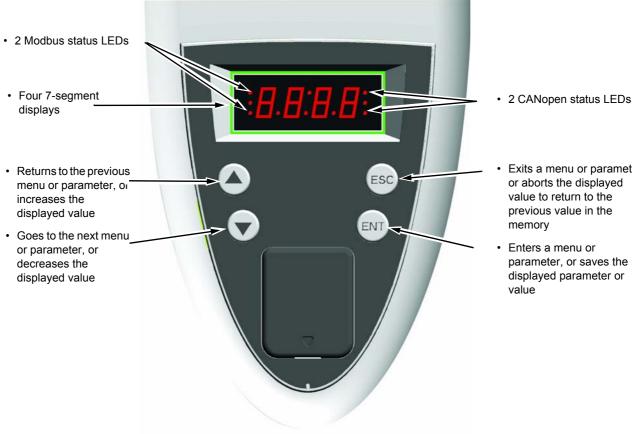
[1.13 USER MENU]: Specific menu set up by the user in the [7. DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu

[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]: Configuration of optional Controller Inside card

# Integrated display terminal

Low-power Altivar 71 drives (see catalog) feature an integrated display terminal with a 7-segment 4-digit display. The graphic display terminal described on the previous pages can also be connected to these drives as an option.

# Functions of the display and the keys



- Exits a menu or parameter, or aborts the displayed value to return to the previous value in the memory
- Enters a menu or parameter, or saves the displayed parameter or

Note:

- Pressing (▲) or (▼) does not store the selection.
- Press and hold down (>2 s) (▲) or (▼) to scroll through the data quickly.

#### Save and store the selection: ENT

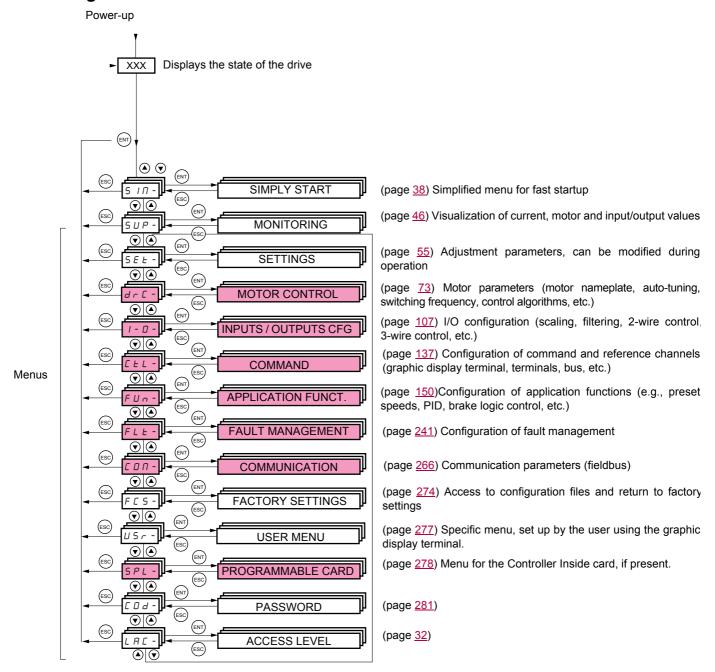
The display flashes when a value is stored.

### Normal display, with no fault present and no startup:

- 43.0: Display of the parameter selected in the SUP menu (default selection: motor frequency)
- CLI: Current limit
- CtL: Controlled stop on input phase loss
- dCb: DC injection braking in progress
- FLU: Motor fluxing in progress
- FSt: Fast stop.
- nLP: Control is powered on but the DC bus is not loaded
- nSt: Freewheel stop
- Obr: Auto-adapted deceleration
- PrA: Power Removal function active (drive locked)
- rdY = Drive ready
- SOC: Controlled output cut in progress
- tUn: Auto-tuning in progress
- USA: Undervoltage alarm
- ASA: Measurement of the phase-shift angle in progress

### The display flashes to indicate the presence of a fault.

# **Accessing menus**



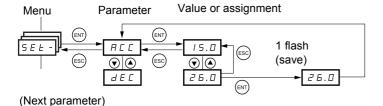
A dash appears after menu and submenu codes to differentiate them from parameter codes. Examples: FUn- menu, ACC parameter.

The grayed-out menus may not be accessible depending on the control access (LAC) configuration.

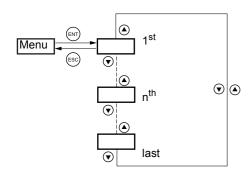
# Integrated display terminal

# Accessing menu parameters

Save and store the displayed selection : ENT

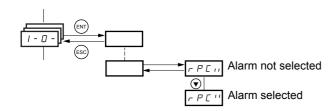


The display flashes when a value is stored.



All the menus are "drop-down" type menus, which means that after the last parameter, if you continue to press  $\nabla$ , you will return to the first parameter and, conversely, you can switch from the first parameter to the last parameter by pressing  $\triangle$ .

# Selection of multiple assignments for one parameter



Example: List of group 1 alarms in [INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu

A number of alarms can be selected by "checking" them as follows.

The digit on the right indicates:  $ar{ar{\Box}}$  selected

not selected.

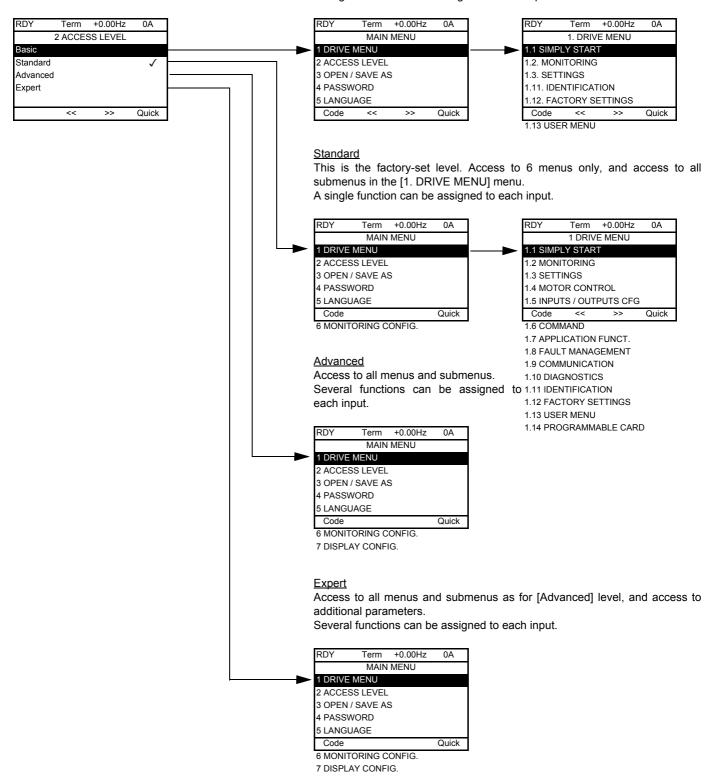
The same principle is used for all multiple selections.

# With graphic display terminal

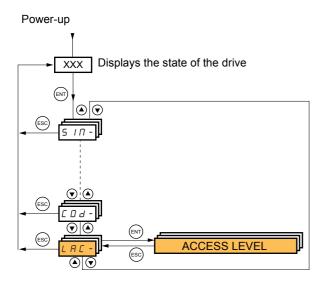
#### **Basic**

Access to 5 menus only, and access to 6 submenus only in the [1. DRIVE MENU] menu.

A single function can be assigned to each input.



# With integrated display terminal:



Code	Name/Description	Factory setting						
LAC-		Std						
<i>Ь Я</i> 5	bAS: Limited access to SIM, SUP, SEt, FCS, USr, COd and LAC menus. Only one function can be assigned to each input.							
5 E d	<ul> <li>Std: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal. Only one function can be assig</li> </ul>	ned to each input.						
Adu	<ul> <li>AdU: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal. Several functions can be assigned to each input.</li> </ul>							
EPr	<ul> <li>EPr: Access to all menus on the integrated display terminal and access to additional parameters can be assigned to each input.</li> </ul>	ters. Several functions						

# Comparison of the menus that can be accessed on the graphic display terminal/integrated display terminal

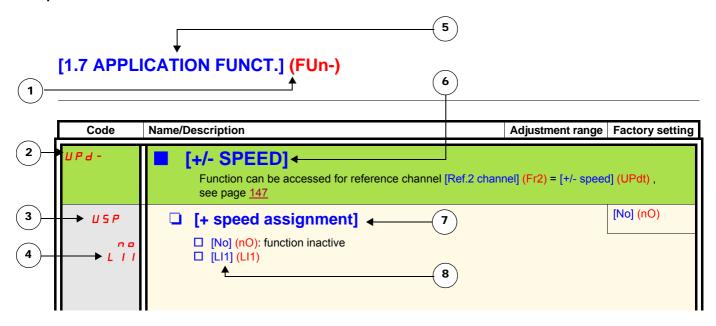
Graphic display terminal		Integrated display terminal	Access level			
[2 ACCESS LEVEL]		L R C - (Access level)				
[3 OPEN/SAVE AS]		-				
[4 PASSWORD]		Г □ ฝ - (Password)				
[5 LANGUAGE]		-				
[1 DRIVE MENU]	[1.1 SIMPLY START]	5 ιπ - (Simply start)	A 5			
	[1.2 MONITORING]	5 UP - (Monitoring)	P			
	[1.3 SETTINGS]	5 E Ł - (Settings)	Basic	3)		
	[1.11 IDENTIFICATION]	-	B	tting		
	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS]	F C 5 - (Factory settings)		se.		
	[1.13 USER MENU]	U5r - (User menu)		tory		
A single function can be	assigned to each input.	A single function can be assigned to each input.	Bas d?(factory setting)			
	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]	طر ت - (Motor control)		F		Ĺ
	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	ı - ☐ - (I/O configuration)		d 5	Advanced	E P
	[1.6 COMMAND]	[ E L - (Command)		ıdar	dva	ert
	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	FUn - (Application functions)		Standard	⋖	Expert <i>E</i>
	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	F L E - (Fault management)		0)		_
	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	г □ п - (Communication)				
	[1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]	-				
	[1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (1)	PL C - (Controller Inside card) (1)				
[6 MONITORING CONFI	G.]	-				
A single function can be assigned to each input.		A single function can be assigned to each input.				
[7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]		-			1	
Several functions can be assigned to each input.		Several functions can be assigned to each input.				
Expert parameters		Expert parameters				-
Several functions can be	assigned to each input.	Several functions can be assigned to each input.				

<sup>(1)</sup> Can be accessed if the Controller Inside card is present.

# Structure of parameter tables

The parameter tables in the descriptions of the various menus can be used with both the graphic display terminal and the integrated display terminal. They, therefore, contain information for these two terminals in accordance with the description below.

## **Example:**



- 1. Name of menu on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 2. Submenu code on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 3. Parameter code on 4-digit 7-segment display.
- 4. Parameter value on 4-digit 7-segment display.

- 5. Name of menu on graphic display terminal.
- 6. Name of submenu on graphic display terminal.
- 7. Name of parameter on graphic display terminal.
- 8. Value of parameter on graphic display terminal.



#### Note:

- The text in square brackets [] indicates what you will see on the graphic display terminal.
- The factory settings correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Start/Stop] (StS). This is the macro configuration set at the factory.

# Interdependence of parameter values

The configuration of certain parameters modifies the adjustment range of other parameters, in order to reduce the risk of errors. This may result in the modification of a factory setting or a value you have already selected.

# **Example:**

- 1. [Current Limitation] (CLI) page 63 set to 1.6 In or left at its factory setting, 1.5 In
- [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 set to 1 kHz (and confirmed with "ENT") restricts [Current Limitation] (CLI) to 1.36 In
   If [Switching freq.] (SFr) is increased to 4 kHz, [Current limitation] (CLI) is no longer restricted, but remains at 1.36 In. If you require 1.6 In, you must reset [Current Limitation] (CLI).

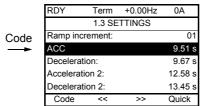
# Finding a parameter in this document

The following assistance with finding explanations on a parameter is provided:

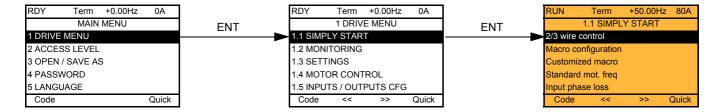
- With the integrated display terminal: Direct use of the parameter code index, page 304, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.
- With the graphic display terminal: Select the required parameter and press F1: [Code]. The parameter code is displayed instead of its name while the key is held down.

Example: ACC

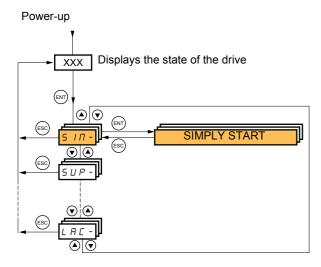
RDY	Term	+0.00Hz	0A
	1.3 SE	TTINGS	
Ramp inc	rement:		01
Accelerat	ion		9.51 s
Decelera	tion:		9.67 s
Accelerat	ion 2:		12.58 s
Decelera	tion 2:		13.45 s
Code	<<	>>	Quick



Then use the parameter code index, page 304, to find the page giving details of the displayed parameter.



#### With integrated display terminal:



The [1.1-SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu can be used for fast startup, which is sufficient for the majority of applications.

The parameters in this menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- · Auto-tuning, which causes the motor to start up
- The adjustment parameters on page 45



Note: The parameters of the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu must be entered in the order in which they appear, as the later ones are dependent on the first ones.

For example [2/3 wire control] (tCC) must be configured before any other parameters.

The [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu should be configured **on its own or before the other drive configuration menus**. If a modification has previously been made to any of them, in particular in [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-), some [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) parameters may be changed, for example, the motor parameters, if a synchronous motor has been selected. Returning to the [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-) menu after modifying another drive configuration menu **is unnecessary** but does not pose any risk. Changes following modification of another configuration menu **are not described**, to avoid unnecessary complication in this section.

#### **Macro configuration**

Macro configuration provides a means of speeding up the configuration of functions for a specific field of application. 8 macro configurations are available:

- Start/stop (factory configuration)
- Handling
- · General use
- · Hoisting
- Lifts
- PID regulator
- · Communication bus
- · Master/slave

Selecting a macro configuration assigns the parameters in this macro configuration.

Each macro configuration can still be modified in the other menus.

# [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

#### Macro configuration parameters Assignment of the inputs/outputs

Input/ output	[Start/Stop]	[M. handling]	[Gen. Use]	[Hoisting]	[Lift]	[PID regul.]	[Network C.]	[Mast./slave]
AI1	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]	[Ref.1 channel]		[Ref.2 channel] ([Ref.1 channel] = integrated Modbus) (1)	[Ref.1 channel]
Al2	[No]	[Summing ref. 2]	[Summing ref. 2]	[No]	[No]	[PID feedback]	[No]	[Torque reference]
AO1	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R1	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]	[No drive flt]
R2	[No]	[No]	[No]	[Brk control]	[Brk control]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LI1 (2-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI2 (2-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI3 (2-wire)	[No]	[2 preset speeds]	[Jog]	[Fault reset]	[2 preset speeds]	[PID integral reset]	[Ref. 2 switching]	[Trq/spd switching]
LI4 (2-wire)	[No]	[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[External fault]	[4 preset speeds]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI5 (2-wire)	[No]	[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[No]	[Fault reset]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
LI6 (2-wire)	[No]	[Fault reset]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LI1 (3-wire)	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop	Stop
LI2 (3-wire)	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]	[Forward]
LI3 (3-wire)	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]	[Reverse]
LI4 (3-wire)	[No]	[2 preset speeds]	[Jog]	[Fault reset]	[2 preset speeds]		[Ref. 2 switching]	[Trq/spd switching]
LI5 (3-wire)		[4 preset speeds]	[Fault reset]	[External fault]	[4 preset speeds]	[2 preset PID ref.]	[Fault reset]	[Fault reset]
LI6 (3-wire)	[No]	[8 preset speeds]	[Torque limitation]	[No]	[Fault reset]	[4 preset PID ref.]	[No]	[No]
				Option car	rds			
LI7 to LI14	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
LO1 to LO4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
R3/R4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
Al3, Al4	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
RP	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]
AO2	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]	[I motor]
AO3	[No]	[Sign. torque]	[No]	[Sign. torque]	[Sign. torque]	[PID Output]	[No]	[Motor freq.]
	+	•	Gı	raphic display te	rminal keys	,		
F1 key	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	Control via graphic display terminal	[No]
F2, F3, F4 keys	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]	[No]

In 3-wire control, the assignment of inputs LI1 to LI6 shifts.

Note: These assignments are reinitialized every time the macro configuration changes.

<sup>(1)</sup> To start up with integrated Modbus, [Modbus Address] (Add) must first be configured, page 268.

#### Macro configuration parameters

#### Other configurations and settings

In addition to the assignment of I/O, other parameters are assigned only in the Hoisting, Lift and Mast./slave macro configurations.

#### Hoisting and lift:

- [Movement type] (bSt) = [Hoisting] (UEr) page 181
- [Brake contact] (bCl) = [No] (nO) page 181
- [Brake impulse] (bIP) = [No] (nO) page <u>181</u>
- [Brake release | FW] (lbr) = [Rated mot. current] (nCr) page 182
- [Brake Release time] (brt) = 0.5 s page <u>182</u>
- [Brake release freq] (blr) = [Auto] (AUtO) page 182
- [Brake engage freq] (bEn) = [Auto] (AUto) page 182
- [Brake engage time] (bEt) = 0.5 s page 182
- [Engage at reversal] (bEd) = [No] (nO) page 183
- [Jump at reversal] (JdC) = [Auto] (AUtO) page 183
- [Time to restart] (ttr) = 0 s page 183
- [Current ramp time] (brr) = 0 s page 185
- [Low speed] (LSP) = Rated motor slip calculated by the drive, page 45
- [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) page 249 = [Yes] (YES), but it is forced to [No] (nO) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). No further modifications can be made to this parameter.
- [Catch on the fly] (FLr) = [No] (nO) page 246. No further modifications can be made to this parameter.

#### Lift:

• [Feed forward] (FFP) = 0 % page <u>97</u>

#### Mast./slave:

• [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC I] (CUC) page 72

**Note:** These assignments are forced every time the macro configuration changes, except for [Motor control type] (Ctt) for the Mast./slave macro configuration, if it is configured in [FVC] (FUC).

#### Return to factory settings:

Returning to factory settings with [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI) page <u>276</u> will return the drive to the selected macro configuration. The [Macro configuration] (CFG) parameter does not change, although [Customized macro] (CCFG) disappears.

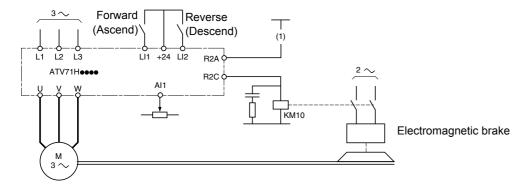


#### Note:

• The factory settings that appear in the parameter tables correspond to [Macro configuration] (CFG) = [Start/Stop] (StS). This is the macro configuration set at the factory.

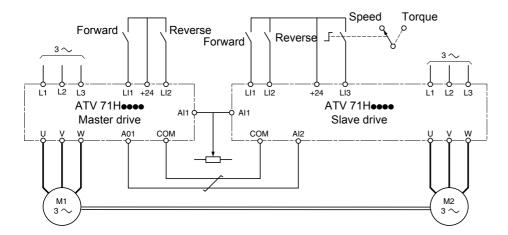
#### Example diagrams for use with the macro configurations

#### [Hoisting] (HSt) diagram

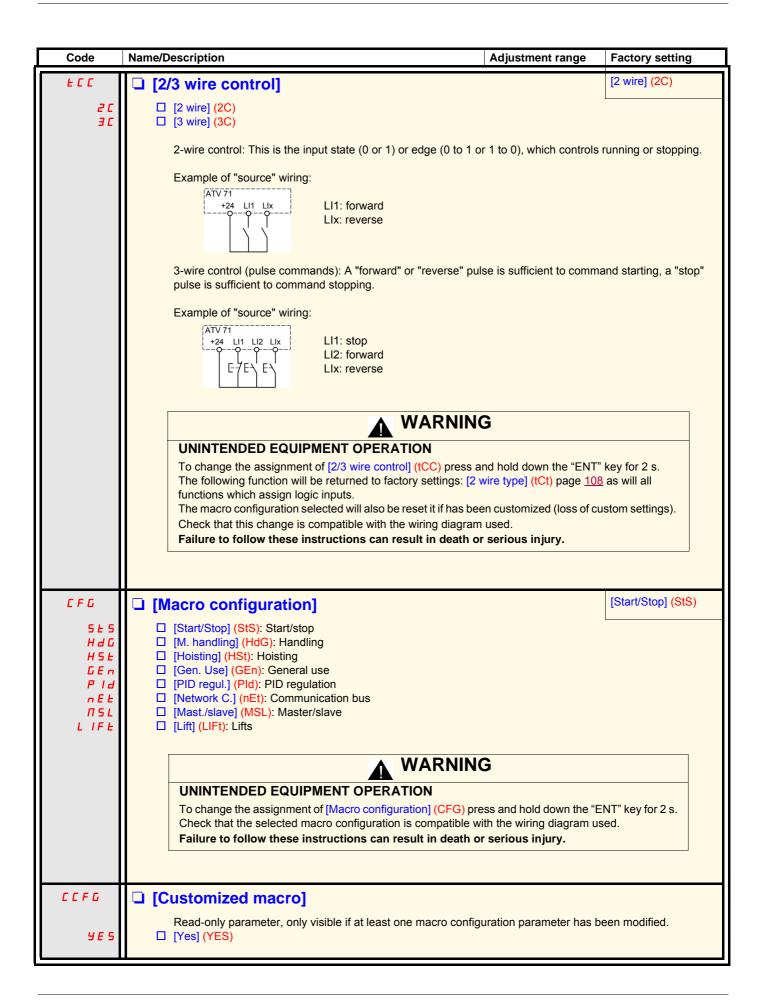


(1)A contact on the Preventa module must be inserted in the brake control circuit to engage it safely when the "Power Removal" safety function is activated (see connection diagrams in the Installation Manual).

#### [Mast./slave] (MSL) diagram



When the two motors are mechanically connected, the Speed/torque contact closing results in operation in Mast./slave mode. The master drive regulates the speed and controls the slave drive in torque mode to ensure distribution of the load.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
bFr.	☐ [Standard mot. freq]		[50Hz IEC] (50)
5	☐ [50Hz IEC] (50): IEC ☐ [60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA This parameter modifies the presets of the following paramete (HSP) page 45, [Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 70, [Rated moto		
IPL	☐ [Input phase loss]		According to drive rating
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive is DC bus.	supplied via a single-pha	ase supply or by the
<i>4 E</i> 5	[Freewheel] (YES): Fault, with freewheel stop. If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on a This parameter is only accessible in this menu on ATV711 phase supply).	n undervoltage fault.	·
nPr	☐ [Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating
	Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standar [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).	rd mot. freq] (bFr) = [50H	Hz IEC] (50), in HP if
U n 5	☐ [Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV71•••M3: 100 to 240 V - ATV71•••N4: 200 to 480 V- ATV	/71●●●S6X: 400 to 600 - /	ATV71●●●Y: 400 to 690 V
nΣr	☐ [Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	Rated motor current given on the nameplate.		
F r 5	☐ [Rated motor freq.]	10 to 1600 Hz	50 Hz
	Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate. The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard n	not. freq] (bFr) is set to 6	0 Hz.
n 5 P	☐ [Rated motor speed]	0 to 60000 RPM	According to drive rating
	Rated motor speed given on the nameplate.  0 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 60.00 krpm on the integrated dis If, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the scalculate the rated speed as follows:  • Nominal speed = Synchronous speed x	ynchronous speed and th	ne slip in Hz or as a %,
£ F r	☐ [Max frequency]	10 to 599 Hz	60 Hz
	<ul> <li>The factory setting is 60 Hz, or preset to 72 Hz if [Standard in The maximum value is limited by the following conditions:</li> <li>It must not exceed 10 times the value of [Rated motor freq</li> <li>It must not exceed 500 Hz if the drive rating is higher than A are only possible for powers limited to 37 kW (50 HP).</li> </ul>	.] (FrS)	

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting		
ЕUn	☐ [Auto tuning]	[No] (nO)		
	A A DANGER			
	HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH			
	<ul> <li>During auto-tuning, the motor operates at rated current.</li> <li>Do not service the motor during auto-tuning.</li> </ul>			
	Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.			
	▲ WARNING			
	LOSS OF CONTROL			
	<ul> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP) and [Rated motor power] (nPr) are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning for asynchronous motor.</li> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS) and [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning for synchronous motor. [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) shall be configured if [Tune type] (tUnt) is not set to [ALL] (ALL) (see page 86).</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>When one or more of these parameters have been changed after auto-tuning has been perf (tUn) will return [No] (nO) and the procedure will have to be repeated.</li> </ul>	ormed, [Auto tuning]		
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.			
n 0 4 E S d O n E	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automa (dOnE).</li> <li>[Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed.</li> <li>Note:         <ul> <li>Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewh function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0)</li> <li>Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken auto-tuning sequence.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	eel stop" or "fast stop" n into account after the		
	<ul> <li>If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration (tnL) page 263, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode.</li> <li>Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the cliptone (dOnE) or "[No] (nO)".</li> </ul>			
Ł U 5	☐ [Auto tuning status]	[Not done] (tAb)		
E A B P E n d P r O G F A I L d O n E	(for information only, cannot be modified)  □ [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor.  □ [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed.  □ [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress.  □ [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed.  □ [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to	o control the motor.		
PHr	☐ [Output Ph rotation]	[ABC] (AbC)		
A C C	☐ [ABC] (AbC): Forward ☐ [ACB] (ACb): Reverse This parameter can be used to reverse the direction of rotation of the motor without re-	eversing the wiring.		

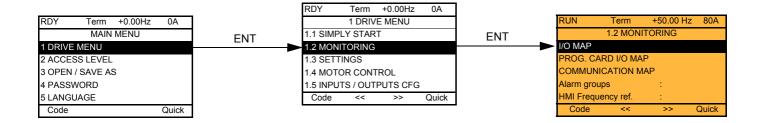
# Parameters that can be changed during operation or when stopped

Code	Name/Description	Factory setting			
I E H	☐ [Mot. therm. current] 0.2 to 1.5 ln (1)	According to drive rating			
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated current indicated on the name	plate.			
ACC	☐ [Acceleration] 0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s			
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 43). Make sure that twith the inertia being driven.	his value is compatible			
d E C	□ [Deceleration] 0.1 to 999.9 s	3.0 s			
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (page 43) to 0. Make sure that twith the inertia being driven.	this value is compatible			
LSP	□ [Low speed]	0			
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0 and [High speed] (HSF	?).			
H 5 P	☐ [High speed]	50 Hz			
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [Low speed] (LSP) and [N factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).	lax frequency] (tFr). The			
	CAUTION				
	For permanent magnet synchronous motors, the maximum permissible speed must resolve the otherwise demagnetization may occur. The maximum speed permitted by the motor, drive of must not be exceeded at any time.				
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
E U n E	☐ [Tune Type]	[rS] (rS)			
	Define the motor parameters that will be measured during auto-tuning operation.				
r 5 ALL	This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (Support of 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71●●●M3X and 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV71●●●N4.  [rS] (rS): Only cold stator resistance is measured during the auto-tuning operation.  [ALL] (ALL): Cold stator resistance, d- and q- axis stator self inductance are measured operation.	, , , , ,			

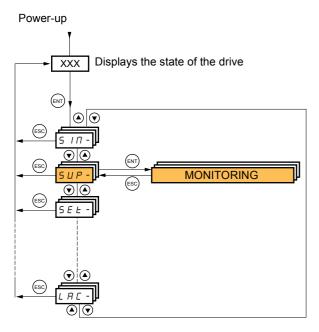
(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

# [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-)

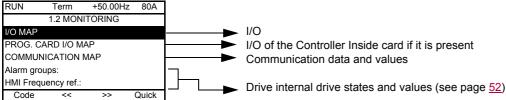
## With graphic display terminal:

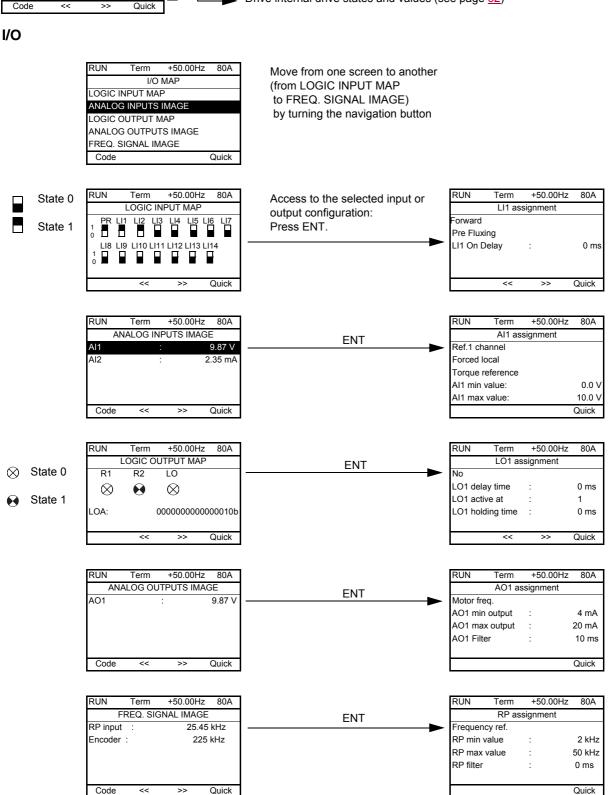


# With integrated display terminal:

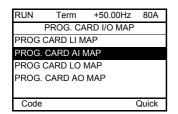


This menu can be used to display the inputs/outputs, the drive internal states and values, and the communication data and values.



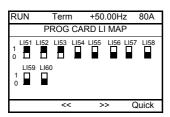


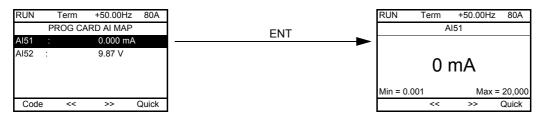
#### Controller Inside card I/O



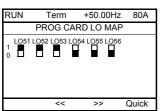
Move from one screen to another (from PROG CARD LI MAP to PROG. CARD AO MAP) by turning the navigation button

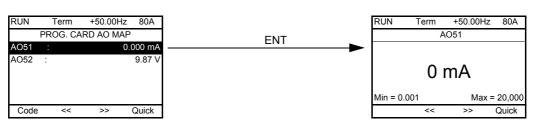




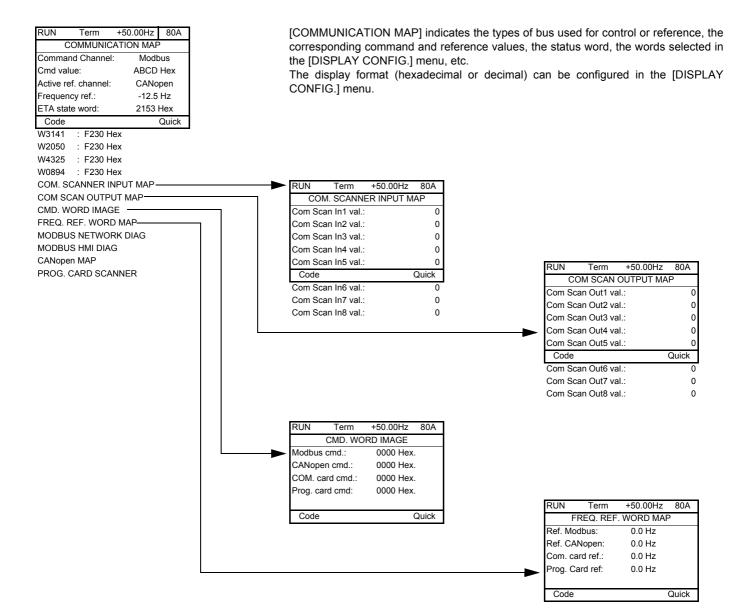








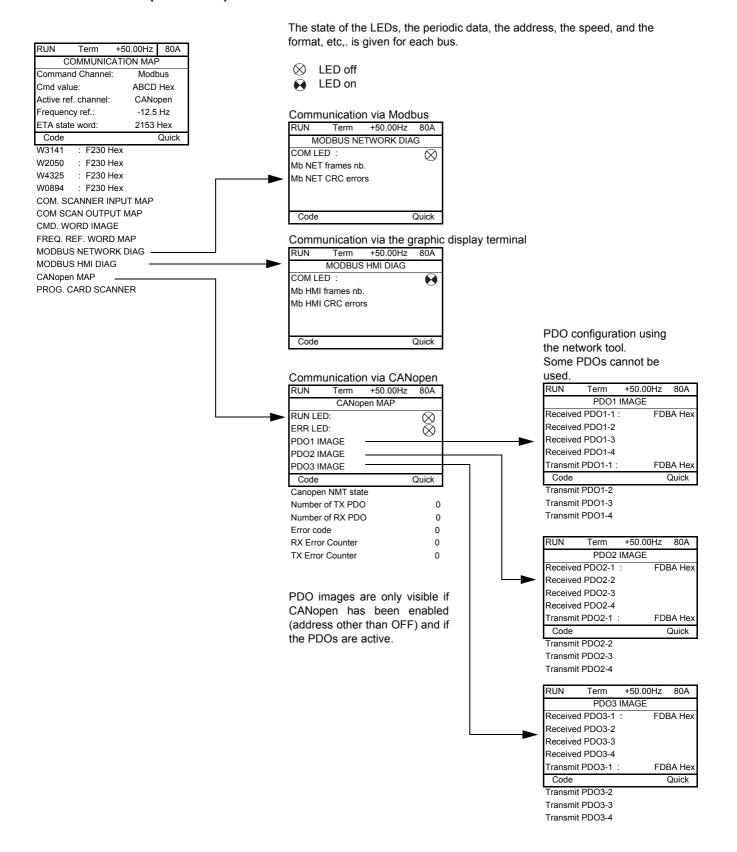
#### Communication



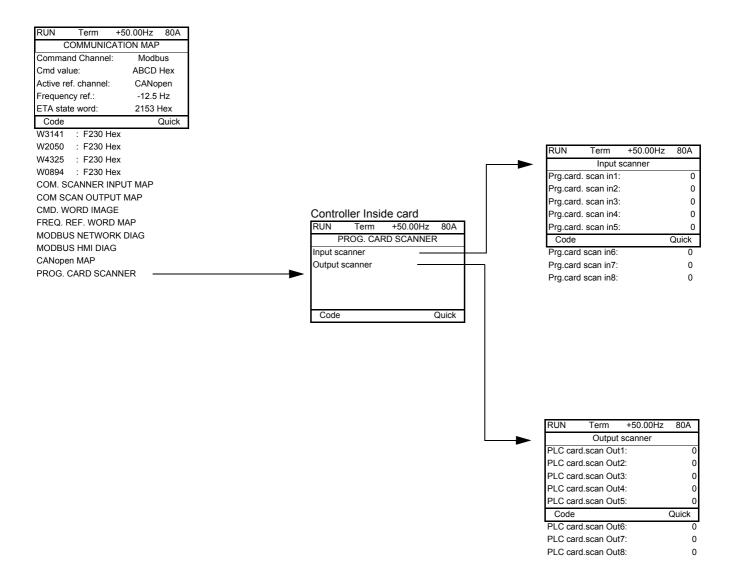
#### [COM. SCANNER INPUT MAP] and [COM SCAN OUTPUT MAP]:

Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output) for integrated Modbus and for fieldbus cards.

#### **Communication (continued)**



#### **Communication (continued)**



[Input scanner] and [Output scanner]:

Visualization of registers exchanged periodically (8 input and 8 output).

#### With graphic display terminal: Drive-internal states and values

```
Name/Description
[Alarm groups] (ALGr)
                              Current alarm group numbers
[Frequency ref.] (LFr)
                              in Hz. Frequency reference via the graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been
                              configured).
[Internal PID ref.] (rPI)
                              as a process value. PID reference via graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been
                              configured).
[Torque ref.] (Ltr)
                              as a % of the rated torque. Torque reference via graphic display terminal.
                              as a % (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref. -] (MA2,MA3) page 157 has been assigned)
[Multiplying coeff.] (MFr)
[Frequency ref.] (FrH)
                              in Hz
[Torque reference] (trr)
                              as a % of the rated torque (can be accessed if the function has been configured)
[Output frequency] (rFr)
                              in Hz
                              in Hz: The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder card has been inserted, otherwise 0 appears.
[Measured output fr.] (MMF)
[Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS)
                              in Hz: Frequency of the "Pulse input" input used by the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 260.
[Motor current] (LCr)
[ENA avg speed] (AUS)
                              in Hz: The parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES) (see page 100)
[Motor speed] (SPd)
                              in rpm
[Motor voltage] (UOP)
                              in V
[Motor power] (OPr)
                              as a % of the rated power
[Motor torque] (Otr)
                              as a % of the rated torque
[Mains voltage] (ULn)
                              in V. Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.
[Motor thermal state] (tHr)
                              as a %
[Drv.thermal state] (tHd)
                              as a %
[DBR thermal state] (tHb)
                              as a % (can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brO) has been enabled, see page 263)
                              in Wh, kWh or MWh (accumulated consumption)
[Consumption] (APH)
[Run time] (rtH)
                              in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the motor has been switched on)
[Power on time] (PtH)
                              in seconds, minutes or hours (length of time the drive has been switched on)
                              in seconds (length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active)
[IGBT alarm counter] (tAC)
[PID reference] (rPC)
                              as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
                              as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID feedback] (rPF)
[PID error] (rPE)
                              as a process value (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
[PID Output] (rPO)
                              in Hz (can be accessed if the PID function has been configured)
                              Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been
[Date/Time] (CLO)
                              inserted)
[- - - - -] (o02)
                              Words generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)
[----] (006)
[Config. active] (CnFS)
                              Active configuration [Config. n°0, 1 or 2]
[Utilised param. set] (CFPS)
                              [Set n°1, 2 or 3] (can be accessed if parameter switching has been enabled, see page 222)
                              List of current alarms. If an alarm is present, a \checkmark appears.
[ALARMS] (ALr-)
[OTHER STATE] (SSt-)
                              List of secondary states:
                                   [In motor fluxing] (FLX): In motor fluxing
                                                                                             [HSP attained] (FLA): High speed attained
                                   [PTC1 alarm] (PtC1): Probe alarm 1
                                                                                             [Load slipping] (AnA): Slipping alarm
                                   [PTC2 alarm] (PtC2): Probe alarm 2
                                                                                             [Set 1 active] (CFP1): Parameter set 1
                                  [LI6=PTC alarm] (PtC3): LI6 = PTC probe alarm
                                                                                             active
                                  [Fast stop in proq.] (FSt): Fast stop in progress
                                                                                             [Set 2 active] (CFP2): Parameter set 2
                                  [Current Th. attained] (CtA): Current threshold
                                                                                             active
                                   attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page 69)
                                                                                             [Set 3 active] (CFP3): Parameter set 3
                                   [Freq. Th. attained] (FtA): Frequency threshold
                                                                                             active
                                   attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page 70)
                                                                                             [In braking] (brS): Drive braking
                                   [Freq. Th. 2 attained] (F2A): 2<sup>nd</sup> frequency threshold
                                                                                             [DC bus loading] (dbL): DC bus loading
                                   attained ([Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page 70)
                                                                                             [Forward] (MFrd): Motor running forward
                                   [Frequency ref. att.] (SrA): Frequency reference
                                                                                             [Reverse] (MrrS): Motor running in reverse
                                   attained
                                                                                             [High torque alarm] (ttHA): Motor torque
                                   [Motor th. state att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state
                                                                                             overshooting high threshold [High torque
                                                                                             thd.] (ttH) page 69.
                                   attained
                                   [External fault alarm] (EtF): External fault alarm
                                                                                             [Low torque alarm] (ttLA): Motor torque
                                   [Auto restart] (AUtO): Automatic restart in progress
                                                                                             undershooting low threshold [Low torque
                                   [Remote] (FtL): Line mode control
                                                                                             thd.] (ttL) page 69.
                                   [Auto-tuning] (tUn): Performing auto-tuning
                                                                                             [Freq. meter Alarm] (FqLA): Measured
                                   [Undervoltage] (USA): Undervoltage alarm
                                                                                             speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning
                                   [Cnfg.1 act.] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active
                                                                                             thd.] (FqL) page 70.
```

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[Cnfg.2 act.] (CnF2): Configuration 2 active

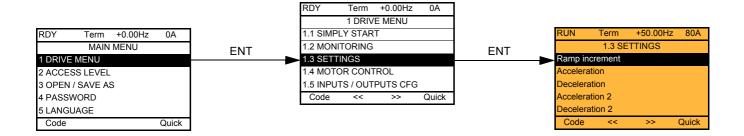
# With integrated display terminal

This menu can be used to display the drive inputs, states and internal values.

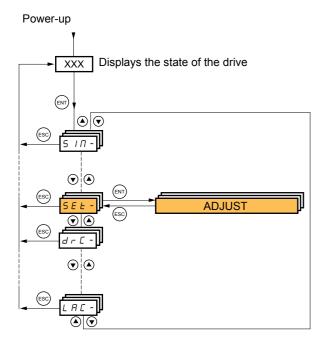
Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
Ι	I/O MAP
LIA-	Logic input functions
LIA to LIYA	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed.  Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.
L 15 I	■ State of logic inputs LI1 to LI8
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI1 to LI8  (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0)  State 1
L 152	■ State of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 and Power Removal
	Can be used to visualize the state of logic inputs LI9 to LI14 and PR (Power Removal)  (display segment assignment: high = 1, low = 0)  State 1  State 0  LI9 LI10 LI11 LI12 LI13 LI14 PR  Example above: LI9 and LI14 are at 1, LI10 to LI13 are at 0 and PR (Power Removal) is at 1.
A IA -	Analog input functions
A I IA A I2A A I3A A I4A	Can be used to display the functions assigned to each input. If no functions have been assigned, nO is displayed. Use the ▲ and ▼ arrows to scroll through the functions. If a number of functions have been assigned to the same input, check that they are compatible.

# With integrated display terminal: Drive-internal states and values

	Name/Description	Unit
ALGr	Alarm groups: Current alarm group numbers	
rP I	<b>Internal PID reference:</b> PID reference via graphic display terminal (can be accessed if the function has been configured).	as a process value
ПЕг	Multiplication coefficient (can be accessed if [Multiplier ref] (MA2,MA3) page 157 has been assigned)	%
FrH	Frequency ref.	Hz
Err	Torque reference: Can be accessed if the function has been configured	%.
rFr	Output frequency	Hz
ППЕ	The measured motor speed is displayed if an encoder card has been inserted, otherwise 0 appears.	Hz
F 9 5	Frequency of the "Pulse input" input used by the [FREQUENCY METER] (FqF-) function, page 260.	Hz
LEr	Motor current	Α
AU5	ENA avg speed: The parameter can be accessed if EnA = YES (see page 100)	Hz
5 P d	Motor speed	rpm
UOP	Motor voltage	V
0 P r	Motor power	%
0 E r	Motor torque	%
ULn	Line voltage: Line voltage from the point of view of the DC bus, motor running or stopped.	V
E H r	Motor thermal state	%
E H d	Drv thermal state	%
ЕНЬ	DBR thermal state: Can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (brO) function has been configured.	%
ЯРН	Power consumption	Wh, kWh or MWh
r E H	Run time: Length of time the motor has been turned on	seconds, minutes or
PEH	Power on time: Length of time the drive has been turned on	hours
E A C	IGBT alarm counter: Length of time the "IGBT temperature" alarm has been active	seconds
rPE	PID reference: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	as a process value
r P F	PID feedback: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	value
rPE	PID error: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	
r P O	PID Output: Can be accessed if the PID function has been configured	Hz
C L O -	tIME, dAY: Current date and time generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o 0 2	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O 3	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O 4	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O 5	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
o O 6	Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted)	
CnF5	<b>Config. active:</b> CnF0, 1 or 2 (can be accessed if motor or configuration switching has been enabled, see page 226)	
CFP5	Utilised param. set: CFP1, 2 or 3 (can be accessed if parameter switching has been enabled, see page 222)	



#### With integrated display terminal:



The adjustment parameters can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

#### **▲ DANGER**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Check that changes made to the settings during operation do not present any danger.
- · We recommend stopping the drive before making any changes.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Inc	☐ [Ramp increment]	0,01 - 0,1 - 1	0,1
0. 0 I 0. I I	<ul> <li>□ [0,01]: ramp up to 99.99 seconds</li> <li>□ [0,1]: ramp up to 999.9 seconds</li> <li>□ [1]: ramp up to 6000 seconds</li> <li>This parameter is valid for [Acceleration] (ACC), [Decelera [Deceleration 2] (dE2).</li> </ul>	tion] (dEC), [Acceleration	2] (AC2) and
ACC	☐ [Acceleration]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	3.0 s
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) ( with the inertia being driven.	(page <u>78</u> ). Make sure that	this value is compatible
d E ℂ	☐ [Deceleration]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	3.0 s
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) (pagwith the inertia being driven.	e <u>78</u> ) to 0. Make sure that	this value is compatible
AC S	☐ [Acceleration 2]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	5.0 s
*	See page 160 Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). inertia being driven.	Make sure that this value	is compatible with the
d E ≥	☐ [Deceleration 2]	0.01 to 6000 s (1)	5.0 s
*	See page <u>160</u> Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) to 0. inertia being driven.	Make sure that this value	is compatible with the
LA I	☐ [Begin Acc round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page 159 Rounding of start of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration ramp as a % of the	eration] (ACC) or [Acceler	ation 2] (AC2) ramp time.
Ŀ A Z	☐ [End Acc round]		10%
*	See page 159 - Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of the [A time Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc round]		celeration 2] (AC2) ramp
E A 3	☐ Begin Dec round]	0 to 100%	10%
*	See page <u>159</u> Rounding of start of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Dece	leration] (dEC) or [Deceler	ration 2] (dE2) ramp time.

(1) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
E A 4	[End Dec round]  See page 159		10%	
*	<ul> <li>Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration ramp as a % of the [D</li></ul>		eleration 2] (dE2) ramp	
L 5 P	☐ [Low speed]		0 Hz	
	Motor frequency at minimum reference, can be set between 0	and [High speed] (HSP	).	
H 5 P	☐ [High speed]		50 Hz	
	Motor frequency at maximum reference, can be set between [L factory setting changes to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) =		ax frequency] (tFr). The	
	CAUTION			
	For permanent magnet synchronous motors, the maximum per otherwise demagnetization may occur. The maximum speed perm must not be exceeded at any time.	•		
	Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment dame	age.		
I E H	☐ [Mot. therm. current]	0.2 to 1.5 In (1)	According to drive rating	
	Motor thermal protection current, to be set to the rated curren		olate.	
5 P G	☐ [Speed prop. gain]	0 to 1000%	40%	
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) passed loop proportional gain.	age <u>95</u> = [Standard] (Sto	i).	
5 I E	☐ [Speed time integral]	1 to 1000%	100%	
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) parameter can be accessed i	age <u>95</u> = [Standard] (Sto	1).	
5 F C	☐ [K speed loop filter]	0 to 100%	0	
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) parameter coefficient.	age <u>95</u> = [Standard] (Sto	1).	
5 <i>E R</i>	☐ [Fr.Loop.Stab]	0 to 100%	20%	
*	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) page <u>95</u> = [High perfor.] (HPF). Stability: Used to adapt the return to steady state after a speed transient, according to the dynamics of the machine. Gradually increase the stability to increase control loop attenuation and thus reduce any overspeed.			
FLG	☐ [FreqLoopGain]	0 to 100%	6%	
*	Frequency loop gain: Used to adapt the response of the mach For machines with hight resistive torque, high inercia of fast c [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) is set to 20% when [Motor control type (FSY).	ycles, increase the gain	gradually.	



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

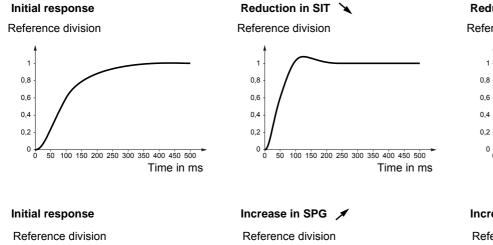
# Standard speed loop - Parameter settings for [K speed loop filter] (SFC), [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) and [Speed time integral] (Slt)

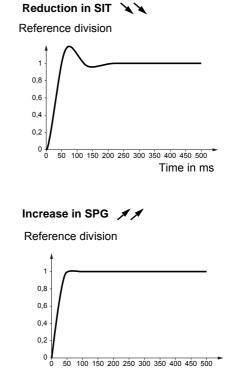
- The following parameters can only be accessed in vector control profiles: [Motor control type] (Ctt), page <u>72</u> = [SVC U] (UUC), [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC), [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) if [Speed loop type] (SSL) page <u>95</u> = [Standard] (Std) and if [ENA system] (EnA) page <u>100</u> = [Non] (nO).
- · The factory settings are suitable for most applications.

#### General case: Setting for [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 0

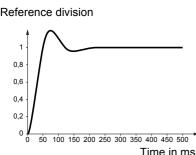
The regulator is an "IP" type with filtering of the speed reference, for applications requiring flexibility and stability (hoisting or high inertia, for example).

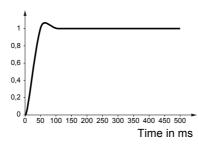
- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects excessive speed.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects the passband and response time.





Time in ms





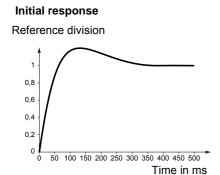
#### Special case: Parameter [K speed loop filter] (SFC) not 0

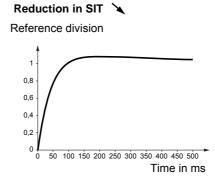
This parameter must be reserved for specific applications that require a short response time (trajectory positioning or servo control).

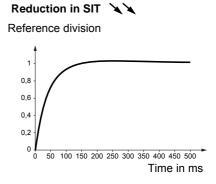
- When set to 100 as described above the regulator is a "PI" type, without filtering of the speed reference.
- Settings between 0 and 100 will obtain an intermediate function between the settings below and those on the previous page.

#### Example: Setting for [K speed loop filter] (SFC) = 100

- [Speed prop. gain] (SPG) affects the passband and response time.
- [Speed time integral] (SIt) affects excessive speed.

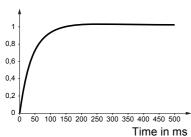


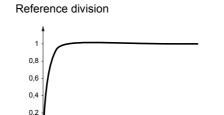




Increase in SPG 💉

# Initial response Reference division

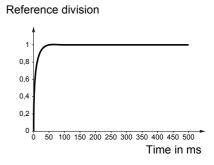




100 150 200 250 300 350 400 450 500

Time in ms

Increase in SPG 💉



# High performance speed loop - Parameter settings for [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) and [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA)

These parameters can only be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) page 95 = [High perf.] (HPF).

#### Inertia

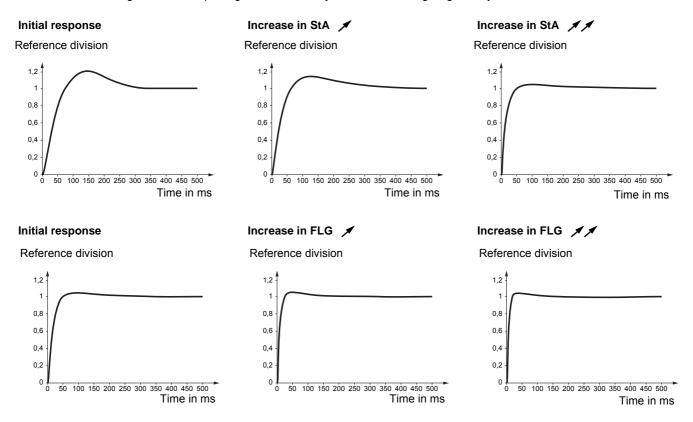
The [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) parameter, page 95, is the default value of the inertia being driven, estimated by the drive based on the motor parameters. Speed loop default settings are determined by the drive from this inertia.

The value of the actual inertia being driven must be entered in the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page <u>96</u>. This value is then used by the drive to optimize speed loop settings, thus achieving the best results (provided that the exact value has been entered). The [App. Inertia Coef.] (JACO) parameter, page <u>95</u>, is used to fix the ratio between [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) page <u>95</u> and [Application Inertia] (JAPL).

#### **Gains**

These parameters are used to adjust the response of the speed loop obtained from the inertia, in particular when this is not known.

- [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA): Used to adapt the return to steady state after a speed transient, according to the dynamics of the machine. Gradually increase the stability to increase control loop attenuation and thus reduce any overspeed.
- [FreqLoopGain] (FLG): Used to adapt the response of the machine speed transients according to the dynamics (passband). For machines with high resistive torque, high inertia or fast cycles, increase the gain gradually.



#### **Expert parameters**

Two parameters from the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu are accessible at Expert level and can be used to boost dynamics if necessary. See page 96.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
GPE	☐ [ENA prop.gain]	1 to 9999	250	
*	See page <u>100</u>			
G IE	☐ [ENA integral gain]	0 to 9999	100	
*	See page <u>100</u>			
UFr	☐ [IR compensation]	25 to 200%	100%	
*	See page <u>101</u>			
S L P	☐ [Slip compensation]	0 to 300%	100%	
*	See page <u>81</u>			
d C F	☐ [Ramp divider]	0 to 10	4	
*	See page <u>162</u>			
IdC	☐ [DC inject. level 1]	0.1 to 1.41 ln (1)	0.64 ln (1)	
*	See page <u>163</u> Level of DC injection braking current activated via logic input	ar coloated as aton mode		
	CAUTION	<u>.</u>	s.	
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without over Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment	<u> </u>		
Edl	☐ [DC injection time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
*	See page <u>163</u> Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 1] (IdC). After [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).	this time the injection c	urrent becomes	
1402	☐ [DC inject. level 2]	0.1 In (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (1)	
*	See page <u>163</u> Injection current activated by logic input or selected as stop mod	e. once period of time [D0	C injection time 11 (tdl)	
	has elapsed.		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
	CAUTION	1		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
ΕdC	☐ [DC injection time 2]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
*	See page 163  Maximum injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2) for injection selected as stop mode only.			
d 0 E d	☐ [Dis. operat opt code]		[Ramp stop] (rMp)	
n 5 E r N P	Disable operation stop mode.  [Freewheel] (nSt): the drive stops in freewheel when going from [Ramp stop] (rMp): the drive stops on ramp when going from			



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
SUCI	☐ [Auto DC inj. level 1]	0 to 1.2 ln (1)	0.7 ln (1)				
*	Level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter c is not [No] (nO)	Level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page 164 is not [No] (nO)  This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).					
	CAUTI						
	Check that the motor will withstand this current withou Failure to follow this instruction can result in equi						
FACI	☐ [Auto DC inj. time 1]	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s				
*	Standstill injection time. This parameter can be accessed If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [S corresponds to the zero speed maintenance time.						
5 d C 2	☐ [Auto DC inj. level 2]	0 to 1.2 In (1)	0.5 ln (1)				
*	2 <sup>nd</sup> level of standstill DC injection current.  This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (and the parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt)						
	CAUTI	ON					
	Check that the motor will withstand this current withou Failure to follow this instruction can result in equi						
FACS	☐ [Auto DC inj. time 2]	0 to 30 s	0 s				
*	2 <sup>nd</sup> standstill injection time. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (	AdC) page <u>164</u> = [Yes] (YES)					
AdC SdC YES x  Ct ≠0  Ct = 0  Run command	2 Operation  SdC1 SdC2  tdC1 tdC1 tdC1+tdC2 t  tdC1 tdC1 tdC1+tdC2 t	Note: When [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72  = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY): [Auto DC inj. level 1] (SdC1), [Auto DC inj. level 2] (SdC2) and [Auto DC inj. time 2] (tdC2) are not accessible. Only [Auto DC inj. time 1] (tdC1) can be accessed. This then corresponds to a zero speed maintenance time.					

	Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
Adjustment range: This can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the minimum and maximum values, as well as the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type of drive (ATV71H or W), the rating and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) and [Motor surge limit] (SUL) parameters, page 102.  If [Sinus filter] (OFI)= [YES] (YES) and if the caliber is 690 V, the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is 2.5 kHz otherwise the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is 4.0 kHz.  If the value is less than 2 kHz, [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page 63 are limited to 1.36 in.  Adjustment with drive running:  If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimum of 2 kHz must be maintained while running. Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions.  Note: In the event of excessive temperature rise, the drive will automatically reduce the switching frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to normal.  Note: If (Motor control type) (CtI) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) we do not recommend setting the switching frequency to a value less than 2 kHz (in order to avoid speed instability).  CAUTION  On ATV71•075N4 to U40N4, drives, if the RFI filters are disconnected (operation on an IT system), the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  CLI  CUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  CLI  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  CLI  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous has any effect.	5 F r	☐ [Switching freq.]	According to rating	According to rating	
CAUTION  On ATV71•075N4 to U40N4, drives, if the RFI filters are disconnected (operation on an IT system), the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  CL I  [Current Limitation]  Used to limit the motor current.  The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  CL2  [I Limit. 2 value]  Vote: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if the same particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous has any effect.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.		Adjustment range: This can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the minimum and maximum values, as well as the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type of drive (ATV71H or W), the rating and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) and [Motor surge limit] (SUL) parameters, page 102.  If [Sinus filter] (OFI)= [YES] (YES) and if the caliber is 690 V, the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is 2.5 kHz otherwise the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is 4.0 kHz.  If the value is less than 2 kHz, [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page 63 are limited to 1.36 ln.  Adjustment with drive running:  - If the initial value is less than 2 kHz, it is not possible to increase it above 1.9 kHz while running.  - If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimum of 2 kHz must be maintained while running. Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions.  Note: In the event of excessive temperature rise, the drive will automatically reduce the switching frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to normal.			
On ATV71•075N4 to U40N4, drives, if the RFI filters are disconnected (operation on an IT system), the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  CLI  [Current Limitation]  Used to limit the motor current.  The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  CLE  [I Limit. 2 value]  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.			kHz (in order to avoid sp	peed instability).	
Used to limit the motor current. The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  [I Limit. 2 value]  See page 211  The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.		On ATV71•075N4 to U40N4, drives, if the RFI filters are disconnected (operation on an IT system), the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz.			
The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  [I Limit. 2 value]  See page 211  The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect.  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.	EL I	☐ [Current Limitation]	0 to 1.65 ln (1)	1.5 ln (1)	
Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  [I Limit. 2 value]  See page 211  The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.		The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] ( Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the setting is l	lock in [Output Phase L	oss] (OPF) fault mode if	
motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  [I Limit. 2 value]  See page 211  The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.		CAUTION			
See page 211 The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.		motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.		gnet synchronous	
See page 211 The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer has any effect  CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.	C L Z	☐ [I Limit. 2 value]	0 to 1.65 In (1)	1.5 ln (1)	
CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.		The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.] (SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249). If it is less than the no-load motor current, the limitation no longer			
motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.	*	CAUTION			
		Check that the motor will withstand this current, particularly in the case of permanent magnet synchronous motors, which are susceptible to demagnetization.			



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FLU	☐ [Motor fluxing]		[No] (FnO)
F n 0	<ul> <li>[Not cont.] (FnC): Non-continuous mode</li> <li>[Continuous] (FCt): Continuous mode. This option is not possible if [Angle setting type] (ASt) page 89 or 92 is [With load] (brC) or if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page 164 is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162 is [Freewheel] (nSt).</li> <li>[No] (FnO): Function inactive. This option is not possible if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [SVC I] (CUC) or [FVC] (FUC).</li> <li>If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the factory setting is replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC).</li> <li>If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [SVC V] (UUC), the factory setting is replaced by [Not cont.] (FnC) at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71●●●M3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71●●●N4.</li> <li>If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync.CL] (FSY), [Motor fluxing] (FLU) is forced to [No] (FnO).</li> <li>In order to obtain rapid high torque on startup, magnetic flux needs to already have been established in the motor.</li> <li>In [Continuous] (FCt) mode, the drive automatically builds up flux when it is powered up.</li> <li>In [Not cont.] (FnC) mode, fluxing occurs when the motor starts up.</li> <li>The flux current is greater than nCr (configured rated motor current) when the flux is established and is then</li> </ul>		
	CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.  If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter MUST be active ([No] (FnO) is not permitted); this parameter causes rotor angle detection or alignment (depending on the configuration of [Angle setting type] (ASt) page 89 and not fluxing.  If [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 181 is not [No] (nO), the [Motor fluxing] (FLU) parameter has no effect.  Note: If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd), the motor may rotate one full revolution during		
E L S	measurement.  [Low speed time out]	0 to 999.9 s	0 s
	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] (LSP) (see page 45) Following operation at LSP for a defined period, a motor stop is requested automatically. The motor will restart if the reference is greater than LSP and if a run command is still present. Caution: A value of 0 indicates an unlimited period of time.  Note: If [Low speed time out] (tLS) is not 0, [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162 is forced to [Ramp stop] (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be configured).		
J G F	☐ [Jog frequency]	0 to 10 Hz	10 Hz
*	See page 166 Reference in jog operation		
J G E	☐ [Jog delay]	0 to 2.0 s	0.5 s
*	See page <u>166</u> Anti-repeat delay between 2 consecutive jog operations.		



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

# [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P 2	☐ [Preset speed 2]	0 to 599 Hz	10 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 2		
5 P 3	☐ [Preset speed 3]	0 to 599 Hz	15 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 3		
5 P 4	☐ [Preset speed 4]	0 to 599 Hz	20 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 4		
5 P S	☐ [Preset speed 5]	0 to 599 Hz	25 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 5		
5 <i>P</i> 6	☐ [Preset speed 6]	0 to 599 Hz	30 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 6		
5 P 7	☐ [Preset speed 7]	0 to 599 Hz	35 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 7		
5 <i>P B</i>	☐ [Preset speed 8]	0 to 599 Hz	40 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 8		
5 P 9	☐ [Preset speed 9]	0 to 599 Hz	45 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 9		
5 <i>P 10</i>	☐ [Preset speed 10]	0 to 599 Hz	50 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 10		
5 <i>P</i>	☐ [Preset speed 11]	0 to 599 Hz	55 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 11		
5 <i>P 12</i>	☐ [Preset speed 12]	0 to 599 Hz	60 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 12		
S <i>P 13</i>	☐ [Preset speed 13]	0 to 599 Hz	70 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 13		
5 <i>P</i> 14	☐ [Preset speed 14]	0 to 599 Hz	80 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 14		



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 <i>P</i> 15	☐ [Preset speed 15]	0 to 599 Hz	90 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 15		ı
5 <i>P 16</i>	☐ [Preset speed 16]	0 to 599 Hz	100 Hz
*	See page <u>169</u> Preset speed 16		
ПЕс	☐ [Multiplying coeff.]	0 to 100%	100%
	Multiplying coefficient, can be accessed if [Multiplier ref graphic terminal	f] (MA2,MA3) page <u>157</u> has b	een assigned to the
5 r P	☐ [+/-Speed limitation]	0 to 50%	10%
*	See page <u>173</u> Limitation of +/- speed variation		
r P G	☐ [PID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100	1
*	See page <u>200</u> Proportional gain		
r 16	☐ [PID integral gain]	0.01 to 100	1
*	See page <u>201</u> Integral gain		
r d G	☐ [PID derivative gain]	0.00 to 100	0
*	See page <u>201</u> Derivative gain		
PrP	☐ [PID ramp]	0 to 99.9 s	0
*	See page 201 PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, defined to go from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference] (PIP2) and vice versa.		
POL	☐ [Min PID output]	- 500 to 500 or -599 to 599 according to rating	0 Hz
*	See page <u>201</u> Minimum value of regulator output in Hz		
POH	☐ [Max PID output]	0 to 500 or 599 according to rating	60 Hz
*	See page <u>201</u> Maximum value of regulator output in Hz		
PAL	☐ [Min fbk alarm]	See page <u>201</u> (1)	100
*	See page <u>201</u> Minimum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		
PAH	☐ [Max fbk alarm]	See page <u>201</u> (1)	1000
*	See page <u>201</u> Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback		

<sup>(1)</sup> If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

# [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEr	☐ [PID error Alarm]	0 to 65535 (1)	100
*	See page <u>201</u> Regulator error monitoring threshold		
P5r	☐ [Speed input %]	1 to 100%	100%
*	See page <u>202</u> Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input.	,	
r P Z	☐ [Preset ref. PID 2]	See page <u>204</u> (1)	300
*	See page <u>204</u> Preset PID reference		
rP3	☐ [Preset ref. PID 3]	See page <u>204</u> (1)	600
*	See page <u>204</u> Preset PID reference		
r P 4	☐ [Preset ref. PID 4]	See page <u>204</u> (1)	900
*	See page <u>204</u> Preset PID reference		
16r	☐ [Brake release I FW]	0 to 1.32 In (2)	0
*	See page <u>182</u> Brake release current threshold for lifting or forward movement		
Ird	☐ [Brake release I Rev]	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0
*	See page <u>182</u> Brake release current threshold for lowering or reverse me	ovement	•
brt	☐ [Brake Release time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>182</u> Brake release time delay	·	
b Ir	☐ [Brake release freq]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>182</u> Brake release frequency threshold		
ЬЕп	☐ [Brake engage freq]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>182</u> Brake engage frequency threshold		
E B E	☐ [Brake engage delay]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>182</u> Time delay before request to engage brake. To delay the organization you wish the brake to engage when the drive comes to a		rizontal movement only, if

<sup>(1)</sup> If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

(2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual or on the drive nameplate.



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Ь E Ł	☐ [Brake engage time]	0 to 5.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>182</u> Brake engage time (brake response time)		
JGC	☐ [Jump at reversal]	[Auto] (AUtO) 0 to 10 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)
*	See page <u>183</u>		
EEr	☐ [Time to restart]	0 to 15.00 s	0 s
*	See page <u>183</u> Time between the end of a brake engage sequence and the	start of a brake release	sequence
6FEd	☐ [BRH_b4_freq]	0.1 to 10 Hz	0.2 Hz
*	Parameter can only be modified in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode.  If [BRH_b4] (brH4), [BRH_b4_freq] (bFtd) represent the threshold level for [BRH_b4] (brH4).  [BRH_b4_freq] (bFtd) value depends from the installation mechanical response.  If [BRH_b4_freq] (bFtd) is too low the drive may rise [Load mvt al] (bSA) when not needed. If [BRH_b4_freq] (bFtd) is too high a slip of the load may occur without [Load mvt al] (bSA) alarm.		
	▲ WARNING	3	
	LOSS OF CONTROL  If the setting is too low, the [BRH_b4] (brH4) function might be activated untimely.  If the setting is too high, the [BRH_b4] (brH4) function might notbe activated when required.  - Check and control that the setting is convenient for the application  Failure to follow these instructions can result in death, serious injury or equipment damage.		
EL IN	☐ [Motoring torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page 209 Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.1% increments of the rated torque in accordance with the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page 209.		
EL IG	☐ [Gen. torque lim]	0 to 300%	100%
*	See page 209 Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.1% increments of the rated torque in accordance with the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter, page 209.		
ErH	☐ [Traverse freq. high]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
*	See page <u>232</u>		
ErL	☐ [Traverse freq. low]	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
*	See page <u>232</u>		
9 S H	□ [Quick step High]	0 to [Traverse freq. high] (trH)	0 Hz
	See page 232	<b>3</b> 1 (* ')	



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

# [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
9 S L	□ [Quick step Low]	0 to [Traverse freq. low] (trL)	0 Hz
*	See page <u>232</u>		
C F d	□ [Current threshold]	0 to 1.5 ln (1)	In (1)
	Current threshold for [I attained] (CtA) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 124).		
E E H	☐ [High torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	100%
	High current threshold for [High tq. att.] (ttHA) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 124), as a % of the rated motor torque.		
E E L	☐ [Low torque thd.]	-300% to +300%	50%
	Low current threshold for [Low tq. att.] (ttLA) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 124), as a % of the rated motor torque.		



These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

# [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)

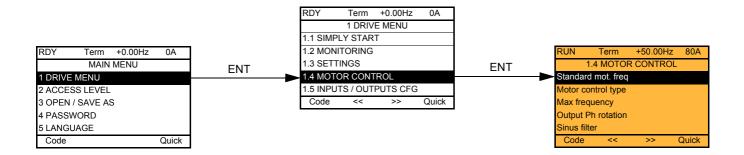
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
F9L	☐ [Pulse warning thd.]	0 Hz to 30.00 kHz	0 Hz
*	Speed threshold measured by the FREQUENCY METER] FqF-) function, page 260, assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 124).		
FEd	☐ [Freq. threshold]	0.0 to 599 Hz	[High speed] (HSP)
	Frequency threshold for [Freq.Th.att.] (FtA) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 124), or used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, page 222.		
F∂d	☐ [Freq. threshold 2]	0.0 to 599 Hz	[High speed] (HSP)
	Frequency threshold for [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A) function assigned to a relay or a logic output (see page 124), or used by the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) function, page 222.		
FFE	☐ [Freewheel stop Thd]	0.0 to 599 Hz	0.0 Hz
*	See page 162 This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a fast stop to a freewheel stop below a low speed threshold. It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) or [Ramp stop] (rMP).  0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop.  0,1 to 599 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor will switch to freewheel stop.		
E E d	☐ [Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
*	See page <u>248</u> Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or relay)		
L b C	☐ [Load correction]	0 to 599 Hz	0
*	See page <u>104</u> Rated correction in Hz.		



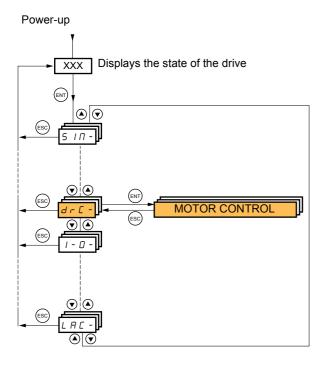
These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

# [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

### With graphic display terminal:



#### With integrated display terminal:

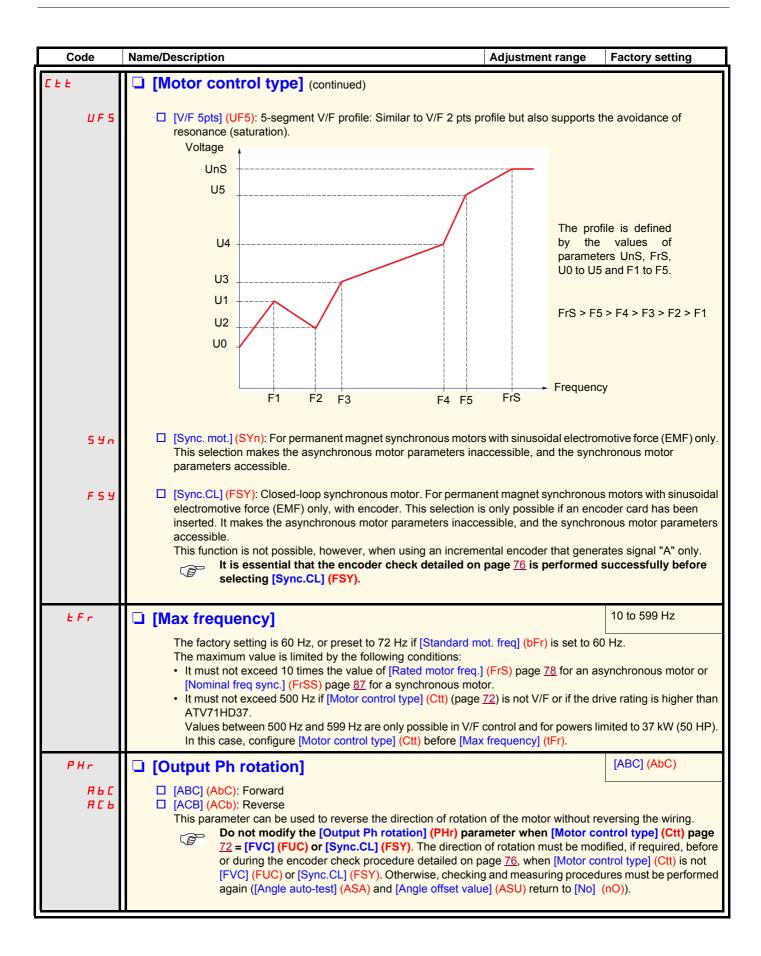


# [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)

The parameters in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present, with the following exceptions:

- [Auto tuning] (tUn) page 93 and [Angle auto-test] (ASA) page 89, which can cause the motor to start up.
  Parameters containing the sign 1 in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
6Fr 50 60	☐ [Standard mot. freq] ☐ [50Hz IEC] (50): IEC ☐ [60Hz NEMA] (60): NEMA  This parameter modifies the presets of the following parameter (Ftd) page 70, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) page 78, [Rated motor page 73.		
CFF	☐ [Motor control type]		[SVC V] (UUC)
иис	□ [SVC V] (UUC): Open-loop voltage flux vector control with automatic slip compensation according to the load. This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATV58. It supports operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the same drive (if the motors are identical).		
сис	□ [SVC I] (CUC): Open-loop current flux vector control. This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATV58F used in an open-loop configuration. It does not support operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the same drive.		
FUC	□ [FVC] (FUC): Closed-loop current flux vector control for motor with encoder. This selection is only possible if an encoder card has been inserted. This function is not possible, however, when using an incremental encoder that generates signal "A" only.  This type of control is recommended when replacing an ATV58F used in a closed-loop configuration. It provides better performance in terms of speed and torque accuracy and enables torque to be obtained at zero speed. It does not support operation with a number of motors connected in parallel on the same drive.  It is essential that the encoder check detailed on page 76 is performed successfully before selecting [FVC] (FUC).		
UF≥	selecting [FVC] (FUC).  [V/F 2pts] (UF2): Simple V/F profile without slip compensation. It supports operation with:  - Special motors (wound rotor, tapered rotor, etc.)  - A number of motors in parallel on the same drive  - High-speed motors  - Motors with a low power rating in comparison to that of the drive  Voltage  UnS  The profile is defined by the values of parameters UnS, FrS and U0.  Frequency  Frequency		

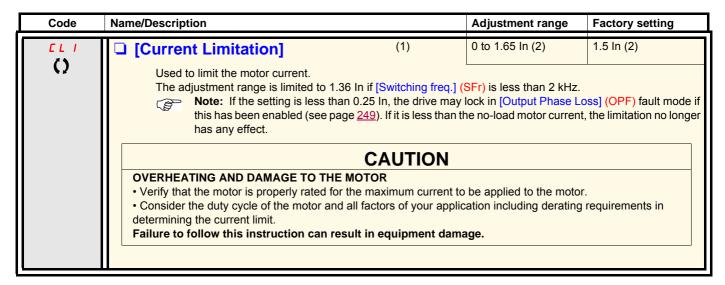


Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
OF I	☐ [Sinus filter]			[No] (nO)
n □ 4 € 5	□ [No] (nO): No sinus filter □ [Yes] (YES): Use of a sinus filter, to limit overvoltages on the motor and reduce the ground fault leakage current. [Sinus filter] (OFI) is forced to [No] (nO) on ATV71●037M3 and ATV71●075N4.  Note: The settings for [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page 63 must be made once [Sinus filter] (OFI) has been set to [Yes] (YES) and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 has been set to [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5). This is due to the fact that for certain ratings, this configuration will result in a reduced factory setting (1.36 In) for current limitations.			
	CA	UTION		
	If [Sinus filter] (OFI) = [Yes] (YES):  • [Max frequency] (tFr) page 43 must not exceed 100 Hz.  • Up to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV71•••N4 [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 must be [V/F 2pts] (UF2), [V/F 5pts] (UF5), or [SVC V] (UUC) only.  • At and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71•••M3X and 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71•••N4 [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 must be [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) only.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
5 F r	☐ [Switching freq.]	(1)	According to rating	According to rating
•	Switching frequency setting.  Adjustment range: This can vary between 1 and 16 kHz, but the minimum and maximum values, as well as the factory setting, can be limited in accordance with the type of drive (ATV71H or W), the rating and the configuration of the [Sinus filter] (OFI) and [Motor surge limit.] (SUL) parameters, page 102.  If [Sinus filter] (OFI)= [YES] (YES) and if the caliber is 690 V, the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is 2.5 kHz otherwise the minimum [Switching freq.] (SFr) value is 4.0 kHz.  If the value is less than 2 kHz, [Current Limitation] (CLI) and [I Limit. 2 value] (CL2) page 63 are limited to 1.36 ln.  Adjustment with drive running:  - If the initial value is less than 2 kHz, it is not possible to increase it above 1.9 kHz while running.  - If the initial value is greater than or equal to 2 kHz, a minimum of 2 kHz must be maintained while running. Adjustment with the drive stopped: No restrictions.  Note: In the event of excessive temperature rise, the drive will automatically reduce the switching frequency and reset it once the temperature returns to normal.  Note: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) we do not recommend setting the switching frequency to a value less than 2 kHz as this can cause speed instability.			
	On ATV71•075N4 to U40N4 drives, if the RFI filters are disconnected (operation on an IT system), the drive's switching frequency must not exceed 4 kHz.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			rstem), the drive's

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped



- (1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

### Selecting the encoder

Follow the recommendations in the catalog and the Installation Manual.



**Note 1:** When an encoder is used with a VW3 A3 408 or VW3 A3 409 card, it is only possible to configure the "encoder" input for speed feedback. Functions can only be configured as references or inputs with a VW3 A3 401 to 407 and VW3 A3 411 card. **Note 2:** When an encoder is used with a VW3 A3 409 card, the drive remains locked in stop mode (and displays nSt) if the encoder is not fully configured.

### **Encoder check procedure**

This procedure applies to all types of encoder.

- 1. Configure the parameters of the encoder used, pages 120 to 123.
- 2. Set [Motor control type] (Ctt) to a value other than [FVC] (FUC) and [Sync.CL] (FSY), even if it is the required configuration. For example, use [SVC V] (UUC) for an asynchronous motor and [Sync. mot.] (SYn) for a synchronous motor.
- 3. Configure the motor parameters in accordance with the specifications on the rating plate.
  - Asynchronous motor (see page <u>78</u>): [Rated motor power] (nPr), [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated motor speed] (nSP).
  - Synchronous motor (see page <u>87</u>): [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS), [IAutotune L q-axis] (LqS), [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS). [Current Limitation] (CLI) must not exceed the maximum motor current, otherwise demagnetization may occur.
- 4. Set [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [No] (nO).
- 5. Perform auto-tuning.
- 6. Set [Encoder check] (EnC) = [Yes] (YES).
- 7. Check that the rotation of the motor is safe.
- 8. Set the motor rotating at stabilized speed ≈ 15% of the rated speed for at least 3 seconds, and use the [1.2-MONITORING] (SUP-) menu to monitor its behavior.
- 9. If it trips on an [Encoder fault] (EnF), [Encoder check] (EnC) returns to [No] (nO).
  - Check the parameter settings and perform auto-tuning again (see steps 1 to 5 above).
  - Check that the mechanical and electrical operation of the encoder, its power supply and connections are all OK.
  - Reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter page 73) or the encoder signals.
- 10. Repeat the operations from step 6 onwards until [Encoder check] (EnC) changes to [Done] (dOnE).
- **11.** If necessary, change [Motor control type] (Ctt) to [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY). In the case of [Sync.CL] (FSY), go on to perform the "Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder" page <u>88</u>.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
En5-	[ENCODER FEEDBACK]  Can only be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted.	i.	
EnC	☐ [Encoder check]		[Not done] (nO)
40 n E 4 E S	Check encoder feedback. See procedure on previous page. This parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has bee  [Not done] (nO): Check not performed.  [Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder.  [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully.  The check procedure checks:  - The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor  - The presence of signals (wiring continuity)  - The number of pulses/revolution  If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF) in		
EnU	□ [Encoder usage]		[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G	This parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has bee   [No] (nO): Function inactive.  [Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedback  [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedback for automatic if the drive is configured for closed-loop operation  [Sync.CL] (FSY). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC) and enables static correction of the speed to be performed. The control type] (Ctt) years.	for monitoring only. or regulation and monitori  ([Motor control type] (Ctt) ) the encoder operates in	= [FVC] (FUC) or speed feedback mode
PGr	control type] (Ctt) values.  ☐ [Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference. Can or	nly be selected with an ind	cremental encoder card.

<sup>(1)</sup> The encoder parameters can only be accessed if the encoder card has been inserted, and the available selections will depend on the type of encoder card used. The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.5 - INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I/O) menu.

#### **Asynchronous motor parameters:**

These parameters can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>72</u> = [SVC V] (UUC), [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC), [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5). In this case, the synchronous motor parameters cannot be accessed.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range
A S Y -	[ASYNC. MOTOR]  Can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [SVC V] (UUC), [SVC I] [V/F 2pts] (UF2), or [V/F 5pts] (UF5).	(CUC), [FVC] (FUC),
n P r	□ [Rated motor power]	Acc. to drive rating
	Rated motor power given on the nameplate, in kW if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [50H [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) = [60Hz NEMA] (60).	Hz IEC] (50), in HP if
U n 5	□ [Rated motor volt.]	Acc. to drive rating
	Rated motor voltage given on the nameplate. ATV71●●●M3X: 100 to 240 V, ATV71●●●N4: 200 to 480 V, ATV71●●●S6X: 400 to 600	
n E r	□ [Rated mot. current]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)
	Rated motor current given on the nameplate.	
F r 5	☐ [Rated motor freq.]	10 to 599 Hz
	Rated motor frequency given on the nameplate.  The factory setting is 50 Hz, or preset to 60 Hz if [Standard mot. freq] (bFr) is set to 6 The maximum value is limited to 500 Hz if [Motor control type] (Ctt) (page 72) is not V/ higher than ATV71HD37.  Values between 500 Hz and 599 Hz are only possible in V/F control and for powers lin In this case, configure [Motor control type] (Ctt) before [Rated motor freq.] (FrS).	F or if the drive rating is
In SP	☐ [rpm increment]	
 	Increment of parameter [Rated motor speed] (nSP).  □ [x1 rpm] (1): Increment of 1 rpm, to be used if [Rated motor speed] (nSP) does not exceed 65535 rpm.  □ [x10 rpm] (10): Increment of 10 rpm, to be used if [Rated motor speed] (nSP) exceeds 65535 rpm.	
	Note: Changing [rpm increment] (InSP) will restore [Rated motor speed] (nSP)	) to its factory setting.
n 5 P	☐ [Rated motor speed]	0 to 96000 rpm
	Rated motor speed given on the nameplate. Adjustable between 0 and 65535 rpm if [x1 rpm] (1) or between 0.00 and 96.00 krpm if [rpm increment] (InSP) = [x10 rpm] (10 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 65.53 or 96.00 krpm on the integrated display terminal. If, rather than the rated speed, the nameplate indicates the synchronous speed and to calculate the rated speed as follows:  • Rated speed = Synchronous speed x	0).

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 5 Y -	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)		
E U n	☐ [Auto tuning]		[No] (nO)
	A A DANGE	₹	
	HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH		
	<ul> <li>During auto-tuning, the motor operates at rated current.</li> <li>Do not service the motor during auto-tuning.</li> </ul>		
	Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serio	us injury.	
	▲ WARNING	<b>;</b>	
	LOSS OF CONTROL  It is essential that the following parameters [Rated moto [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP) and [Rated before starting auto-tuning for asynchronous motor.	ed motor power] (nPr) are o	correctly configured
	<ul> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Nominal I sync] (nCr (PPnS) and [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) are correctly configure motor. [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) sh to [ALL] (ALL) (see page 86).</li> </ul>	d before starting auto-tunir all be configured if [Tune ty	ng for synchronous pe] (tUnt) is not set
	When one or more of these parameters have been changed after auto-tuning has been performed, [Auto tuning] (tUn) will return [No] (nO) and the procedure will have to be repeated.		
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serio	ous injury.	
n 0 4 E 5	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automatically changes</li> </ul>		
d O n E	to [Done] (dOnE).  [Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed.  Note:		
	<ul> <li>Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewheel stop" or "fast stop" function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be inactive.</li> </ul>		
	<ul> <li>Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing com auto-tuning sequence.</li> </ul>	mands, which will be taken	into account after the
	<ul> <li>If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, dependent of the control of</li></ul>	ode.	
	<ul> <li>Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrup "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".</li> </ul>	it the process. Wait for the	display to change to
υп	□ [U0]	0 to 800 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Mo [V/F 5pts] (UF5)		2pts] (UF2) or
ШТ	□ [U1]	0 to 800 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Mo	otor control type] (Ctt) = [V/f	5pts] (UF5)
FI	□ [F1]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Mo	otor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A S Y -	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)		
υг	□ [U2]	0 to 800 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 2	□ [F2]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
и э	□ [U3]	0 to 800 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 3	□ [F3]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
υч	□ [U4]	0 to 800 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
FЧ	□ [F4]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
И 5	□ [U5]	0 to 800 or 1000 V according to rating	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)
F 5	□ [F5]	0 to 599 Hz	0
	V/F profile setting. This parameter can be accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) = [V/F	5pts] (UF5)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A S Y -	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)		
ис г	□ [Vector Control 2pt]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive.</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Function active.</li> <li>Used in applications in which the motor rated speed and frequency need to be exceeded in order to optimize operation at constant power, or when the maximum voltage of the motor needs to be limited to a value below the line voltage.</li> <li>The voltage/frequency profile must then be adapted in accordance with the motor's capabilities to operate at maximum voltage UCP and maximum frequency FCP.</li> </ul>		
	Motor voltage  Max. voltage UCP		
	Rated motor volt. UnS		
		Frequency	
	Rated motor freq. FrS	Freq. Const Power FCP	,
UCP	□ [V. constant power]	According to drive rating	According to drive rating and [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	This parameter can be accessed if [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2)		
FCP	☐ [Freq. Const Power]	According to drive rating and [Rated motor freq.] (FrS)	= [Standard mot. freq] (bFr)
	This parameter can be accessed if [Vector Control 2pt] (UC2)	= [Yes] (YES)	
5 L P	☐ [Slip compensation] (1)	0 to 300%	100%
O	This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) is not [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5).  Adjusts the slip compensation around the value set by the rated motor speed.  The speeds given on motor nameplates are not necessarily exact.  If slip setting < actual slip: The motor is not rotating at the correct speed in steady state, but at a speed lower than the reference.  If slip setting > actual slip: The motor is overcompensated and the speed is unstable.		

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

#### Asynchronous motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

These include:

- · Special parameters.
- Parameters calculated by the drive during auto-tuning, in read-only mode. For example, R1r, calculated cold stator resistance.
- The possibility of replacing some of these calculated parameters with other values, if necessary. For example, R1w, measured cold stator resistance.

When a parameter Xyw is modified by the user, the drive uses it in place of the calculated parameter Xyr.

If auto-tuning is performed or if one of the motor parameters on which auto-tuning depends is modified ([Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP), [Rated motor power] (nPr)), parameters Xyw return to their factory setting.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
A S Y -	[ASYNC. MOTOR] (continued)
r 5 N	[Stator R measured]  Cold stator resistance, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode. Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP).
ΙНП	[ldr]  Magnetizing current in A, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
LFΠ	[Lfr]  Leakage inductance in mH, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
ЕгП	[T2r]  Rotor time constant in mS, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
n 5 L	Nominal motor slip]  Nominal slip in Hz, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.  To modify the nominal slip, modify the [Rated motor speed] (nSP) (page <u>78</u> ).
PPn	[Poles pair number]  Number of pairs of poles, calculated by the drive, in read-only mode.
r 5 A	Cold state stator resistance (per winding), modifiable value. In milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).
IdA	[ldw]  Magnetizing current in A, modifiable value.
LFA	Leakage inductance in mH, modifiable value.
ErA	Cust. rotor t const.]  Rotor time constant in mS, modifiable value.

#### Synchronous motor parameters

These parameters can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>72</u> is set to [Sync. mot.] (SYn). In this case, the asynchronous motor parameters cannot be accessed. The motor should be cold during this procedure.

Once the drive is chosen:

#### 1- Enter the motor nameplate.

- Configure [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS) and [Motor torque] (tqS).
   Note: Do not use [Current limit 2] (LC2) to do the [Auto tuning] (tUn), use [Current Limitation] (CLI).
- Adjust [Current Limitation] (CLI) in function of the maximum motor current.
- Set [Tune type] (tUnt) to [ALL] (ALL): Cold stator resistance, d- and q- axis stator self inductance are measured during this autotuning.

#### 2 - Perform the tune.

- Do an [Auto tuning] (tUn), see page <u>85</u>.
- Note the [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) values.
- · Check the value of the synchronous motor saliency:

If saliency is < 25% follow the procedure below "4 - Adjust PHS" without going throught step 3
If saliency is ≥ 25% follow the procedure below "3 - Improve the tune result" and "4 - Adjust PHS

#### 3 - Improve the tune results.

#### **CAUTION**

#### OVERHEATING AND DAMAGE TO THE MOTOR

- Verify that the motor is properly rated for the maximum current to be applied to the motor.
- Consider the duty cycle of the motor and all factors of your application including derating requirements in determining the current limit. Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.
- Set [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) conforming to the maximum motor current. The maximum value of [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) is limited by [Current Limitation] (CLI). Without information set [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) to [Auto] (AUtO) (see page 86).
- Do a second [Auto tuning] (tUn) after the [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) modification.

#### 4 - Adjust PHS.

Adjust [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) to have optimal behavior (See page 84)

- Start the motor at minimal stable frequency available on the machine (without load).
- Check and note the [% error EMF sync] (rdAE) value (See page 87).
  - If the [% error EMF sync] (rdAE) value is lower to 0%, then [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) can be increased.
  - If the [% error EMF sync] (rdAE) value is upper to 0%, then [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) can be reduced.

[% error EMF sync] (rdAE) value should be closed to 0%.

• Stop the motor for modify [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) in accordance with the value of the [% error EMF sync] (rdAE) (previously noted).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 y n -	[SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR]  Can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Syr	ac.CL] (FSY) or [Sync	c. mot.] (SYn).
n C r S	☐ [Nominal I sync.]	0.25 to 1.5 ln (1)	Acc. to drive rating
	Rated synchronous motor current given on the nameplate.		
n 5 P 5	☐ [Nom motor spdsync]	0 to 60000 rpm	Acc. to drive rating
	Rated synchronous motor speed given on the nameplate. On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 rpm then 10.00 to 60.00	krpm.	
PPn5	☐ [Pole pairs]	1 to 50	Acc. to drive rating
	Number of pairs of poles on the synchronous motor.		
£ 95	☐ [Motor torque]	1 to 65,535 Nm	Acc. to drive rating
	Rated motor toque given on the nameplate.		
IPH5	☐ [Increment EMF]		[0.1mV/rpm] (0.1)
0. I	Increment for the [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) parameter.  □ [0.1mV/rpm] (0.1): 0.1 mV per rpm  □ [1 mV/rpm] (1): 1mV per rpm		
P H 5	☐ [Syn. EMF constant]	0 to 65535	Acc. to drive rating
	Synchronous motor EMF constant, in 0.1 mV per rpm or 1 mV per rpm (peak voltage per phase), according to the value of [Increment EMF] (IPHS).  On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).		per phase), according
L d 5	☐ [Autotune L d-axis]	0 to 655.3	Acc. to drive rating
	Axis "d" stator inductance in mH (per phase).  This parameter is overwritten with the value measured during auto-tuning operation if [Tune Type] (tUnt) is set to [ALL] (ALL) (see page 86).  On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) = Stator inductance L.		
L 95	☐ [Autotune L q-axis]	0 to 655.3	Acc. to drive rating
	Axis "q" stator inductance in mH (per phase).  This parameter is overwritten with the value measured during auto-tuning operation if [Tune Type] (tUnt) is set to [ALL] (ALL) (see page 86).  On motors with smooth poles [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) = [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) = Stator inductance L.		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 y n -	[SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR]  Can only be accessed if [Motor control type]	(Ctt) page <u>72</u> = [Sync.CL] (FSY)	or [Sync. mot.] (SYn).
E U n	☐ [Auto tuning]		[No] (nO)
	A DANGER  HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH  • During auto-tuning, the motor operates at rated current.  • Do not service the motor during auto-tuning.  Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.		
	<b>▲</b> W	ARNING	
	LOSS OF CONTROL  • It is essential that the following parameters [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP) and [Rated motor power] (nPr) are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning for asynchronous motor.  • It is essential that the following parameters [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS) and [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning for synchronous motor. [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) shall be configured if [Tune type] (tUnt) is not set to [ALL] (ALL) (see page 86).  • When one or more of these parameters have been changed after auto-tuning has been performed, [Auto tuning] (tUn) will return [No] (nO) and the procedure will have to be repeated.		spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole starting auto-tuning for configured if [Tune type]
n 0 4 E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automatically changes to [Done] (dOnE).</li> <li>[Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed.</li> <li>Note:</li> <li>Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewheel stop" or "fast stop function has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be inactive.</li> <li>Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be taken into account after the auto-tuning sequence.</li> <li>If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configuration of [Autotune fault mg(tnL) page 263, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode.</li> <li>Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the display to change to "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".</li> </ul>		pewheel stop" or "fast stop" e taken into account after ation of [Autotune fault mgt]
r 5 A S	Cold state stator R syn]  Cold state stator resistance (per winding) The factory setting is replaced by the result of the auto-tunit operation, if it has been performed.  The value can be entered by the user, if he knows it.  Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP).  On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).		e result of the auto-tuning nΩ/100) above 75 kW (100

Code	Name/Description		
5 y n -	[SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR] (continued)		
r E 9P	☐ [Read motor param.]	[No] (nO)	
n 0 4 E S d O n E	This parameter can only be used with BDH, BRH and BSH type motors from the Schneider- Electric range.  Can only be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) page 122 = [Hiperface] (SCHP).  Request to load motor parameters from the encoder EEPROM memory.  [No] (nO): Loading not performed or has failed.  [Yes] (YES): Loading is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter automatically changes to [Done] (dOnE).  [Done] (dOnE):  [Done] (dOnE): Loading done.  The following parameters are loaded: [Angle offset value] (ASU) page 90, [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS) page 84, [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS) page 84, [Pole pairs] (PPnS) page 84, [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) page 84, [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) page 85, [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) page 84, and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) page 84.  Note:  During loading the drive is in "Freewheel Stop" state with the motor turned off.  If a "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured, the contactor closes during loading.		
rEEP	☐ [Status motor param]	[Not done] (tAb)	
E A B P r O G F A I L d O n E C U S	Can only be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) page 122 = [Hiperface] (SCHP).  Information on the request to load motor parameters from the encoder EEPROM memory (not modifiable).  [Not done] (tAb): Loading has not been performed, default motor parameters will be used.  [In Progress] (PrOG): Loading in progress.  [Failed] (FAIL): Loading has failed.  [Done] (dOnE): Loading completed successfully.  [Customized] (CUS): Loading completed successfully but one or more motor parameters have subsequently been modified by the user via the display terminal or serial link, or auto-tuning has been performed by [Auto-tuning] (tUn).		
E U n E	☐ [Tune Type]	[rS] (rS)	
r S ALL	This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) up to 45 kW (60HP) for ATV71●●●M3X and 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV71●●●N4.  Define the motor parameters that will be measured during auto-tuning operation.  [rS] (rS): Only cold stator resistance is measured during the auto-tuning operation.  [ALL] (ALL): Cold stator resistance, d- and q- axis stator self inductance are measured during the auto-tuning operation.		
ПСг	tuning operation.  [Auto] (AUtO) to 300 %  [Auto] (AUtO) to 300 %	[Auto] (AUtO)	
	This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot (FSY).  Parameter not available at and above 90kW (125HP) for ATV71••••Y and ATV7: above 55kW (75 HP) for ATV71••••M3X.  Current level in % of [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS) for [PSI align] (PSI) and [PSIO align] measurement modes.  This parameter has an impact on the inductor measurement. [PSI align curr. max] operation. This current must be equal or higher than the maximum current level of otherwise instability may occur.  If [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) is set to [Auto] (AUtO), [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) = 150 (nCrS) during the tune operation and 100% of [Nominal I sync.] (nCrS) during angle case of standard alignment ([PSI align] (PSI) or [PSIO align] (PSIO)).  Note: The maximum value of [PSI align curr. max] (MCr) is limited by [Current Lirr	(PSIO) angle shift (MCr) is used for tune the application,  0% of [Nominal I sync.] e shift measurement in	

Code	Name/Description		
5 y n -	[SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR] (continued)		
rdAE	☐ [% error EMF sync]	-3276.7 to 3276.7 %	-
	Parameter not available at and above 90kW (125HP) for A above 55kW (75 HP) for ATV71●●●M3X.	TV71●●●Y and ATV71	●●●●N4, and at and
	Ratio D-Axis Current Use rdAE to asjust [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), rdAE shou		110)
	If the [% error EMF sync] (rdAE) value is lower to 0%, then If the [% error EMF sync] (rdAE) value is upper to 0%, ther Can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sy	[Syn. EMF constant] (F	PHS), can be reduced.

### Synchronous motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

Code	Name/Description
5 y n -	[SYNCHRONOUS MOTOR] (continued)
Lans	☐ [Measured Ld-axis]  This parameter can be accessed if [Tune Type] (tUnt) is set to [ALL] (ALL).
L9NS	☐ [Measured Lq-axis]  This parameter can be accessed if [Tune Type] (tUnt) is set to [ALL] (ALL).
r 5 N S	[R1rS] Cold state stator resistance (per winding), in read-only mode. This is the drive factory setting or the result of the auto-tuning operation, if it has been performed. Value in milliohms (mΩ) up to 75 kW (100 HP), and in hundredths of milliohms (mΩ/100) above 75 kW (100 HP). On the integrated display unit: 0 to 9999 then 10.00 to 65.53 (10000 to 65536).
Fr 55	[Nominal freq sync.] Motor frequency at rated speed in Hz, calculated by the drive (rated motor frequency), in read-only mode.

### **Closed-loop synchronous motor**

Operation on a synchronous motor in a closed loop configuration requires an encoder providing the exact position of the motor rotor. The phase-shift angle of the encoder in relation to the rotor must therefore be determined. The drive can perform this measurement automatically.

#### Selecting a resolver type encoder



The number of poles on the motor must be a whole multiple of the number of poles on the resolver. For example, a 6-pole resolver will not operate with an 8-pole motor.

To obtain the best resolution, we recommend selecting a resolver with the same number of poles as the motor.

#### Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder

#### Preliminary remarks:

Select the [Angle setting type] (ASt) measuring mode according to the type of machine being driven:

• [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd): Measurement with motion, if the rotation of the motor is free (no load, brake released) and safe. During measurement current flows through the motor, which may cause it to rotate one full revolution.



#### **WARNING**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Check that the rotation of the motor will not cause any dangerous movements.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in death or serious injury.

- [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [With load] (brC): Measurement without motion, motor with or without load, brake engaged or released. This mode is recommended for a lift, for example. You must adhere to the following instructions:
  - The motor rotor must not move during measurement, otherwise the result will be incorrect.
  - In some cases, the measurement current can cause tripping on an [Overcurrent] (OCF) fault; if so, use [W/o load] (nLd) mode.
     This occurs when using low-inductance motors, high-speed motors, or motors in which the rated voltage is well below the supply voltage of the drive.
  - In some cases, the measurement can cause tripping on an [Angle error] (ASF) fault. This occurs if the motor rotor has moved during measurement (only detected in closed-loop mode), a motor phase is disconnected or if the motor inductance is too high, thus limiting the measurement current (in this case, use [W/o load] (nLd) mode).
- [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [Optimised] (brCO): measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released. Optimization of the angle detection time starting from the second detection request, even after a power off of the product.
- 1. First, follow the "Encoder check procedure" on page 76.
- 2. Set [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync.CL] (FSY).
- 3. If you have selected [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd): measurement without motion, check that the motor is running safely and can turn freely without resistive or driving torque. If these conditions are not met, the resulting measurement will be inaccurate.
- 4. Set [Angle auto-test] (ASA) = [Yes] (YES). The measurement is performed and [Angle auto-test] (ASA) changes to [Done] (dOnE). The [Angle offset value] (ASU) parameter changes from [No] (nO) to a numerical value proportional to the electrical angle measured (8191 = 360°).
- 5. If required, configure automatic measurements using [Angle setting activ.] (AtA). If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd), ensure that the safety conditions outlined earlier are met at all times.

  If using a relative encoder (incremental or SinCos), it is recommended that you set [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUtO).
- 6. If an [Angle error] (ASF) fault occurs, [Angle auto-test] (ASA) returns to [No] (nO).
  - Check that the parameters and instructions relating to this procedure have been carried out correctly and perform the measurement again.

#### Comments

The phase-shift angle must be re-measured each time:

- · The motor is changed
- The encoder is changed
- The coupling between the motor and encoder is removed
- The [Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter is modified
- The [Coder rotation inv.] (EnRI) parameter is modified

If a relative encoder (incremental or SinCos) is used, measurement must be repeated each time the motor is turned off/on. It is therefore recommended that you set [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUtO).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range						
A 5 A -	[ANGLE TEST SETTING]  Can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync.CL] (FSY)							
A S E	☐ [Angle setting type]	[With load] (brC)						
6r[ nLd 6r[0	Mode for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder.  ☐ [With load] (brC): Measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released.  ☐ [W/o load] (nLd): Measurement with motion, only for free motors (brake released), without load.  ☐ [Optimised] (brCO): Measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released.  ☐ Optimization of the angle detection time starting from the second detection request, even after a power off of the product.							
	Note 1: If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd), [Measured Ld-axis] (LdN (LqMS) then [Angle auto-test] (ASA) will not be executed.  Note 2: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) the (ASt) = [Optimised] (brCO)							
A S A	☐ [Angle auto-test]	[No] (nO)						
n 0 Y E S d O n E	Measurement of the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder.  [No] (nO): Measurement not performed or has failed, or [Output Ph rotation] (PHr) has [Coder rotation inv.] (EnRI) parameter has been modified.  [Yes] (YES): Measurement is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter auto [Done] (dOnE).  [Done] (dOnE): Use of the value given the last time the measurement was performed. Important:  It is essential that all the motor parameters are configured correctly before performin - [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Current Limitation] (CLI), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS), [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS), [IAutotune L q-axis] (LqS), (rSAS).  Measurement is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "freewlfunction has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active at 0).  Measurement takes priority over any run commands, which will be taken into account sequence.  If measurement fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and changes to [Angle Error] (ASI) Measurement may take several seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for the "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".	matically changes to  ing measurements: [Pole pairs.] (PPnS), [Cust. stator R syn]  neel stop" or "fast stop"  after the measurement  f) fault mode. display to change to						
A S L	☐ [Angle auto test]	[No] (nO)						
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	Measurement of the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder by means command bit.  [No] (nO): Not assigned  [L11] (L11)  :  :  [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.  Measurement is performed when the assigned bit or input changes to 1.  Note: If a "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured, during measurement.							

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range
A 5 A -	[ANGLE TEST SETTING] (continued)	
A L A	☐ [Angle setting activ.]	[No] (nO)
ი O P O n Я U Ł O	Activation of automatic measurement of the phase-shift angle between the motor and relative encoder (incremental or SinCos).  [No] (nO): Function inactive.  [Power On] (POn): Measurement is performed on each power-up (1).  [Run order] (AUtO): Measurement is performed on each run command if necessary, i.e. offset value] (ASU) is set to [No] (nO).  This option is recommended for use with a VW3 A3 401 to 407 card or with VW3 A3 4 contactor" function has been configured (loss of angle on each stop) (1).  If [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUtO), it is advisable to (ASt) = [With load] (brC).  Note1: If a "line contactor" or "output contactor" function has been configured during measurement.  Note2: At each multi-motor configuration switching, the drive performs an auto the phase-shift angle at next run order.	e., if parameter [Angle 11 card, when the "line set [Angle setting type] the contactor closes
A S U	☐ [Angle offset value]	[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder.  □ [No] (nO): Measurement has not been performed or has failed, or [Output Ph rotation] (Four measurement has been lost due to powering down (1).  □ 0 to 8191: Phase-shift angle. 8191 corresponds to 360°.	PHr) has been modified,
A S E S	☐ [Angle setting status]	[Not done] (tAb)
E A B P E n d P r O G F A I L d O n E C U S	Information on the phase-shift angle measurement between the motor and the encode  [Not done] (tAb): Phase-shift angle not defined.  [Pending] (PEnd): Measurement requested but not yet performed.  [In Progress] (PrOG): Measurement in progress.  [Failed] (FAIL): Measurement failed.  [Done] (dOnE): Measurement performed successfully.  [Customized] (CUS): The phase-shift angle value has been entered by the user via the d link.	

(1) Powering down causes a loss of measurement data in the following cases:

- · With a VW3 A3 401 to 407 card:
  - Every time the power section is turned off, even if the drive control section has a separate power supply (for example, if the "line contactor" function has been configured).
- With a VW3 A3 409 card and a SinCos encoder:
  - Every time the power section is turned off, if the drive control section does not have a separate power supply.
  - Only when the drive control section is turned off (if it has a separate power supply via the 0 and P24 terminals).
  - If the number of poles of the resolver is not a multiple of the number of poles of the motor.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting					
FL I-	■ [FLUXING BY LI]							
	Cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>72</u> = [Sync.CL] (FSY).							
FLU ()	☐ [Motor fluxing]	(1)	[No] (FnO)					
FnC FCE	[Continuous] (FCt): Continuous mode. This option is not possible if [Angle setting type] (ASt) page [With load] (brC) or if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page 164 is [Yes] (YES) or if [Type of stop] (Stt) pais [Freewheel] (nSt).							
	The flux current is greater than nCr (configured adjusted to the motor magnetizing current.  Check that the motor will withstand this current failure to follow this instruction can reserve the configuration of the confi	CAUTION  rrent without overheating.	restablished and is then					
	If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. n active ([No] (FnO) is not permitted); this para to the configuration of [Angle setting type] (AS If [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 181 is not [No. 18]	meter causes rotor angle detection of the page 92 and not fluxing.	or alignment (according					
FLI	☐ [Fluxing assignment]		[No] (nO)					
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive							
L I I - - -	☐ [LI1] (LI1)  : :  ☐ [] (): See the assignment conditions on part [] (): See the assignment conditions on part [] (): See the assignment conditions on part [] (]  Assignment is only possible if [Motor fluxing] (]  - If an LI or a bit is assigned to the motor fluxing is at 1.  - If an LI or a bit has not been assigned, or fluxing occurs when the motor starts.	FLU) = [Not cont.] (FnC): xing command, flux is built up when t						

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting					
FL I-	FLUXING BY LI] (continued)							
A S Ł	☐ [Angle setting type]		[With load] (brC)					
	Rotor angle alignment or detection mode can be accessed [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). Mode for measuring the phase-shift angle between the model of the control							
ЬгС	[With load] (brC): Detection of angle without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released.							
n L d b r C O	<ul> <li>[W/o load] (nLd): Alignment with motion, only for free motors (brake released), without load.</li> <li>[Optimised] (brCO): Measurement without motion, possible with or without load, brake engaged or released.</li> </ul>							
	Optimization of the angle detection time starting from the sof the product.  Note 1: If [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (recommendation of the product) during measurement.	Ld), the motor may rota	ate one full revolution					
	Nota 2: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [Sync. mot.] type] (ASt) = [Optimised] (brCO)	(SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FS	Y) then [Angle setting					

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range			
EUn-	■ [AUTOMATIC TUNE]				
ЕUn	☐ [Auto tuning]	[No] (nO)			
	A A DANGER  HAZARD OF ELECTRIC SHOCK OR ARC FLASH  • During auto-tuning, the motor operates at rated current.  • Do not service the motor during auto-tuning.  Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.				
	▲ WARNING				
	<ul> <li>LOSS OF CONTROL</li> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Rated motor volt.] (UnS), [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), [Rated mot. current] (nCr), [Rated motor speed] (nSP) and [Rated motor power] (nPr) are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning for asynchronous motor.</li> <li>It is essential that the following parameters [Nominal I sync] (nCrS), [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS), [Pole pairs.] (PPnS) and [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) are correctly configured before starting auto-tuning for synchronous motor. [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) and [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) shall be configured if [Tune type] (tUnt) is not set to [ALL] (ALL) (see page 86).</li> <li>When one or more of these parameters have been changed after auto-tuning has been performed, [Auto tuning] (tUn) will return [No] (nO) and the procedure will have to be repeated.</li> </ul>				
	Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.				
n 0 9 E S d O n E	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Auto-tuning not performed.</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed as soon as possible, then the parameter auto (dOnE).</li> <li>[Done] (dOnE): Use of the values given the last time auto-tuning was performed.</li> </ul>				
	<ul> <li>note:</li> <li>Auto-tuning is only performed if no stop command has been activated. If a "frunction has been assigned to a logic input, this input must be set to 1 (active).</li> <li>Auto-tuning takes priority over any run or prefluxing commands, which will be auto-tuning sequence.</li> <li>If auto-tuning fails, the drive displays [No] (nO) and, depending on the configur (tnL) page 263, may switch to [Auto-tuning] (tnF) fault mode.</li> <li>Auto-tuning may last for 1 to 2 seconds. Do not interrupt the process. Wait for "[Done] (dOnE)" or "[No] (nO)".</li> </ul>	at 0). taken into account after the ration of [Autotune fault mgt]			
AUF	☐ [Automatic autotune]	[No] (nO)			
n 0 4 E 5	<ul><li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive.</li><li>□ [Yes] (YES): Auto-tuning is performed on every power-up.</li></ul>				
F U L	☐ [Auto-tune assign.]				
n 0 L 1 1 -	Assignment of auto-tuning to a logic input or control bit.  □ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) :				
-	<ul> <li>[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.</li> <li>Auto-tuning is performed when the assigned bit or input changes to 1.</li> </ul>				

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range						
EUn-	[AUTOMATIC TUNE] (continued)							
<i>E U</i> 5	☐ [Auto tuning state]	[Not done] (tAb)						
E A B P E n d P r O G F A I L d O n E C U S	For information only, cannot be modified.  [Not done] (tAb): The default stator resistance value is used to control the motor.  [Pending] (PEnd): Auto-tuning has been requested but not yet performed.  [In Progress] (PrOG): Auto-tuning in progress.  [Failed] (FAIL): Auto-tuning has failed.  [Done] (dOnE): The stator resistance measured by the auto-tuning function is used to control the motor.  [Customized] (CUS): Auto-tuning has been performed, but at least one parameter set by this auto-tuning operation has subsequently been modified. The [Auto tuning] (tUn) parameter then returns to [No] (nO). The following auto-tuning parameters are affected:  • [Cust stator resist.] (rSA), [Idw] (IdA), [Lfw] (LFA) and [Cust. rotor t const.] (trA) page 82 for asynchronous motors  • [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) page 85 for synchronous motors.							
E U n E	☐ [Tune type]	[rS] (rS)						
r S ALL	Define the motor parameters that will be measured during auto-tuning operation.  This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (up to 45 kW (60 HP) for ATV71●●●M3X and 75 kW (100 HP) for ATV71●●●N4.  [rS] (rS): Only cold stator resistance is measured during the auto-tuning operation.  [ALL] (ALL): Cold stator resistance, d- and q- axis stator self inductance are measure operation.							

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting					
55L-	[SPEED LOOP]  Cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5).								
5 5 L	☐ [Speed loop type]			[Standard] (Std)					
5	Selection of speed loop type  ☐ [Standard] (Std): Standard speed loop ☐ [High perfor.] (HPF): High-performance speed [No] (nO) (see page 161)	loop. We a	advise to deactivate [Dec ra	mp adapt.] (brA) =					
5 <i>P G</i>	☐ [Speed prop. gain]	(1)	0 to 1000%	40%					
O	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loo Speed loop proportional gain.	p type] (SS	SL) = [Standard] (Std).						
5 / E	☐ [Speed time integral]	(1)	1 to 1000%	100%					
O	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loo Speed loop integral time constant.	p type] (SS	SL) = [Standard] (Std).	, I					
5 F C	☐ [K speed loop filter]	(1)	0 to 100	0					
()	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loo Speed loop filter coefficient.	p type] (SS	SL) = [Standard] (Std).						
JUUL	☐ [Inertia Mult. Coef.]								
	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loo Increment for [Application Inertia] (JAPL) and in read-only mode:  - 0.1 gm², 1 gm², 10 gm², 100 gm², 1000 gm²	Estim. app		, calculated by the drive,					
JE5E	☐ [Estim. app. inertia]		1 to 9999	-					
	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = [High perfor.] (HPF).  The inertia being driven is estimated by the drive according to the motor parameters, in read-only mode. Speed loop default settings are determined by the drive from this inertia.  Increment given by [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL):  - 0.1 gm², 1 gm², 10 gm², 100 gm² or 1000 gm²								
JACO	☐ [App. Inertia Coef.]		0.10 to 100	-					
	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loo Coefficient which fix the ratio between [Estim. 7]. The default value is equal to 1 or 30 if [Macro type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sy [Application Inertia] (JAPL) = [Estim. app. inertial]	app. inertia configuration nc.CL] (FS	a] (JESt) and [Application Incom] (CFG) page <u>42</u> = [Lift] (LY).	LIFt) and [Motor control					

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. Advice on setting the parameters in this menu can be found on pages 58 to 60.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting						
55L -	■ [SPEED LOOP] (continued)								
JAPL	☐ [Application Inertia]	1 to 9999	-						
	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (S The value of the actual inertia being driven must be the drive to optimize speed loop settings, thus achieving been entered).  [Application Inertia] (JAPL) = [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt). (JACO) = 1 or 30 if [Macro configuration] (CFG) page 42 [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).  Increment given by [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL):  • 0.1 gm², 1 gm², 10 gm², 100 gm² or 1000 gm²  Note: If a motor parameter is modified, the estim [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) and [Inertia Mult. Coef to its default value according to the new value of  UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION  • If an incorrect value is entered in the [Applicatio instability and loss of motor control, which could applications, for example). The inertia may vary general, it is very high for lifts. As such, the defa • It is essential to determine and enter the exact in  Failure to follow these instructions will result in defa	entered in this parameter. The the best results (provided the the best results (provided the the parameter) (JACO), and [Motor continuated inertia is recalculated and [Jumulated inertia is recalculated in inertia is recalculated and [Jumulated inertia is recalculated inertia is recalculated and [Jumulated inertia is recalculated inertia is recalculated and [Jumulated inertia is recalculated inertia is recalculated inertia is recalculated and [Jumulated inertia is recalculated inertia is recalc	with [App. Inertia Coef.] trol type] (Ctt) page 72 = and updated (parameters of Japan) (JAPL) is also returned can cause speed sisting and lift application; in correct operation.						
5 <i>E F</i> l	☐ [Fr.Loop.Stab] (1)	0 to 100%	20%						
O	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (S Stability: Used to adapt the return to steady state after a machine. Gradually increase the stability to increase contact the stability of the stability to increase contact the stability of the stability to increase contact the stability of	speed transient, according to	•						
F L G	☐ [FreqLoopGain] (1)	0 to 100%	6%						
()	Frequency loop gain: Used to adapt the response of the For machines with hight resistive torque, high inercia of [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) is set to 20% when [Motor contro (FSY).	fast cycles, increase the gain	gradually.						

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. Advice on setting the parameters in this menu can be found on pages 58 to 60.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

#### Parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting						
55L-	■ [SPEED LOOP] (continued)								
FFP	☐ [Feed forward]	0 to 200%	100%						
O	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = [High perfor.] (HPF).  Percentage of the high-performance regulator feedforward term. 100% corresponds to the term calculated using the value of [Application Inertia] (JAPL) page 96.								
FFU	☐ [Bandwidth feedfor.]	20 to 500%	100%						
()	This parameter can be accessed if [Speed loop type] (SSL) = Bandwidth of the high-performance speed loop feedforward to		he predefined value.						



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

### Recommended procedure for setting the high-performance speed loop

- 1. Enter the motor parameters. If you subsequently modify one of these, you will have to perform this whole procedure again.
- The value of the actual inertia being driven must be entered in the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page 96.
   Note: If a motor parameter is modified, the estimated inertia is recalculated and updated (parameters [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt) and [Inertia Mult. Coef.] (JMUL)). [Application Inertia] (JAPL) is also returned to its default value according to the new value of [Estim. app. inertia] (JESt).
- 3. Check the speed loop response time by first setting [Feed forward] (FFP) to 0 (see graphs on next page).
- 4. If necessary, adjust the bandwidth and stability using parameters [Fr.Loop.Stab] (StA) and [FreqLoopGain] (FLG) (see page 60).
- 5. To optimize ramp following, increase the feedforward parameter [Feed forward] (FFP) as indicated on the next page until the best result is obtained.
- **6.** Under exceptional circumstances, the feedforward term bandwidth can be adjusted (as shown on the next page) to further improve ramp following or to reduce the speed reference's sensitivity to noise.

### **DANGER**

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

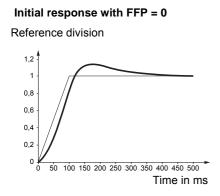
- If an incorrect value is entered in the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page 96, it can cause speed instability and loss of motor control, which could lead to a sudden drop (in hoisting and lift applications, for example). The inertia may vary significantly according to the application; in general, it is very high for lifts. As such, the default value does not guarantee correct operation.
- · It is essential to determine and enter the exact inertia value in high performance speed loop mode.

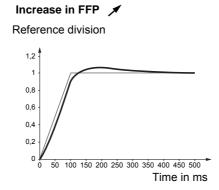
Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

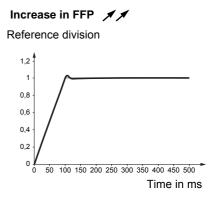
### High-performance speed loop - Setting the [Feed forward] (FFP) and [Bandwidth feedfor.] (FFU) parameters

### [Feed forward] (FFP)

This is used to adjust the level of dynamic torque feedforward required for accelerating and decelerating the inertia. The effect of this parameter on ramp following is illustrated below. Increasing the value of FFP allows the ramp to be followed more closely. However, if the value is too high, overspeed occurs. The optimum setting is obtained when the speed follows the ramp precisely; this depends on the accuracy of the [Application Inertia] (JAPL) parameter, page 96, and the [Encoder filter value] (FFr) parameter setting, page 123.

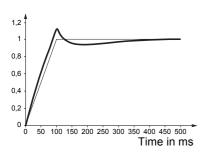






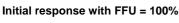
#### Increase in FFP ///

Reference division

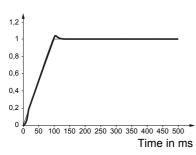


### [Bandwidth feedfor.] (FFU)

This is used to adjust the bandwidth of the dynamic torque feedforward term. The effect of this parameter on ramp following is illustrated below. Decreasing the value of FFU reduces the effect of noise on the speed reference (torque ripple). However, too great a decrease in relation to the ramp settings (on short ramps) causes a delay, and ramp following is adversely affected. Increasing the value of FFU allows the ramp to be followed more closely, but also heightens noise sensitivity. The optimum setting is obtained by reaching the best compromise between ramp following and the existing noise sensitivity.

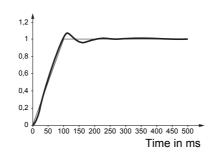


Reference division



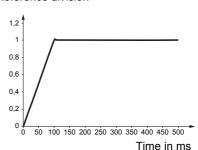
### Reduction in FFU 🔌

Reference division



#### Increase in FFU 💉

Reference division



### [ENA SYSTEM]

ENA SYSTEM is a control profile designed for rotating machines with unbalanced load. **It only applies to asynchronous motors.** It is used primarily for oil pumps. The operating principle applied:

- Allows operation without a braking resistor
- Reduces mechanical stress on the rod
- Reduces line current fluctuations
- Reduces energy consumption by improving the electric power/current ratio

#### [ENA prop.gain]

This setting is used to achieve a compromise between the reduced energy consumption (and/or line current fluctuations) and the mechanical stress to which the rod is subject.

Energy is saved by reducing current fluctuations and increasing the current while retaining the same average speed.

#### [ENA integral gain]

This setting is used to smooth the DC bus voltage.

Start up the machine with a low integral and proportional gain (proportional 25% and integral 10%) in order to avoid an overvoltage trip in the absence of a braking resistor. See if these settings are suitable.

#### Recommended adjustments to be made during operation:

- To eliminate the braking resistor and, therefore, the increase in the DC bus voltage:
  - Display the machine speed on the graphic display terminal.
  - Reduce the integral gain value until the machine speed drops. When this point is reached, increase the integral gain until the machine speed stabilizes.
  - Use the graphic display terminal or an oscilloscope to check that the DC bus voltage is stable.
- · To save energy:
  - Reducing the proportional gain (gradually) may increase energy savings by reducing the maximum value of the line current, but it will increase speed variations and, therefore, mechanical stress.
- The aim is to identify settings that will enable energy to be saved and minimize mechanical stress.
- When reducing the proportional gain, it may be necessary to readjust the integral gain in order to avoid an overvoltage trip.

**Note:** Once the adjustments are complete, check that the pump starts up correctly. If the ENA integral gain setting is too low, this may lead to insufficient torque on startup.

#### [Reduction ratio]

This setting corresponds to the motor speed ahead of gearbox/speed after gearbox ratio. This parameter is used to display the average speed in Hz and the machine speed in customer units (e.g., in strokes per minute) on the graphic display terminal. In order to be displayed on the graphic display terminal, these values must be selected in the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu.

#### Adjustment recommendations for prevention of tripping on an [Overspeed] (SOF) fault

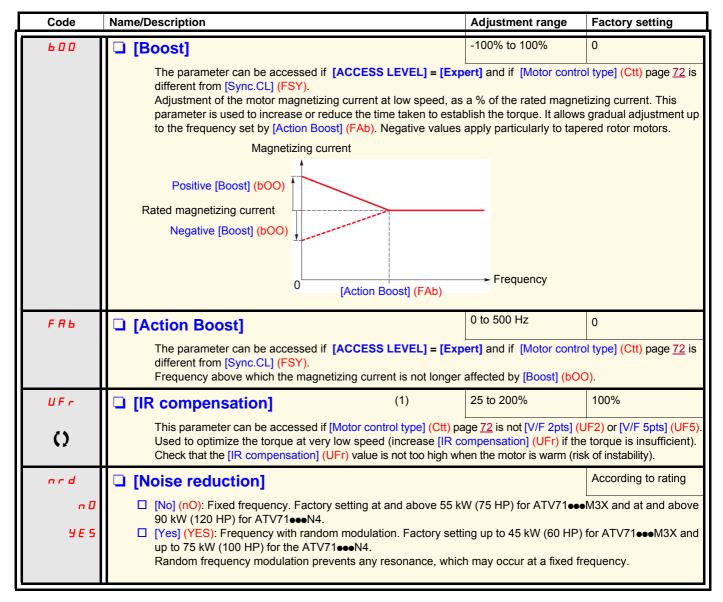
ENA SYSTEM authorizes overspeed, which can trigger an [Overspeed] (SOF) fault. To avoid this occurring, it is advisable to increase the value of the following parameters slightly:

- [Max frequency] (tFr) page 73
- [Overspd. pulse thd.] (FqA) page 260, if the "frequency meter" function is configured

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting						
55L-	[SPEED LOOP] (continued)								
EnA	☐ [ENA system]		[No] (nO)						
n 0 4 E 5	This parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC), see page <u>72</u> .  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Function active								
GPE	☐ [ENA prop.gain] (1)	1 to 9999	250						
$\Box$	This parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA	) = [Yes] (YES)							
GIE	☐ [ENA integral gain] (1)	0 to 9999	100						
()	This parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA) = [Yes] (YES)								
r A P	☐ [Reduction ratio] (1)	10.0 to 999.9	10						
()	This parameter can be accessed if [ENA system] (EnA	) = [Yes] (YES)							

(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped



(1) Parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
5 U L	☐ [Motor surge limit.]		[No] (nO)				
n 0 Y E S	This function limits motor overvoltages and is useful in the fol  - NEMA motors  - Spindle motors  - Rewound motors  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive  □ [Yes] (YES): Function active  This parameter is forced to [No] (nO) if [Sinus filter] (OFI) pag  This parameter can remain = [No] (nO) for 230/400 V motors  the drive and the motor does not exceed:  - 4 m with unshielded cables  - 10 m with shielded cables	e <u>74</u> = [Yes] (YES).	length of cable between				
5 O P	☐ [Volt surge limit. opt]		10 μs				
	Optimization parameter for transient overvoltages at the motor terminals. Accessible if [Motor surge limit.] (SUL) = [Yes] (YES). Set to 6, 8, or 10 µs, according to the following table.						

The value of the "SOP" parameter corresponds to the attenuation time of the cable used. It is defined to prevent the superimposition of voltage wave reflections resulting from long cable lengths. It limits overvoltages to twice the DC bus rated voltage.

The tables on the following page give examples of correspondence between the "SOP" parameter and the length of the cable between the drive and the motor. For longer cable lengths, a sinus filter or a dV/dt protection filter must be used.

• For motors in parallel, the sum of all the cable lengths must be taken into consideration. Compare the length given in the table row corresponding to the power for one motor with that corresponding to the total power, and select the shorter length. Example: Two 7.5 kW (10 HP) motors - take the lengths on the 15 kW (20 HP) table row, which are shorter than those on the 7.5 kW (10 HP) row, and divide by the number of motors to obtain the length per motor (with unshielded "GORSE" cable and SOP = 6, the result is 40/2 = 20 m maximum for each 7.5 kW (10 HP) motor).

In special cases (for example, different types of cable, different motor powers in parallel, different cable lengths in parallel, etc.), we recommend using an oscilloscope to check the overvoltage values obtained at the motor terminals.

To retain the overall drive performance, do not increase the SOP value unnecessarily.

# Tables giving the correspondence between the SOP parameter and the cable length, for 400 V line supply

Altivar 71	Motor		Cable cro	ss-section	Maximum	cable lengt	h in meters			
Reference	Power				d "GORSE" cable RN-F 4Gxx		Shielded "GORSE" cable Type GVCSTV-LS/LH			
	kW	HP	in mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6
ATV71H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	120.30 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	131.23 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	131.23 yd	71.08 yd	49.21 yd	114.83 yd	92.96 yd	71.08 yd
ATV71HD11N4	11	15	6	10	125.77 yd	65.62 yd	49.21 yd	109.36 yd	82.02 yd	60.15 yd
ATV71HD15N4	15	20	10	8	114.83 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd	109.36 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	125.77 yd	65.62 yd	38.28 yd	164.04 yd	82.02 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD22N4	22	30	16	6	164.04 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD30N4	30	40	25	4	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	38.28 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD37N4	37	50	35	5	218.72 yd	71.08 yd	54.68 yd	164.04 yd	76.55 yd	54.68 yd
ATV71HD45N4	45	60	50	0	218.72 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd	164.04 yd	65.62 yd	43.74 yd
ATV71HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0	218.72 yd	54.68 yd	27.34 yd	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd
ATV71HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0	218.72 yd	49.21 yd	27.34 yd	164.04 yd	60.15 yd	32.81 yd

Altivar 71	Motor		Cable cross-section		Maximum cable length in meters					
Reference	Power				Shielded "BELDEN" cable Type 2950x			Shielded "PROTOFLEX" cable Type EMV 2YSLCY-J		
	kW	HP	in mm <sup>2</sup>	AWG	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6	SOP = 10	SOP = 8	SOP = 6
ATV71H075N4	0.75	1	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU15N4	1.5	2	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU22N4	2.2	3	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU30N4	3	-	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU40N4	4	5	1.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU55N4	5.5	7.5	2.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HU75N4	7.5	10	2.5	14	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD11N4	11	15	6	10	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD15N4	15	20	10	8	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD18N4	18.5	25	10	8	54.68 yd	43.74 yd	32.81 yd			
ATV71HD22N4	22	30	16	6				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD30N4	30	40	25	4				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD37N4	37	50	35	5				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD45N4	45	60	50	0				82.02 yd	43.74 yd	27.34 yd
ATV71HD55N4	55	75	70	2/0				82.02 yd	32.81 yd	16.40 yd
ATV71HD75N4	75	100	95	4/0				82.02 yd	32.81 yd	16.40 yd

For 230/400 V motors used at 230 V, the [Motor surge limit.] (SUL) parameter can remain = [No] (nO).

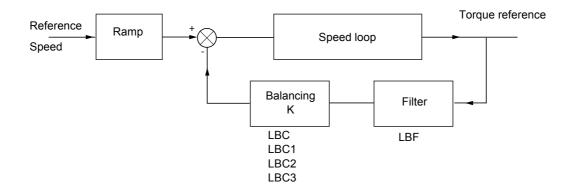
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
()	DC bus voltage threshold above which the braking transistor cuts in to limit this voltage.  ATV71••••M3•: factory setting 395 V.  ATV71••••S6X: factory setting 785 V.  ATV71••••S6X: factory setting 980 V.  The adjustment range depends on the voltage rating of the drive and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) parameter, page 253.						
ьья	☐ [Braking balance]	[No] (nO)					
9 E S	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Function active, to be used on drives connected in parallel via their DC bus. Used to balance the braking power between the drives. The [Braking level] (Ubr) parameter must be set to the same value on the various drives.</li> <li>The value[Yes] (YES) is possible only if [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) = [No] (nO) (see page 161)</li> </ul>						
LLA	☐ [Load sharing] [No] (nO)						
7 E S	When 2 motors are connected mechanically and therefore at the same speed, and each is controlled by a drive, this function can be used to improve torque distribution between the two motors. To do this, it varies the speed based on the torque.  [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active The parameter can only be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 is not [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5).						
LbC	☐ [Load correction] (1)	0 to 599 Hz	0				
()	Rated correction in Hz.  The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes]  Torque Nominal torque  Nominal torque  Nominal torque	(YES)					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

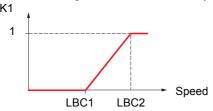
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

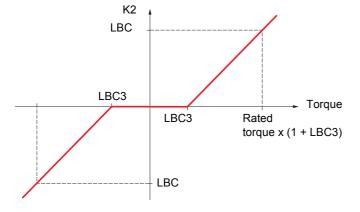
### Load sharing, parameters that can be accessed at expert level

#### **Principle**



The load sharing factor K is determined by the torque and speed, with two factors K1 and K2 ( $K = K1 \times K2$ ).

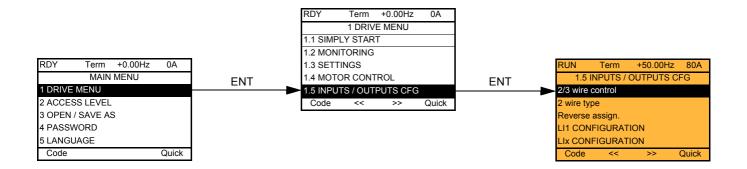




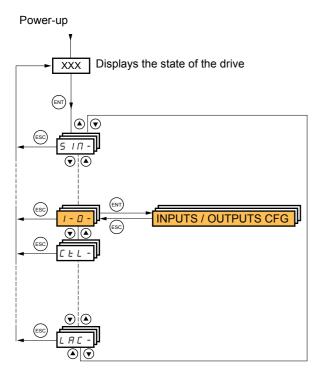
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES)  Minimum speed for load correction in Hz. Below this threshold, no corrections are made. Used to prevent correction at very low speed if this would hamper rotation of the motor.						
()	☐ [Correction max spd]  The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Ye Speed threshold in Hz above which maximum load correction	• \ /	0,1				
()	Minimum torque for load correction as a % of the rated torque	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES)  Minimum torque for load correction as a % of the rated torque. Below this threshold, no corrections are made. Used to avoid torque instabilities when the torque direction is not constant.					
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Load sharing] (LbA) = [Yes] (YES) Time constant (filter) for correction in ms. Used in the event of flexible mechanical coupling in order to avoid instabilities.						
6CU AUEO -	□ [Current bandwith]  Band width control current in Hz.  □ [Auto] (AUto): Calculated using the drive parameters. □ 1 to 200 Hz: Manual control  The parameter can be accessed if [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expe	[Auto] (AUtO) 1 to 200 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)				

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### With graphic display terminal:

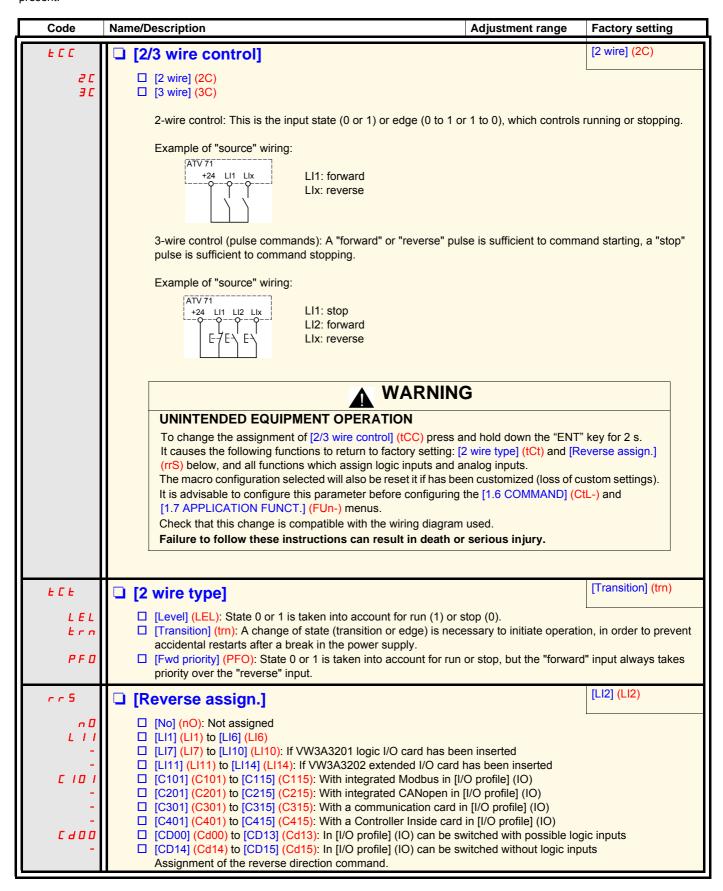


### With integrated display terminal:



### [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)

The parameters in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.



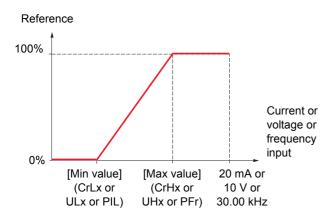
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 1-	■ [LI1 CONFIGURATION]		
LIA	☐ [LI1 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions that are assigned to	input LI1 in order to check for m	ultiple assignments.
LId	☐ [LI1 On Delay]	0 to 200 ms	0
	This parameter is used to take account of the change of the logic input to state 1 with a delay that can be adjusted between 0 and 200 milliseconds, in order to filter out possible interference. The change to state 0 is taken into account without delay.		
	₩ WA	ARNING	
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION	N	
	Check that the delay set does not pose a risk or le	•	
	The relative order in which these inputs are taken in		ording to the delay
	values of the various logic inputs, and thus lead to Failure to follow these instructions can result		
	Tandre to follow these mandetions can result	in death of serious injury.	
L	■ [LIx CONFIGURATION]		
	All the logic inputs available on the drive are pro LI14, depending on whether or not option cards		1 above, up to LI6, LI10 or

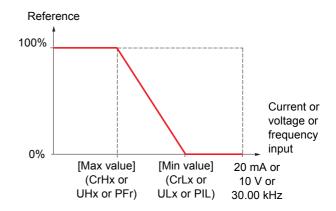
### Configuration of analog inputs and Pulse input

The minimum and maximum input values (in volts, mA, etc.) are converted to % in order to adapt the references to the application.

#### Minimum and maximum input values:

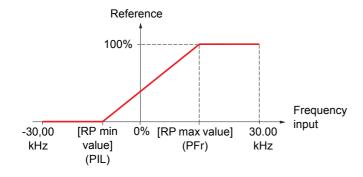
The minimum value corresponds to a reference of 0% and the maximum value to a reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:





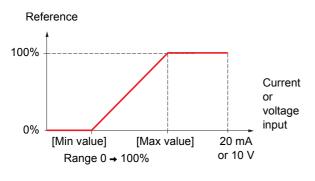
For +/- bidirectional inputs, the min. and max. are relative to the absolute value, for example, +/- 2 to 8 V.

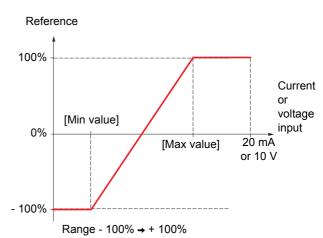
#### Negative min. value of Pulse input:

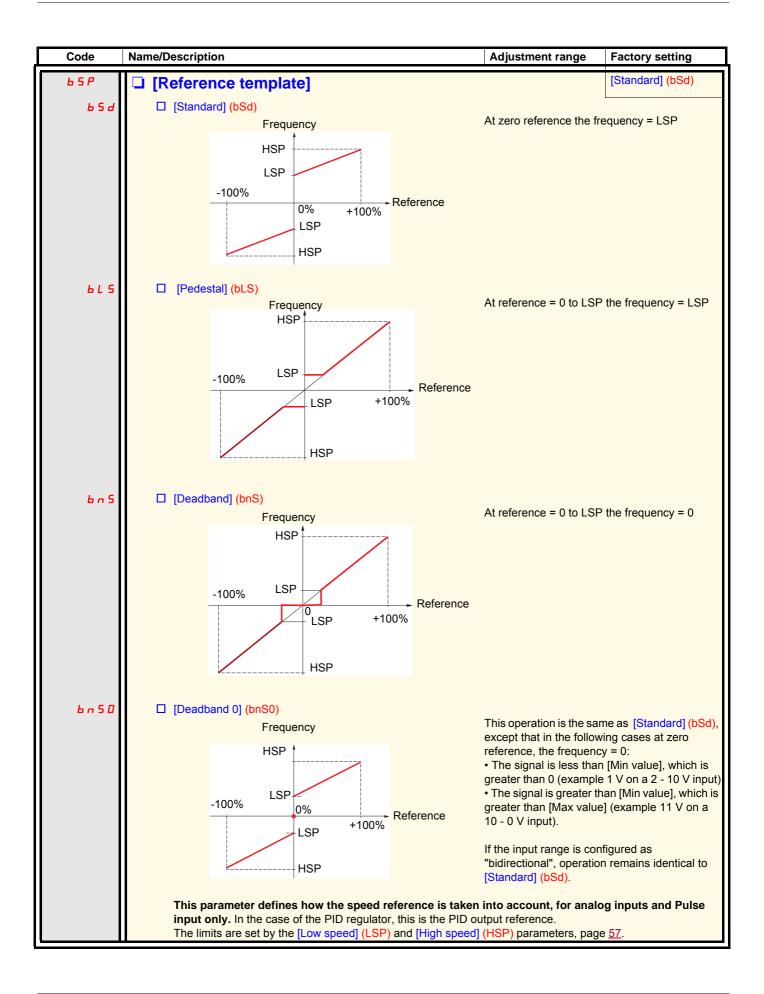


#### Range (output values): For analog inputs only

This parameter is used to configure the reference range to  $[0\% \rightarrow 100\%]$  or  $[-100\% \rightarrow +100\%]$  in order to obtain a bidirectional output from a unidirectional input.



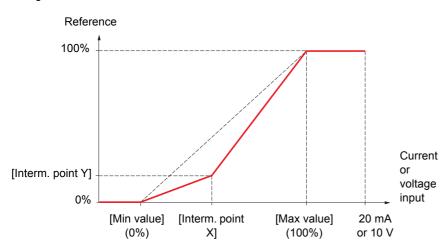




#### Delinearization: For analog inputs only

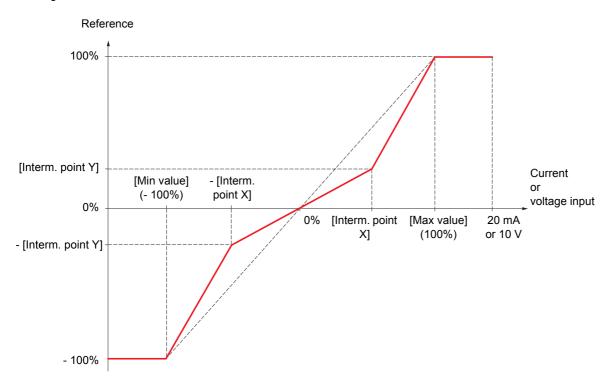
The input can be delinearized by configuring an intermediate point on the input/output curve of this input:

For range 0 → 100%



Note: For [Interm. point X], 0% corresponds to [Min value] and 100% to [Max value]

For range -100% → 100%



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
H I I -	■ [AI1 CONFIGURATION]		
AIIA	☐ [Al1 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al1 in or problems.	rder to check, for example	e, for compatibility
A I I E	☐ [Al1 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
100	☐ [Voltage] (10U): Positive voltage input (negative values a	-	
n 10U	☐ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Positive and negative voltage input	(the input is bidirectional	).
U IL I	☐ [Al1 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
и ін і	☐ [Al1 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
A I IF	☐ [Al1 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A I IE	☐ [Al1 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	<ul> <li>Input delinearization point coordinate.</li> <li>0% corresponds to [Al1 min value] (UIL1).</li> <li>100% corresponds to [Al1 max value] (UIH1).</li> </ul>		
A 1 15	☐ [Al1 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency reference	).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 12 -	■ [AI2 CONFIGURATION]		
A ISA	☐ [Al2 assignment]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with input Al2 problems.	2 in order to check, for examp	le, for compatibility
A 15F	☐ [Al2 Type]		[Current] (0 A)
10U 0A	☐ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input☐ [Current] (0 A): Current input		
C r L 2	☐ [Al2 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)	= [Current] (0 A)	
U IL ≥	☐ [Al2 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)	= [Voltage] (10U)	
CrH2	☐ [Al2 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)	= [Current] (0 A)	
и інг	☐ [Al2 max. value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al2 Type] (Al2t)	= [Voltage] (10U)	
A IZF	☐ [Al2 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
A IST	☐ [Al2 range]		[0 - 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	☐ [0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input ☐ [+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 0/10 V input - 0 V corresponds to reference -100% - 5 V corresponds to reference 0% - 10 V corresponds to reference + 100%		
A ISE	☐ [Al2 Interm. point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	Input delinearization point coordinate.  • 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 →	100%.	
	• 0% corresponds to [Max value] + [Min value] 2	if the range is -100% → +	100%.
	• 100% corresponds to [Max value].		
A 125	☐ [Al2 Interm. point Y]	0 to 100%	0%
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency re	eference).	'

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 13 -	[AI3 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
Я ІЗЯ	☐ [Al3 assignment]  Read-only parameter, cannot be configured.  It displays all the functions associated with input Al3 in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		
A 13E	☐ [Al3 Type]  Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. ☐ [Current] (0 A): Current input		[Current] (0 A)
[rL3	☐ [Al3 min. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
C r H 3	☐ [Al3 max. value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
A I 3 F	☐ [Al3 filter] Interference filtering.	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
A 13L P05 nEG	[0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input [1		
A 13E	Input delinearization point coordinate.  • 0% corresponds to [Min value] (CrL3) if the range is 0 → 100%.  • 0% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3) - [Al3 min. value] (CrL3) if the range is -100% → +100%.  • 100% corresponds to [Al3 max. value] (CrH3).		
A 135	☐ [Al3 Interm. point Y]  Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency referen	0 to 100% ce).	0%

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A 14-	[AI4 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been insert	rted	
ЯІЧЯ	☐ [Al4 assignment]  Read-only parameter, cannot be configured.  It displays all the functions associated with input Al4 in ord problems.	der to check, for example	e, for compatibility
ЯІЧЕ	☐ [Al4 Type]		[Voltage] (10U)
10U 0A	☐ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage input☐ [Current] (0 A): Current input		
ErL4	☐ [Al4 min value]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cui	rrent] (0 A)	
и печ	☐ [Al4 min value]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	tage] (10U)	
Er H4	☐ [Al4 max value]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Cur	rrent] (0 A)	
и інч	☐ [Al4 max value]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) = [Vol	tage] (10U)	
RIHF	☐ [Al4 filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		
RIYL	☐ [Al4 range]		[0 - 100%] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	☐ [0 - 100%] (POS): Unidirectional input ☐ [+/- 100%] (nEG): Bidirectional input Example: On a 0/10 V input - 0 V corresponds to reference -100% - 5 V corresponds to reference 0% - 10 V corresponds to reference + 100%		
ЯІЧЕ	☐ [Al4 Interm.point X]	0 to 100%	0%
	Input delinearization point coordinate.  • 0% corresponds to [Min value] if the range is 0 → 100%.		
		the range is -100% → +	100%.
0.1115	• 100% corresponds to [Max value].	0 to 100%	0%
A 145	☐ [Al4 Interm.point Y]		
	Output delinearization point coordinate (frequency referen	ce).	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
ЯШ І-	■ [VIRTUAL AI1]			
A IC I	☐ [Al net. channel]		[No] (nO)	
~ 0 П d b С A r ~ E b Я P P	Virtual input.  This parameter can also be accessed in the [PID [No] (nO): Not assigned (in this case, the virtual inparameters for the functions)  [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus  [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen  [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted in [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if in Scale: the value 8192 transmitted by this input is	nput does not appear in the analoged) serted)	g input assignment	
		/ARNING		
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION			
	If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 269), the virtual input remains fixed at the las value transmitted.			
	Do not use the virtual input and forced local mod			
	Failure to follow these instructions can resul	t in death or serious injury.		

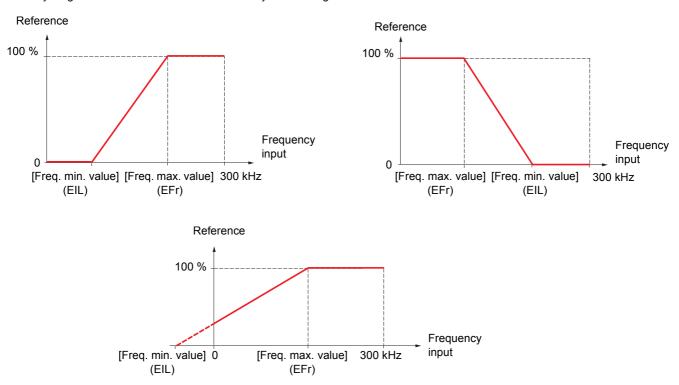
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PL I-	[RP CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been in	nserted	
PIA	Read-only parameter, cannot be configured. It displays all the functions associated with the Pulse In input in order to check, for example, for compatibility problems.		
PIL	☐ [RP min value]  Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed	- 30.00 to 30.00 kHz	0
PFr	☐ [RP max value]  Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed	0 to 30.00 kHz	30.00 kHz
PFI	☐ [RP filter] Interference filtering.	0 to 1000 ms	0

# Configuration of the encoder input serving as a reference, with a frequency generator

This reference is not signed, therefore the directions of operation must be given via the control channel (logic inputs, for example).

#### Minimum and maximum values (input values):

The minimum value corresponds to a minimum reference of 0% and the maximum value to a maximum reference of 100%. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value. It may also be negative.



A reference can be obtained at zero frequency by assigning a negative value to the minimum value.

The encoder configuration can also be accessed in the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu.



**Note 1:** When an encoder is used with a VW3A3408 or VW3A3409 card, it is only possible to configure the "encoder" input for speed feedback. Functions can only be configured as references or inputs with a VW3A3401 to 407 or VW3A3411 card.

**Note 2:** When an encoder is used with a VW3A3409 card, the drive remains locked in stop mode (displays nSt or nLP) if the encoder is not fully configured.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
IEn-	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] The encoder parameters can only be accessed if a compatible encoder card has selections available will depend on the type of encoder card used.	peen inserted, and the
E n 5	☐ [Encoder type]	[AABB] (AAbb)
ЯЯЬЬ ЯЬ Я	This parameter can be accessed if an incremental encoder card has been insert To be configured in accordance with the type of encoder used.  ☐ [AABB] (AAbb): For signals A, A-, B, B- or A, A-, B, B-, Z, Z  ☐ [AB] (Ab): For signals A, B.  ☐ [A] (A): For signal A. Value cannot be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) page	
EnC	☐ [Encoder check]	[Not done] (nO)
n 0 4 E S d 0 n E	Check encoder feedback. See procedure page 76.  This parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted and if [E page 120 is not [Speed ref.] (PGr).  [Not done] (nO): Check not performed.  [Yes] (YES): Activates monitoring of the encoder.  [Done] (dOnE): Check performed successfully.  The check procedure checks:  - The direction of rotation of the encoder/motor  - The presence of signals (wiring continuity)  - The number of pulses/revolution  If a fault is detected, the drive locks in [Encoder fault] (EnF) fault mode.	ncoder usage] (EnU)
ЕпЦ	☐ [Encoder usage]	[No] (nO)
n 0 5 E C r E G P G r	The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted.  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive. In this case, the other parameters cannot be accessed.  □ [Fdbk monit.] (SEC): The encoder provides speed feedback for monitoring only.  □ [Spd fdk reg.] (rEG): The encoder provides speed feedback for regulation and monitoring. This configuration is automatic if the drive is configured for closed-loop operation ([Motor control type] (Ctt) = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY)). If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC V] (UUC) the encoder operates in speed feedback mode and enables static correction of the speed to be performed. This configuration is not accessible for other [Motor control type] (Ctt) values.  □ [Speed ref.] (PGr): The encoder provides a reference. Can only be selected with an incremental encoder card.	
Enrl	☐ [Coder rotation inv.]	[No] (nO)
7 E S	The parameter can be accessed if an encoder card has been inserted. Activation For some mountings, the direction of right-hand turn of the coder is reversed color in this case, the activation of this parameter is required to have a common direct the motor and the coder.  [No] (nO): Inversion activated.  [Yes] (YES): Inversion not activated	mpare to that of the motor.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [ENCODER CONFIGURATION] (continue	d)	
PG I	☐ [Number of pulses]	100 to 1000	1024
	Number of pulses per encoder revolution. This parameter can be accessed if a VW3 A3 401 to 407 c	ard or VW3 A3 411 has	been inserted.
P G A	☐ [Reference type]		[Encoder] (EnC)
E n C P E G	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU)  ☐ [Encoder] (EnC): Use of an encoder (incremental encoder ☐ [Freq. gen.] (PtG): Use of a frequency generator (absolute	only).	
E IL	☐ [Freq. min. value]	- 300 to 300 kHz	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG). Frequency corresponding to the minimum speed	= [Speed ref.] (PGr) and	I if [Reference type]
EFr	☐ [Freq. max value]	0.00 to 300 kHz	300 kHz
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) = [Speed ref.] (PGr) and if [Reference type] (PGA) = [Freq. gen.] (PtG).  Frequency corresponding to the maximum speed		
EF I	☐ [Freq. signal filter]	0 to 1000 ms	0
	The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder usage] (EnU) Interference filtering.	= [Speed ref.] (PGr).	
F r E 5	☐ [Resolver Exct. Freq.]		[8 kHz] (8)
4 8 12	Resolver excitation frequency. The parameter can be accessed if a VW3 A3 408 encoder card (for resolver) has been inserted.  [4 kHz] (4): 4 kHz [8 kHz] (8): 8 kHz [12 kHz] (12): 12 kHz		
rPPn	☐ [Resolver poles nbr]		[2 poles] (2P)
2 P 4 P 6 P 8 P	Number of resolver poles. The parameter can be accessed if a VW3 A3 408 encoder card (for resolver) has been inserted.  [2 poles] (2P): 2 poles, max. speed 7500 rpm  [4 poles] (4P): 4 poles, max. speed 3750 rpm  [6 poles] (6P): 6 poles, max. speed 2500 rpm  [8 poles] (8P): 8 poles, max. speed 1875 rpm  If the number of poles of the motor is not an integer multiple of the number of poles of the resolver, it is necessary to configure the parameter [Angle setting activ.] (AtA) = [Power On] (POn) or [Run order] (AUTO).		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] ( These parameters can be accessed if a VW3 A3 4		serted.
UECP	☐ [Encoder protocol]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und End 5CHP 5C 55 I	Type of encoder used.  ☐ [Undefined] (Und): Not defined ☐ [EnDat 2.1] (End): EnDat encoder ☐ [Hiperface] (SCHP): Hiperface encoder ☐ [SinCos] (SC): SinCos encoder ☐ [SSI] (SSI): SSI encoder		
UECU	☐ [Encoder supply volt.]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und 5 U 8 U 1 2 U	Rated voltage of encoder used. The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) is not [Undefined] (Und).  [Undefined] (Und): Not defined  [5 volts] (5U): 5 Volts. Only possible value if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [EnDat 2.1] (End).  [8 volts] (8U): 8 Volts  [12 volts] (12U): 12 Volts  To make any changes to this parameter with the integrated display terminal, press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s for the change to be taken into account. When using the graphic display terminal, confirmation is requested.		
UELC	☐ [Sincos lines count]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und -	Number of lines. This parameter can be accessed ☐ [Undefined] (Und): Not defined ☐ 1 to 10000: 1 to 10,000 lines	l if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) =	[SinCos] (SC).
5 5 <i>C P</i>	☐ [SSI parity]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und n0 0dd EUEn	Parity. This parameter can be accessed if [Encode ☐ [Undefined] (Und): Not defined ☐ [No parity] (nO): No parity ☐ [Odd parity] (Odd): Odd parity ☐ [Even parity] (EUEn): Even parity	er protocol] (UECP) = [SSI] (SSI	)).
5 5 F 5	☐ [SSI frame size]		[Undefined] (Und)
Und -	Frame length (number of bits). This parameter can  ☐ [Undefined] (Und): Not defined. Only possible valu  ☐ 10 to 27: 10 to 25 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [No pari  12 to 27 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [Odd parity] (Odd	ue if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [Undeity] (nO).	
ЕпПг	☐ [Nbr of revolution]		[Undefined] (Und)
U n d -	Format of the number of revolutions (in number of bits). This parameter can be accessed if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [SSI] (SSI).  [Undefined] (Und): Not defined. Only possible value if [SSI frame size] (SSFS) = [Undefined] (Und).  0 to 15: 0 to [SSI frame size] (SSFS) - 10 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [No parity] (nO).  0 to [SSI frame size] (SSFS) - 12 if [SSI parity] (SSCP) = [Odd parity] (Odd) or [Even parity] (EUEn).		
Entr	☐ [Turn bit resolution]		[Undefined] (Und)
U n d -	Resolution per revolution (in number of bits). This per second is a second in number of bits in number of bits. This per second is a second in number of bits in number	the maximum value is:  Ir).  n parity] (EUEn), the maximum	[Undefined] (Und).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] (co These parameters can be accessed if a VW3 A3 409		erted.
5 5 C d	☐ [SSI code type]		[Undefined] (Und)
С - Я У Ь І л И л д	Type of code. This parameter can be accessed if [Er ☐ [Undefined] (Und): Not defined ☐ [Binary code (bln): Binary code ☐ [Gray code] (GrAY): Gray code	ncoder protocol] (UECP) = [SS	SI] (SSI).
E n 5 P	☐ [Clock frequency]		[500 kHz] (500)
160 200 300 400 500 600 100 800	The parameter can be accessed if [ACCESS LEVE [SSI] (SSI) or if [Encoder protocol] (UECP) = [EnDat Clock frequency for encoder "Endat" and encoder SS [160 kHz] (160)  [200 kHz] (200)  [300 kHz] (300)  [400 kHz] (400)  [500 kHz] (500)  [600 kHz] (600)  [700 kHz] (700)  [800 kHz] (800)  [Auto] (AUtO): This value appears only if [Encoder prencoder board is upper or equal to V1.2IE01	2.1] (End). SI.	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[ENCODER CONFIGURATION] (continued)  These parameters can only be accessed when [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] and an encoder card has been inserted.		
FFA	☐ [Encoder filter activ.] [No] (nO)		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	Activation of encoder feedback filter.  [No] (no): Filter deactivated  [Yes] (YES): Filter activated		
FFr	☐ [Encoder filter value]	0 to 50 ms	Acc. to encoder type
	This parameter can be accessed if [Encoder filter activ.] (FFA) = [Yes] (YES).  Encoder feedback filter time constant in milliseconds.  This parameter can be modified during operation.		

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
r 1-	■ [R1 CONFIGURATION]
r I	☐ [R1 Assignment] [No drive flt] (FLt)
n 0	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned
FLE	☐ [No drive flt] (FLt): Drive not faulty (relay normally energized, and de-energized if there is a fault)
r U n	☐ [Drv running] (rUn): Drive running
F L A F L A	☐ [Freq. Th. attain.] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page <u>70</u> ) ☐ [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed attained
CEA	☐ [I attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page 69)
5 r A	☐ [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference attained
E S A	☐ [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state attained
PEE	[PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm
P F A A P 2	☐ [PID fdbk al] (PFA): PID feedback alarm
F 2 A	☐ [Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input A12 ☐ [Freq. Th 2 attain.] (F2A): Frequency threshold 2 attained ([Freq. threshold 2] (F2d) page 70)
E A d	☐ [Th. drv. att.] (tAd): Drive thermal state attained
r 5 d A	☐ [Rope slack ] (rSdA): Rope slack (see [Rope slack config.] (rSd) parameter page 195)
EEHA	☐ [High tq. att.] (ttHA): Motor torque overshooting high threshold[High torque thd.] (ttH) page 69.
FFLA	[Low tq. att.] (ttLA): Motor torque undershooting low threshold[Low torque thd.] (ttL) page 69.
NFrd Nrr5	☐ [Forward] (MFrd): Motor in forward rotation
11FF 5	☐ [Reverse] (MrrS): Motor in reverse rotation ☐ [Th.mot2 att] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state attained
£ 5 3	☐ [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state attained
5 t r t	☐ [Drive start] (Strt)
	1 : A run order has been receveid
A L S	0 : A stop order has been receveid
C n F D	☐ [Neg Torque] (AtS): Negative torque (braking) ☐ [Cnfg.0 act.] (CnF0): Configuration 0 active
Enf I	☐ [Cnfg.1 act.] (CnF1): Configuration 1 active
[nF2	☐ [Cnfg.2 act.] (CnF2): Configuration 2 active
CFPI	[Set 1 active] (CFP1): Parameter set 1 active
C F P 3	☐ [Set 2 active] (CFP2): Parameter set 2 active
46L	☐ [Set 3 active] (CFP3): Parameter set 3 active ☐ [DC charged] (dbL): DC bus charging
br5	☐ [In braking] (brS): Drive braking
РгП	☐ [P. removed] (PRM): Drive locked by "Power removal" input
F9LA	[Fr.met. alar.] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 70.
ПСР LSA	☐ [I present] (MCP): Motor current present
al an	☐ [Limit sw. att] (LSA): Limit switch attained ☐ [Load alarm] (dLdA): Load variation detection (see page 262).
A G I	☐ [Alarm Grp 1] (AGI): Alarm group 1
AC S	☐ [Alarm Grp 2] (AG2): Alarm group 2
A C 3	☐ [Alarm Grp 3] (AG3): Alarm group 3
P 1 A P 2 A	☐ [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1
PLA	☐ [PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2 ☐ [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarm
EFA	☐ [Ext. fault al] (EFA): External fault alarm
U S A	☐ [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm
UPA	Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning
A A E H A	☐ [slipping al.] (AnA): Slipping alarm
6 S A	☐ [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating ☐ [Load mvt al] (bSA): Braking speed alarm
<b>Б</b> С <b>Я</b>	☐ [Brk cont. al] (bCA): Brake contact alarm
5 5 A	☐ [Lim T/I att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm
r E A	☐ [Trq. ctrl. al.] (rtA): Torque control alarm
6 O A	☐ [IGBT al.] (tJA): IGBT alarm ☐ [Brake R. al.] (bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm
APA	☐ [Option al.] (APA): Alarm generated by the Controller Inside card.
AP3	☐ [Al3 Al. 4-20] (AP3): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al3
AP4	☐ [Al4 Al. 4-20] (AP4): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al4
r d 4	☐ [Ready] (rdY): Drive ready

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[R1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
r Id	☐ [R1 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti true.	me has elapsed, when th	ne information becomes
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) assignm	ent, and remains at 0.	
r 15	☐ [R1 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  ☐ [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true ☐ [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true Configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No driven]	ve flt] (FLt) assignment.	
r IH	☐ [R1 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false. The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt) a		
r 2 -	■ [R2 CONFIGURATION]		
r 2	☐ [R2 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
9 C O E P O F C F C F C	Identical to R1 (see page 124) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu):  □ [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control □ [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control □ [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control □ [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function) □ [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization □ [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control		ese selections can only
r 2 d	☐ [R2 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
r 25	☐ [R2 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.		
r 2 H	☐ [R2 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
r∃-	[R3 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
r 3	☐ [R3 Assignment] Identical to R2		[No] (nO)
r 3 d	☐ [R3 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive fit] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti true.	at 0.	
r 35	☐ [R3 Active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 ~ E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contr	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
r 3H	☐ [R3 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		
r 4 -	[R4 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted		
r 4	☐ [R4 Assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to R2 (see page 125)		
r 4 d	☐ [R4 Delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
r 45	☐ [R4 Active at] [1] (POS)		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 ~ E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.		ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
г ЧН	☐ [R4 Holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive fit] (FLt), [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured ti false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 0 1-	[LO1 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
LOI	☐ [LO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
9 C D F 2 A D C C F P D P F C	Identical to R1 (see page 124) with the addition of (shown f be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) m  [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control  [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control  [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control  [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function)  [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization  [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control	nenu):	ese selections can only
LOId	☐ [LO1 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured til true.	at 0.	
L 0 15	☐ [LO1 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.		ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
L D IH	☐ [LO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured till false.		
L 0 2 -	[LO2 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 2	☐ [LO2 assignment]  Identical to LO1.		[No] (nO)
L 0 ≥ 4	☐ [LO2 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured til true.	at 0.	
L 0 2 5	☐ [LO2 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive fit] (FLt), [Brk contr	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
L O 2 H	☐ [LO2 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
L 🛛 3 -	[LO3 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 3	☐ [LO3 assignment]  Identical to LO1 (see page 127).		[No] (nO)
L 0 3 d	☐ [LO3 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk con (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains a The change in state only takes effect once the configured till true.	at 0.	
L 0 3 5	☐ [LO3 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive fit] (FLt), [Brk contr	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
L 0 3 H	☐ [LO3 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes false.		
L 0 4 -	[LO4 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inser	ted	
L 0 4	☐ [LO4 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Identical to LO1 (see page <u>127</u> ).		
L 0 4 d	☐ [LO4 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
L 0 4 5	☐ [LO4 active at] [1] (POS)		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive fit] (FLt), [Brk contr	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
LOYH	☐ [LO4 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured till false.		

### Use of analog output AO1 as a logic output

Analog output AO1 can be used as a logic output, by assigning DO1. In this case, when set to 0 this output corresponds to the AO1 min. value (0 V or 0 mA, for example), and when set to 1 to the AO1 max. value (10 V or 20 mA, for example).

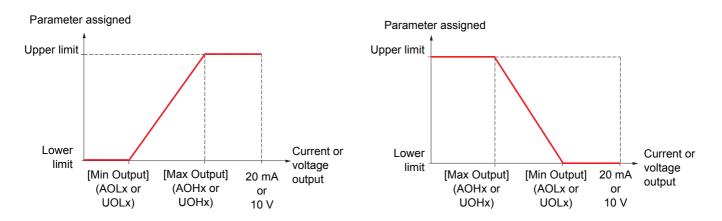
The electrical characteristics of this analog output remain unchanged. As these differ from logic output characteristics, it is important to ensure that they are compatible with the intended application.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d0 I-	■ [DO1 CONFIGURATION]		
401	☐ [DO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
9 C O F 2 A O C C F T C P T C	Identical to R1 (see page 124) with the addition of (shown for information only as these selections can only be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu):  [Brk control] (bLC): Brake contactor control  [Input cont.] (LLC): Line contactor control  [Output cont] (OCC): Output contactor control  [End reel] (EbO): End of reel(traverse control function)  [Sync. wobble] (tSY): "Counter wobble" synchronization  [DC charging] (dCO): DC bus precharging contactor control		
d0 ld	☐ [DO1 delay time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The delay cannot be set for the [No drive flt] (FLt), [Brk control] (bLC), [Output cont.] (OCC), [DC charging] (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured time has elapsed, when the information becomes true.		
d 0 15	☐ [DO1 active at]		[1] (POS)
P 0 5 n E G	Configuration of the operating logic:  [1] (POS): State 1 when the information is true  [0] (nEG): State 0 when the information is true  The configuration [1] (POS) cannot be modified for the [No (dCO), and [Input cont.] (LLC) assignments.	drive flt] (FLt), [Brk contro	ol] (bLC), [DC charging]
40 IH	☐ [DO1 holding time]	0 to 9999 ms	0
	The holding time cannot be set for the [No drive fit] (FLt), [Input cont] (LLC) assignments, and remains at 0.  The change in state only takes effect once the configured tinfalse.		

### Configuration of analog outputs

#### Minimum and maximum values (output values):

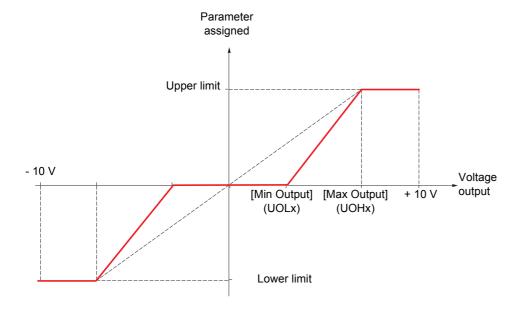
The minimum output value, in volts or mA, corresponds to the lower limit of the assigned parameter and the maximum value corresponds to its upper limit. The minimum value may be greater than the maximum value:



#### Outputs AO2 and AO3 configured as bipolar outputs (strongly recommended for signed parameters):

The [min Output] (UOLx) and [max Output] (UOHx) parameters are absolute values, although they function symmetrically. In the case of bipolar outputs, always set the maximum value higher than the minimum value.

The [max Output] (UOHx) corresponds to the upper limit of the assigned parameter, and the [min Output] (UOLx) corresponds to an average value between the upper and lower limits (0 for a signed and symmetrical parameter such as in the example below).



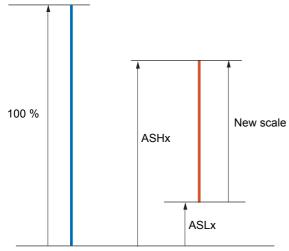
#### Scaling of the assigned parameter

The scale of the assigned parameter can be adapted in accordance with requirements by modifying the values of the lower and upper limits by means of two parameters for each analog output.

These parameters are given in %; 100% corresponds to the total variation range of the configured parameter, so:

- 100% = upper limit lower limit For example, [Sign. torque] (Stq) which varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, 100% corresponds to 6 times the rated torque.
- The parameter [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) modifies the lower limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASLx). The value 0% (factory setting) does not modify the lower limit.
- The parameter [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx) modifies the upper limit: new value = lower limit + (range x ASLx). The value 100% (factory setting) does not modify the upper limit.
- [Scaling AOx min] (ASLx) must always be lower than [Scaling AOx max] (ASHx).

Upper limit of the assigned parameter



Lower limit of the assigned parameter

#### Application example 1

The value of the signed motor torque at the AO2 output is to be transferred with +/- 10 V, with a range of -2 Tr to +2 Tr.

The parameter [Sign. torque.] (Stq) varies between -3 and +3 times the rated torque, or a range of 6 times the rated torque.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must modify the lower limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100/6 = 16.7% (new value = lower limit + (range x ASL2).

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 1x the rated torque, or 100 - 100/6 = 83.3 % (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).

#### Application example 2

The value of the motor current at the AO2 output is to be transferred with 0 - 20 mA, range 2 In motor, In motor being the equivalent of a 0.8 In drive.

The parameter [I motor] (OCr) varies between 0 and 2 times the rated drive current, or a range of 2.5 times the rated drive current.

[Scaling AO2 min] (ASL2) must not modify the lower limit, which therefore remains at its factory setting of 0%.

[Scaling AO2 max] (ASH2) must modify the upper limit by 0.5x the rated motor torque, or 100 - 100/5 = 80 % (new value = lower limit + (range x ASH2).

ACO   CONFIGURATION    Rall	Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Involve   Corp. Current in the motor, between 0 and 2 in (in = rated drive current indicated in the installation manual and on the drive nameplate).	AD 1-	■ [AO1 CONFIGURATION]		
Immotori (COC); Current in the motor, between 0 and 2 ln (in = rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate).   Individual (Fr)   Ind	AO I	☐ [AO1 assignment]		[No] (nO)
Manual and on the drive nameplate).    Or P		,	= rated drive current ind	icated in the Installation
IRamp out.  (OFP): From 0 to [Max Keguency] (IF)		Manual and on the drive nameplate).		
Motor torq. (trg.): Motor torque, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque, between 3 and 4.3 times the rated motor torque, between 3 and 4.3 times the rated motor torque, between 3 and 4.3 times the rated motor torque, between 3 and 4.3 times the rated motor torque, between 3 and 4.3 times the rated motor torque to corresponds to the motor mode and the - sign to the generator mode (braking).    Isign ramp] (OrS): Signed ramp output, between - [Max Frequency] (IFr) and [Max PID reference] (PIP2) and [Max PID referen			iency] (t⊦r)	
corresponds to the motor mode and the - sign to the generator mode (braking).    Gigin rampi (Ors): Signed ramp output, between - [Max frequency] (IFr) and + [Max frequency] (IFr)	Er9	☐ [Motor torq.] (trq): Motor torque, between 0 and 3 times th		
[PiD ref.] (OPS): PID regulator reference between [Min PID reference] (PIP1) and [Max PID reference] (PIP2)		corresponds to the motor mode and the - sign to the gene	rator mode (braking).	
IPPE   PiD feedback  (OPF): PID regulator feedback between [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) and [Max PID feedback] (PIF2)   PID feedback  (PIF1)   PID feedback  (PIF2)   PID feedback  (PIF				
CPIE2     CPIE2     CPIE2		(PIP2)		
GP   GP   GP   GP   GP   GP   GP   GP		(PIF2)		
Mot power] (OPP): Motor power, between 0 and 2.5 times [Rated motor power] (nPr)		feedback] (PIF1))	-	
Current] (Hr): Motor thermal state, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.			-	
Torque 4Q] (tqMS): Signed motor torque, between -3 and +3 times the rated motor torque. The + sign and the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque, regardless of mode (motor or generator). Example of usage: "master-slave" with the TORQUE CONTROL] (tOr-) function, page 206.   Meas.mot.fr] (OFr): Measured motor speed.   Meas.mot.fr] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between - [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) and + [Max frequency] (tFr) motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state.   Mot therm2] (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state.   Mot therm2] (tHr3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state.   Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   Torque lim.] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   Torque lim.] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS)   Motor volt.] (d01) (d01): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [D01 assignment] (d01) page 129 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes.    RBIL				•
the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque, regardless of mode (motor or generator).  Example of usage: "master-slave" with the TORQUE CONTROL] (100-) function, page 206.  [Sig, o/p frq.] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between - [Max frequency] (1Fr) and + [Max				
[Meas.mot.fr] (OFrr): Measured motor speed.   [Sig. o/p frq.] (OFS): Signed output frequency, between - [Max frequency] (IFr) and + [Max frequency] (IFr)   [Mot therm2] (IHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state.   [Mot therm3] (IHr3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.   [Ind. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Signed torque reference, between - 3 and + 3 times the rated motor torque   [Torque lim] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   [Motor volt.] (UDP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS)   [dO1] (dO1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [DO1 assignment] (dO1)   page 129 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes.   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 min Output]   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 min Output]   [AO1 min Output]   [AO1 max Output]   [AO1 max Output]   [AO1 min Output]   [AO1 max Output]   [AO1 min Output]	E 9 11 5	the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torqu	the - sign correspond to the physical direction of the torque, regardless of mode (motor or generator).	
Mot therm2 (tHr2): Motor thermal state 2, between 0 and 200 % of the rated thermal state.   Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.   Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.   Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.   Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.   Motor volt.   Motor volt.   Motor volt.   Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.   Motor volt.   Motor volt	OFrr	·	irrozj (tor ) idriodori, p	ugo <u>200</u> .
Mot therm3] (tHr3): Motor thermal state 3, between 0 and 200% of the rated thermal state.   Uns. TrqReff (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   Uns. TrqReff (Utr): Signed torque reference, between - 3 and + 3 times the rated motor torque   Torque lim.] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS)   Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and papear if [DO1 assignment] (dO1)   page 129 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes.    RD   L				
Current   Curr				
Torque lim.] (tqL): Torque limit, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque   [Motor voit.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor voit.] (UnS)   [dO1] (dO1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [DO1 assignment] (dO1)   page 129 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes.    RD   IE		☐ [Uns. TrqRef] (Utr): Torque reference, between 0 and 3 times the rated motor torque		
Motor volt.] (UOP): Voltage applied to the motor, between 0 and [Rated motor volt.] (UnS)   [dO1] (dO1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [DO1 assignment] (dO1)   page 129 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for   informational purposes.				motor torque
Goli (dol): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [Dol assignment] (dol) page 129 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for informational purposes.    Gold Type				t.] (UnS)
[Notage] (10U): Voltage output   [Current] (0A): Current output   [Current] (0A): Current output   [Current] (0A): Current output   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 min Output]   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 max Output]   [AO1 max Output]   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 min Output]   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 min Output]   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 min Output]   [AO1 min Output]   [Current] (0A)   [AO1 min Output]   [AO1 min Output]   [AO1 min Output]   [AO1 max Output]   [AO1	40 I	[dO1] (dO1): Assignment to a logic output. This assignment can only appear if [DO1 assignment] (dO1) page 129 has been assigned. This is the only possible choice in this case, and is only displayed for		
Current] (0A): Current output   0 to 20.0 mA   0 mA	AO IE	[Current] (0A)		
The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)  [AO1 max Output]  The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)  [AO1 min Output]  The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)  [AO1 min Output]  The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)  [AO1 max Output]  [AO1 max Output]  [AO1 max Output]		□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output		
The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)  UBL I  [AO1 min Output]  The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)  UBH I  [AO1 max Output]  UBH I  [AO1 max Output]  O to 20.0 mA  20.0 mA  20.0 mA  O to 10.0 V  0 to 10.0 V  10.0 V	AOL I	☐ [AO1 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Current] (0A)  UUL I  [AO1 min Output]  The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)  UUH I  [AO1 max Output]  0 to 10.0 V  10.0 V		The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [C	Current] (0A)	
The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)  [AO1 max Output]  [O to 10.0 V  0 V  10.0 V	пон і	☐ [AO1 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)  [AO1 max Output]  O to 10.0 V  10.0 V		The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [0		
<u>пон</u> [AO1 max Output]	UOL I	☐ [AO1 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
Lact max output		The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)		
The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [Voltage] (10U)	и о н	☐ [AO1 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
		The parameter can be accessed if [AO1 Type] (AO1t) = [\	/oltage] (10U)	

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
AO 1-	[AO1 CONFIGURATION] (continued)		
ASL I	☐ [Scaling AO1 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a s	% of the maxiumum poss	sible variation.
A S H I	☐ [Scaling AO1 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a	% of the maxiumum pos	sible variation.
AO IF	□ [AO1 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering. This parameter is forced to 0 if [AO1	asisgnment] (AO1) = [d0	D1] (dO1).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A O S -	[AO2 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been in	serted	
A O S	☐ [AO2 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1).		
A D 2 F	☐ [AO2 Type]		[Current] (0A)
10U 0A 0 10U	<ul> <li>□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output</li> <li>□ [Current] (0A): Current output</li> <li>□ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output.</li> </ul>		
A O L 2	☐ [AO2 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) =	= [Current] (0A)	
A D H S	☐ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) =	= [Current] (0A)	
nors	☐ [AO2 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) =	= [Voltage] (10U) or [Voltage]	ge +/-] (n10U)
поне	☐ [AO2 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO2 Type] (AO2t) =	= [Voltage] (10U) or [Voltage]	ge +/-] (n10U)
ASL2	☐ [Scaling AO2 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as	a % of the maxiumum pos	ssible variation.
ASH2	☐ [Scaling AO2 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as	a % of the maxiumum po	ssible variation.
A D 2 F	☐ [AO2 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.	1	

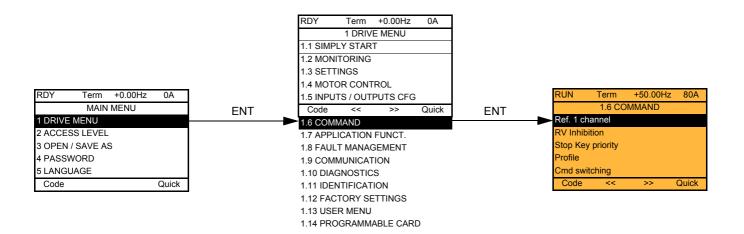
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
A D 3 -	[AO3 CONFIGURATION]  Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been insert	ted	
A O 3	☐ [AO3 assignment]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments as AO1, without [dO1] (dO1).		
A O 3 F	☐ [AO3 Type]		[Current] (0A)
10U 0A 010U	<ul> <li>□ [Voltage] (10U): Voltage output</li> <li>□ [Current] (0A): Current output</li> <li>□ [Voltage +/-] (n10U): Bipolar voltage output.</li> </ul>		
AOL 3	☐ [AO3 min Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [C	Current] (0A)	
A D H 3	☐ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 20.0 mA	20.0 mA
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [C	Current] (0A)	
UOL 3	☐ [AO3 min Output]	0 to 10.0 V	0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)
и о н э	☐ [AO3 max Output]	0 to 10.0 V	10.0 V
	The parameter can be accessed if [AO3 Type] (AO3t) = [V	oltage] (10U) or [Voltage	e +/-] (n10U)
A 5 L 3	☐ [Scaling AO3 min]	0 to 100.0 %	0 %
	Scaling of the lower limit of the assigned parameter, as a	% of the maxiumum pos	sible variation.
A 5 H 3	☐ [Scaling AO3 max]	0 to 100.0 %	100.0 %
	Scaling of the upper limit of the assigned parameter, as a	% of the maxiumum pos	sible variation.
A D 3 F	□ [AO3 Filter]	0 to 10.00 s	0 s
	Interference filtering.		

The following submenus group the alarms into 1 to 3 groups, each of which can be assigned to a relay or a logic output for remote signaling. These groups can also be displayed on the graphic display terminal (see [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu) and viewed via the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP) menu.

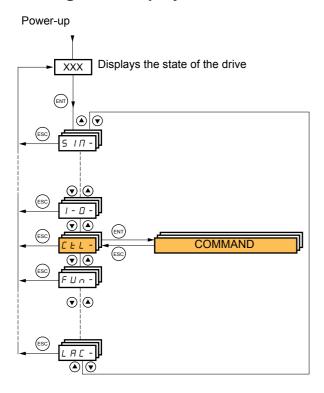
When one or a number of alarms selected in a group occurs, this alarm group is activated.

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range Factory setting
AIC-	■ [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION]
81.5	Selection to be made from the following list:
PLA	☐ [LI6=PTC al.] (PLA): LI6 = PTC probe alarm
PIA	☐ [PTC1 alarm] (P1A): Probe alarm 1
P 2 A	[PTC2 alarm] (P2A): Probe alarm 2
E F A U S A	☐ [Ext. fault al.] (EFA): External fault alarm ☐ [Under V. al.] (USA): Undervoltage alarm
0 3 A A n A	☐ [slipping al.] (AnA): Slipping alarm
CEA	☐ [I attained] (CtA): Current threshold attained ([Current threshold] (Ctd) page 69)
FEA	☐ [Freq.Th.att.] (FtA): Frequency threshold attained ([Freq. threshold] (Ftd) page (70)
F 2 A	☐ [Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2A): Frequency threshold 2 attained ([Freq. Th. 2 attain.] (F2d) page 70)
5 r A	☐ [Freq.ref.att] (SrA): Frequency reference attained
E S A	☐ [Th.mot. att.] (tSA): Motor 1 thermal state attained
£ 5 2	☐ [Th.mot2 att] (tS2): Motor 2 thermal state attained
£ 5 3	☐ [Th.mot3 att] (tS3): Motor 3 thermal state attained
UPA	☐ [Uvolt warn] (UPA): Undervoltage warning
FLA	☐ [HSP attain.] (FLA): High speed attained
E H A	☐ [Al. °C drv] (tHA): Drive overheating
Ь S Я	☐ [Load mvt al] (bSA): Braking speed alarm
ь с я	☐ [Brk cont. al] (bCA): Brake contact alarm
PEE	☐ [PID error al] (PEE): PID error alarm
PFA	[PID fdbk al.] (PFA): PID feedback alarm
AP2	[Al2 Al. 4-20] (AP2): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input A12
AP3	☐ [Al3 Al. 4-20] (AP3): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al3
AP4	[Al4 Al. 4-20] (AP4): Alarm indicating absence of 4-20 mA signal on input Al4
5 S A	[Lim T/l att.] (SSA): Torque limit alarm
FAG	☐ [Th. drv. att.] (tAd): Drive thermal state attained
E J A	☐ [IGBT alarm] (tJA): IGBT alarm
r L A 6 O A	☐ [Torque Control al.] (rtA): Torque control alarm ☐ [Brake R. al.] (bOA): Braking resistor temperature alarm
8 U A A P A	☐ [Option al.] (APA): Alarm generated by an option card.
Ur A	☐ [Regen. underV. al.] (UrA): Reserved.
r 5 d A	☐ [Rope slack alarm] (rSdA): Rope slack (see [Rope slack config.] (rSd) parameter page 195)
EEHA	☐ [High torque alarm] (ttHA): Motor torque overshooting high threshold [High torque thd.] (ttH) page 69.
EELA	☐ [Low torque alarm] (ttLA): Motor torque undershooting low threshold [Low torque thd.] (ttL) page 69.
F9LA	☐ [Freq. meter Alarm] (FqLA): Measured speed threshold attained: [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 70.
d L d A	☐ [Dynamic load alarm] (dLdA): Load variation detection (see [DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT.] (dLd-) page <u>262</u> ).
	See the multiple selection procedure on page 31 for the integrated display terminal, and page 22 for the graphic
	display terminal.
<i>₽5C-</i>	■ [ALARM GRP2 DEFINITION]
	Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)
A 3 C -	■ [ALARM GRP3 DEFINITION]
	Identical to [ALARM GRP1 DEFINITION] (A1C-)

### With graphic display terminal:



### With integrated display terminal:



The parameters in the [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and no run command is present.

#### Command and reference channels

Run commands (forward, reverse, stop, etc.) and references can be sent using the following channels:

Control	Reference
Terminals: logic inputs LI Graphic display terminal Integrated Modbus Integrated CANopen Communication card Controller Inside card	<ul> <li>Terminals: analog inputs AI, frequency input, encoder</li> <li>Graphic display terminal</li> <li>Integrated Modbus</li> <li>Integrated CANopen</li> <li>Communication card</li> <li>Controller Inside card</li> <li>+/- speed via the terminals</li> <li>+/- speed via the graphic display terminal</li> </ul>

#### The behavior of the Altivar 71 can be adapted according to requirements:

- [8 serie] (SE8): To replace an Altivar 58. See the Migration Manual.
- [Not separ.] (SIM): Command and reference are sent via the same channel.
- [Separate] (SEP): Command and reference may be sent via different channels.

In these configurations, control via the communication bus is performed in accordance with the DRIVECOM standard with only 5 freely-assignable bits (see Communication Parameters Manual). The application functions cannot be accessed via the communication interface.

• [I/O profile] (IO): The command and the reference can come from different channels. This configuration both simplifies and extends use via the communication interface.

Commands may be sent via the logic inputs on the terminals or via the communication bus.

When commands are sent via a bus, they are available on a word, which acts as virtual terminals containing only logic inputs. Application functions can be assigned to the bits in this word. More than one function can be assigned to the same bit.



Note: Stop commands from the terminals remain active even if the terminals are not the active command channel.

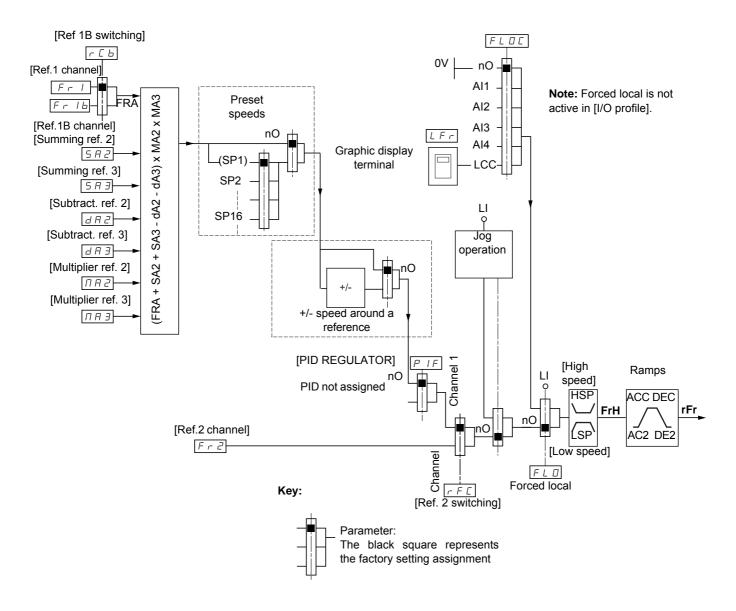


Note: The integrated Modbus channel has 2 physical communication ports:

- The Modbus network port
- The Modbus HMI port

The drive does not differentiate between these two ports, but recognizes the graphic display terminal irrespective of the port to which it is connected.

# Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO) configurations, PID not configured



#### Instructions

#### Fr1, SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3, MA2, MA3:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

· Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SIM:

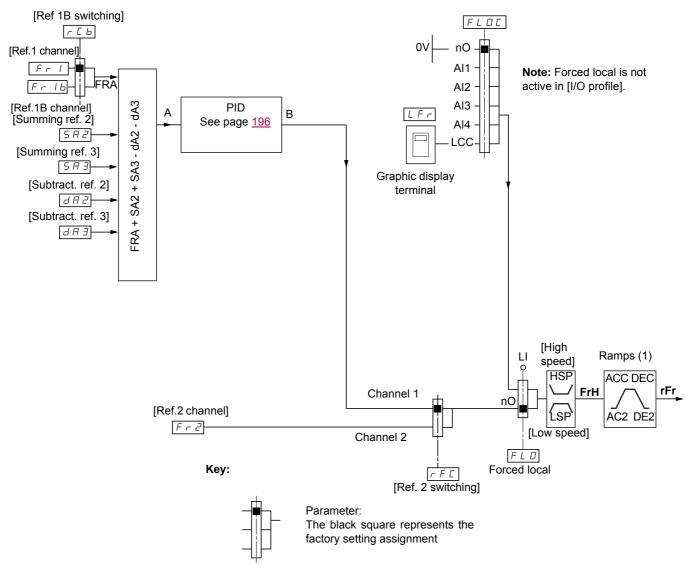
• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

#### Fr2:

Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/speed

Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

# Reference channel for [Not separ.] (SIM), [Separate] (SEP) and [I/O profile] (IO) configurations, PID configured with PID references at the terminals



#### Instructions

#### Fr1:

· Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SEP and IO:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

#### Fr1b, for SIM:

• Terminals, only accessible if Fr1 = terminals

#### SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3:

· Terminals only

#### Fr2:

- Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card, and +/speed
- (1) Ramps not active if the PID function is active in automatic mode.

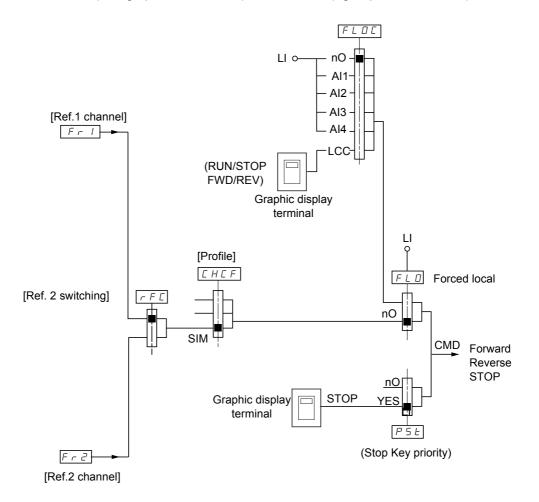
Note: [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b) and [Ref 1B switching] (rCb) must be configured in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (Fun-) menu.

### Command channel for [Not separ.] (SIM) configuration

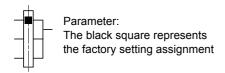
#### Reference and command, not separate

The command channel is determined by the reference channel. Parameters Fr1, Fr2, rFC, FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is Fr1 = Al1 (analog input at the terminals), control is via LI (logic input at the terminals).



#### Key:



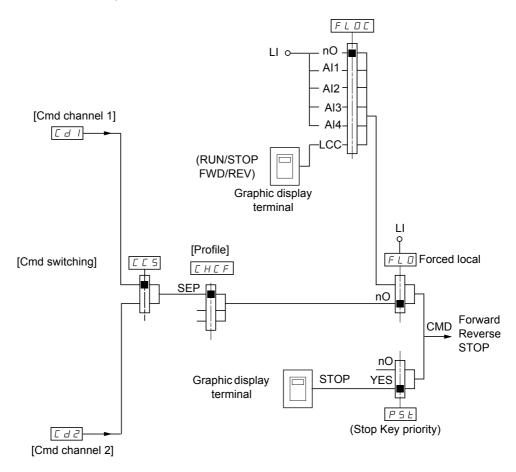
### Command channel for [Separate] (SEP) configuration

#### Separate reference and command

Parameters FLO and FLOC are common to reference and command.

Example: If the reference is in forced local mode via Al1 (analog input at the terminals), command in forced local mode is via LI (logic input at the terminals).

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.







#### Parameter:

The black rectangle represents the factory setting assignment, except for [Profile].

#### **Commands**

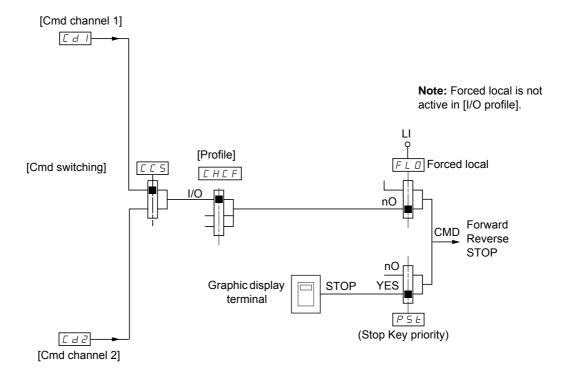
#### Cd1, Cd2:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

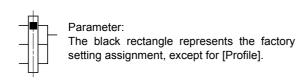
### Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration

#### Separate reference and command, as in [Separate] (SEP) configuration

The command channels Cd1 and Cd2 are independent of the reference channels Fr1, Fr1b and Fr2.







#### **Commands**

#### Cd1, Cd2:

• Terminals, graphic display terminal, integrated Modbus, integrated CANopen, communication card, Controller Inside card

### Command channel for [I/O profile] (IO) configuration

#### Selection of a command channel:

A command or an action can be assigned:

- · To a fixed channel by selecting an LI input or a Cxxx bit:
  - By selecting e.g., LI3, this action will always be triggered by LI3 regardless of which command channel is switched.
  - By selecting e.g., C214, this action will always be triggered by integrated CANopen with bit 14 regardless of which command channel is switched.
- · To a switchable channel by selecting a CDxx bit:
  - By selecting, e.g., CD11, this action will be triggered by

LI12 if the terminals channel is active

C111 if the integrated Modbus channel is active

C211 if the integrated CANopen channel is active

C311 if the communication card channel is active

C411 if the Controller Inside card channel is active

If the active channel is the graphic display terminal, the functions and commands assigned to CDxx switchable internal bits are inactive.

#### Note:

• CD14 and CD15 can only be used for switching between 2 networks. They do not have equivalent logic inputs.

Terminals	Integrated Modbus	Integrated CANopen	Communication card	Controller Inside card	Internal bit, can be switched
					CD00
LI2 (1)	C101 (1)	C201 (1)	C301 (1)	C401 (1)	CD01
LI3	C102	C202	C302	C402	CD02
LI4	C103	C203	C303	C403	CD03
LI5	C104	C204	C304	C404	CD04
LI6	C105	C205	C305	C405	CD05
LI7	C106	C206	C306	C406	CD06
LI8	C107	C207	C307	C407	CD07
LI9	C108	C208	C308	C408	CD08
LI10	C109	C209	C309	C409	CD09
LI11	C110	C210	C310	C410	CD10
LI12	C111	C211	C311	C411	CD11
LI13	C112	C212	C312	C412	CD12
LI14	C113	C213	C313	C413	CD13
-	C114	C214	C314	C414	CD14
-	C115	C215	C315	C415	CD15

(1) If [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 108 = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301, and C401 cannot be accessed.

### Assignment conditions for logic inputs and control bits

The following elements are available for every command or function that can be assigned to a logic input or a control bit:

	1
[LI1] (LI1) to	Drive with or without option
[LI6] (LI6)	
[LI7] (LI7) to	With VW3A3201 logic I/O card
[LI10] (LI10)	
[LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14)	With VW3A3202 extended I/O card
[C101] (C101) to [C110] (C110)	With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115)	With integrated Modbus regardless of configuration
[C201] (C201) to [C210] (C210)	With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215)	With integrated CANopen regardless of configuration
[C301] (C301) to [C310] (C310)	With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315)	With a communication card regardless of configuration
[C401] (C401) to [C410] (C410)	With Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415)	With Controller Inside card regardless of configuration
[CD00] (Cd00) to [CD10] (Cd10)	In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration
[CD11] (Cd11) to [CD15] (Cd15)	Regardless of configuration



Note: In [I/O profile] (IO) configuration, LI1 cannot be accessed and if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 108 = [3 wire] (3C), LI2, C101, C201, C301 and C401 cannot be accessed either.

# **WARNING**

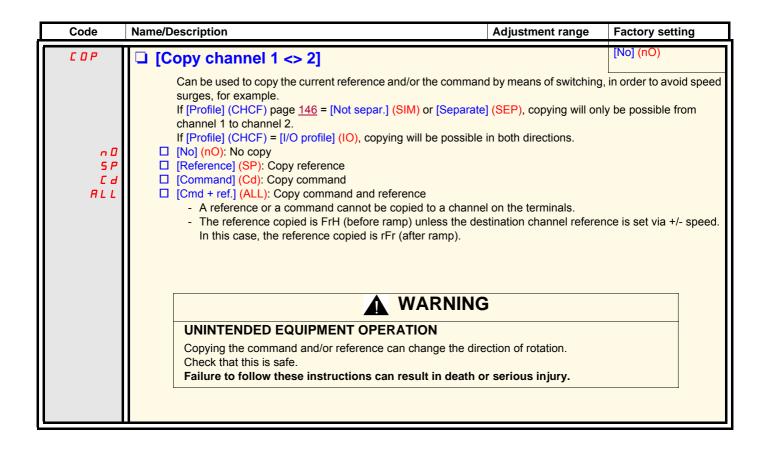
### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Inactive communication channels are not monitored (no lock following malfunction in the event of a communication bus failure). Make sure that the commands and functions assigned to bits C101 to C415 will not pose a risk in the event of the failure of the associated communication bus.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Frl	☐ [Ref.1 channel]		[Al1] (Al1)
A I I A I 2 A I 3 A I 4 L C C N d b C A c E L A P P P I P G	☐ [AI1] (AI1): Analog input ☐ [AI2] (AI2): Analog input ☐ [AI3] (AI3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension ca ☐ [AI4] (AI4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension ca ☐ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal ☐ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus ☐ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen ☐ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) ☐ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) ☐ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension ☐ [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has	ted) card has been inserted,	
r In	☐ [RV Inhibition]		[No] (nO)
7 E S	☐ [No] (nO) ☐ [Yes] (YES) Inhibition of movement in reverse direction, does no - Reverse direction requests sent by logic inputs - Reverse direction requests sent by the graphic - Reverse direction requests sent by the line are - Any reverse speed reference originating from the	are taken into account. display terminal are not taken into not taken into account.	account.
P 5 E	☐ [Stop Key priority]		[Yes] (YES)
7 E S	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO)</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Gives priority to the STOP key on the gis not enabled as the command channel.</li> <li>Press and hold down ENT for 2 seconds in order for to be taken into account.</li> <li>This will be a freewheel stop. If the active command performed according to the [Type of stop] (Stt) page (PSt).</li> </ul>	any change in the assignment of	Stop Key priority] (PSt) minal, the stop will be
CHCF	☐ [Profile]		[Not separ.] (SIM)
5 E 8	☐ [8 serie] (SE8): ATV58 interchangeability (see Migra load, via PC-Software, for example, an ATV58 drive configuration. This assignment cannot be accessed Note: Modifications to the configuration of the is in this configuration, otherwise operation of the Note: Modification o	configuration in an ATV71 that has if a Controller Inside card has bee ne ATV71 must only be made usin	already been set to this n inserted.
5 I N 5 E P I D	☐ [Not separ.] (SIM): Reference and command, not se☐ [Separate] (SEP): Separate reference and command☐ [I/O profile] (IO): I/O profile		ssed in [I/O profile] (IO).
	When [8 serie] (SE8) is selected and [I/O profile] (IO) setting (this is mandatory). This factory setting only a [1.9 COMMUNICATION] or [1.5 PROGRAMMABLE - With the graphic display terminal, a screen app the screen.  - With the integrated display terminal, press ENT return to the factory setting.	affects the [1 DRIVE MENU] menu. CARD]. ears to perform this operation. Fol	It does not affect either low the instructions on

Code	Name/Description Adju	stment range	Factory setting
<i>C C S</i>	☐ [Cmd switching]		[ch1 active] (Cd1)
C 9 5	The parameter can be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SE ☐ [ch1 active] (Cd1): [Cmd channel 1] (Cd1) active (no switching) ☐ [ch2 active] (Cd2): [Cmd channel 2] (Cd2) active (no switching)	EP) or [I/O profile]	(IO)
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	:  [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145 (not CDOO to	CD14).	
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Cmd channel 1] (Cd1) is If the assigned input or bit is at 1, channel [Cmd channel 2] (Cd2) is		
C d I	☐ [Cmd channel 1]		[Terminals] (tEr)
EE	☐ [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals ☐ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal ☐ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus ☐ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen ☐ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) ☐ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or	[I/O profile] (IO).	
C 4 2	☐ [Cmd channel 2]		[Modbus] (Mdb)
E E r L C C N d b C A n n E b A P P	☐ [Terminals] (tEr): Terminals ☐ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal ☐ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus ☐ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen ☐ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) ☐ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) The parameter is available if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or	[I/O profile] (IO).	
rFC	☐ [Ref. 2 switching]		[ch1 active] (Fr1)
Fr I Fr 2 L I I - -	☐ [ch1 active] (Fr1): no switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active ☐ [ch2 active] (Fr2): no switching, [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) active ☐ [LI1] (LI1) ☐ : ☐ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145 (not CDOO to	CD14).	
	If the assigned input or bit is at 0, channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) is at If the assigned bit or input is at 1, channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) is at		
Fr2	☐ [Ref.2 channel]		[No] (nO)
n 0 Я I I	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Not assigned. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) the reference. If [Profile] (CHCF) = [Separate] (SEP) or [I/O profile] (IO)</li> <li>□ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input</li> </ul>		
A 12 A 13 A 14 UP d L C C N d b C A n n E L	□ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input □ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inse □ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inse □ [+/- Speed] (UPdt): +/- Speed command □ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal □ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus □ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)		
ЯРР Р I Р G	<ul> <li>□ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)</li> <li>□ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been in [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> </ul>	serted	



## [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)

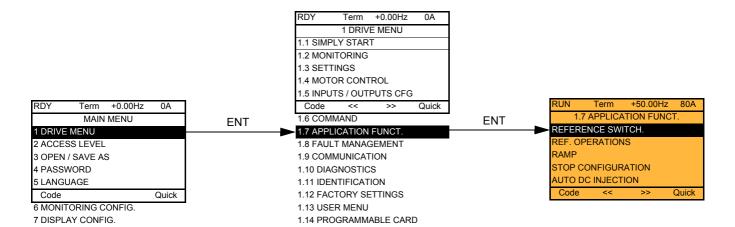
As the graphic display terminal may be selected as the command and/or reference channel, its action modes can be configured. The parameters on this page can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal, and not on the integrated display terminal.

#### Comments:

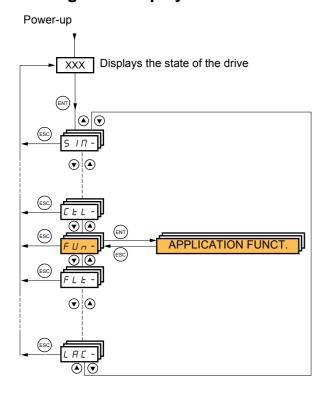
- The display terminal command/reference is only active if the command and/or reference channels from the terminal are active with the exception of [T/K] (command via the display terminal), which takes priority over these channels. Press [T/K] (command via the display terminal) again to revert control to the selected channel.
- · Command and reference via the display terminal are impossible if the latter is connected to more than one drive.
- The JOG, preset speed and +/- speed functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM).
- The preset PID reference functions can only be accessed if [Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) or [Separate] (SEP)
- The [T/K] (command via the display terminal) can be accessed regardless of the [Profile] (CHCF).

Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting				
☐ [F1 key assignment]		[No]				
<ul> <li>□ [No]: Not assigned</li> <li>□ [Jog]: JOG operation</li> <li>□ [Preset spd2]: Press the key to run the drive at the 2<sup>nd</sup> preset speed [Preset drive.</li> <li>□ [Preset spd3]: Press the key to run the drive at the 3<sup>rd</sup> preset speed [Preset drive.</li> <li>□ [PID ref. 2]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 2<sup>nd</sup> preset PID reference [Preset speed]</li> </ul>	speed 3] (SP3) page <u>169</u> . F	Press STOP to stop the				
run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function.  [PID ref. 3]: Sets a PID reference equal to the 3 <sup>rd</sup> preset PID reference [Preset ref. PID 3] (rP3) page 204, without sending a run command. Only operates if [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) = [HMI] (LCC). Does not operate with the [T/K] function.  [+speed]: Faster, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC). Press the key to run the drive and increase the speed Press STOP to stop the drive.  [-speed]: Slower, only operates if [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [HMI] (LCC) and if a different key has been assigned to [+ speed] Press the key to run the drive and decrease the speed. Press STOP to stop the drive.  [T/K]: Command via the display terminal: takes priority over [Cmd switching] (CCS) and over [Ref. 2 switching] (rFC).						
☐ [F2 key assignment]		[No]				
Identical to [F1 key assignment].						
☐ [F3 key assignment]		[No]				
Identical to [F1 key assignment].						
☐ [F4 key assignment]		[No]				
Identical to [F1 key assignment].						
□ [HMI cmd.]		[Stop]				
When the [T/K] function is assigned to a key and that function is active, this parameter defines the behavior at the moment when control returns to the graphic display terminal.  [Stop]: Stops the drive (although the controlled direction of operation and reference of the previous channel are copied (to be take into account on the next RUN command)).  [Bumpless]: Does not stop the drive (the controlled direction of operation and the reference of the previous channel are copied).						

## With graphic display terminal:



## With integrated display terminal:



## **Summary of functions:**

REFERENCE SWITT  RI - [REF. OPERATIONS  PE - [RAMP]  SEE - [STOP CONFIGURA  RdC - [AUTO DC INJECTIO  JDG - [JOG]  PSS - [PRESET SPEEDS]  UPd - [+/- SPEED]  SrE - [+/-SPEED AROUND  SPN - [MEMO REFERENCE  LSE - [LIMIT SWITCHES]  BLC - [BRAKE LOGIC CON  ROLLBACK MGT]	157 158 TION] 162 ON] 164 166 168 171 PREF.] 173
RAMP    SEE -   [RAMP]   SEE -   [STOP CONFIGURA'     Rd	158 TION] 162 DN] 164 166 168 171 PREF.] 173 E] 174
5 L L - [STOP CONFIGURA]  ### C - [AUTO DC INJECTION  ### DE - [JOG]  ### P55 - [PRESET SPEEDS]  ### UP## - [+/- SPEED]  5 r E - [+/- SPEED AROUND  5 P II - [MEMO REFERENCI  L 5 L - [LIMIT SWITCHES]  ### L C - [BRAKE LOGIC CON	TION] 162  DN] 164  166  168  171  DREF.] 173  E] 174
### FACT - [AUTO DC INJECTION    JOG - [JOG]  P55 - [PRESET SPEEDS]  UP4 - [+/- SPEED]  5 - E - [+/- SPEED AROUND    5 - P - [MEMO REFERENCE    L5 - [LIMIT SWITCHES]  BL C - [BRAKE LOGIC CON	DN] 164 166 168 171 2 REF.] 173 E] 174
JDG - [JOG]  P55 - [PRESET SPEEDS]  UPd - [+/- SPEED]  5 r E - [+/-SPEED AROUND  5 P II - [MEMO REFERENCI  L 5 L - [LIMIT SWITCHES]  b L C - [BRAKE LOGIC CON	166 168 171 173 E] 174
P55- [PRESET SPEEDS]  UPd- [+/- SPEED]  5rE- [+/- SPEED AROUND  5PN- [MEMO REFERENCE  L5E- [LIMIT SWITCHES]  bLC- [BRAKE LOGIC CON	168 171 0 REF.] 173 E] 174
UPd- [+/- SPEED]  5 r E - [+/- SPEED AROUND  5 P \( \Pi \) - [MEMO REFERENC!  L 5 L - [LIMIT SWITCHES]  b L \( \Circ \) [BRAKE LOGIC CON	171 0 REF.] 173 E] 174
5 r E - [+/-SPEED AROUND 5 P II - [MEMO REFERENCI L 5 L - [LIMIT SWITCHES] b L C - [BRAKE LOGIC CON	PREF.] 173 E] 174
5 P N - [MEMO REFERENCI L 5 L - [LIMIT SWITCHES] L C - [BRAKE LOGIC CON	<u>174</u>
L 5 E - [LIMIT SWITCHES]  b L C - [BRAKE LOGIC CON	-
<b>BRAKE LOGIC CON</b>	<u>176</u>
гып - [ROLLBACK MGT]	ITROL] <u>181</u>
1	<u>188</u>
<b>ELΠ</b> - [EXTERNAL WEIGHT	T MEAS.] <u>190</u>
H5H- [HIGH SPEED HOIS"	TING] <u>195</u>
PId- [PID REGULATOR]	200
Pr I - [PID PRESET REFEI	RENCES] <u>204</u>
<b>L</b> □r - [TORQUE CONTROL	<u>206</u>
E OL - [TORQUE LIMITATION	ON] <u>209</u>
[2nd CURRENT LIMI	T.] <u>211</u>
LLC - [LINE CONTACTOR	COMMAND] 213
D C C -   [OUTPUT CONTACT	OR CMD] <u>215</u>
LPD- [POSITIONING BY S	ENSORS] 219
<b>TLP</b> - [PARAM. SET SWITC	CHING] <u>222</u>
ΠΠΕ - [MULTIMOTORS/CO	NFIG.] <u>226</u>
<b>L</b> r □ - [TRAVERSE CONTR	OL] <u>232</u>
15P - [INSPECTION MODE	234
rFE - [EVACUATION]	<u>235</u>
HFF - [HALF FLOOR]	<u>236</u>
<b>d</b> € □ - [DC BUS SUPPLY]	<u>237</u>
LOP Z MANAGEME	NT] <u>238</u>
<b>FFE</b> - [REGEN CONNECTI	ON] <u>239</u>

The parameters in the [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a  $\Omega$  symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

Note: Compatibility of functions

The choice of application functions may be limited by the number of I/O and by the fact that some functions are incompatible with one another. Functions that are not listed in the table below are fully compatible.

If there is an incompatibility between functions, the first function configured will prevent the others being configured.

Each of the functions on the following pages can be assigned to one of the inputs or outputs.

A single input can activate several functions at the same time (reverse and 2<sup>nd</sup> ramp for example), The user must therefore ensure that these functions can be used at the same time. It is only possible to assign one input to several functions at [Advanced] (AdU) and [Expert] (EPr) levels.

Before assigning a command, reference or function to an input or output, the user must make sure that this input or output has not already been assigned and that another input or output has not been assigned to an incompatible or undesirable function. The drive factory setting or macro configurations automatically configure functions, which may prevent other functions being assigned. It may be necessary to unconfigure one or more functions in order to be able to enable another. Check the compatibility table below.

## **Compatibility table**

	Reference operations (page 157)	+/- speed (3) (page <u>171</u> )	Management of limit switches (page 176)	Preset speeds (page <u>168)</u>	PID regulator (page <u>200</u> )	Traverse control (page 232)	JOG operation (page <u>166</u> )	Brake logic control (page <u>181</u> )	Catch on the fly (page 246)	DC injection stop (page 162)	Fast stop (page 162)	Freewheel stop (page 162)	Stop on top Z (page 238)	+/- speed around a reference (page 173)	High speed hoisting (page <u>195</u> )	Torque control (page 206)	Load sharing (page 104)	Positioning by sensors (page 219)	Open-loop synchronous motor (page 87)	Closed-loop synchronous motor (page 88)	Measure of the angle motor /encoder (page 89)
Reference operations (page <u>157</u> )				1	<b>●</b> (4)		1									●(1)					
+/- speed (3) (page <u>171</u> )						•	•									●(1)					
Management of limit switches (page 176)					•																
Preset speeds (page <u>168</u> )	+						1									●(1)					
PID regulator (page 200)	<b>●</b> (4)		•			•	•	•						•	•	●(1)	•	•			
Traverse control (page <u>232</u> )		•			•		•							•	•	●(1)					
JOG operation (page <u>166</u> )	+	•		+	•	•		•						•	•	●(1)					
Brake logic control (page 181)					•		•		•	•						•			•		●(5)
Catch on the fly (page 246)								•								●(1)					
DC injection stop (page 162)								•			●(2)	Ť	●(2)						•	•	
Fast stop (page <u>162</u> )										<b>●</b> (2)		t	●(2)								
Freewheel stop (page <u>162</u> )										+	+		+								
Stop on top Z (page 238)										<b>●</b> (2)	<b>●</b> (2)	t									
+/- speed around a reference (page 173)					•	•	•									●(1)					
High speed hoisting (page 195)					•	•	•									•		•			
Torque control (page 206)	<b>●</b> (1)	<b>●</b> (1)		<b>●</b> (1)	<b>●</b> (1)	<b>●</b> (1)	<b>●</b> (1)	•	●(1)					<b>●</b> (1)	•		•	●(1)	•		
Load sharing (page 104)					•											•					
Positioning by sensors (page 219)					•										•	●(1)					
Open-loop synchronous motor (page <u>87</u> )								•		•						•					
Closed-loop synchronous motor (page 88)										•											
Measure of the angle motor /encoder (page 89)								●(5)													

(1)	T(	orque	control	and	these	functions	are	only	/ incompatible	while	torque	control	mode	is act	ive.
-----	----	-------	---------	-----	-------	-----------	-----	------	----------------	-------	--------	---------	------	--------	------

Incompatible functions	Compatible functions	Not applicable							
Priority functions (functions, which cannot be active at the same time):									
← ↑ The function indicated b	y the arrow has priority over the other.								

Stop functions have priority over run commands.

Speed references via logic command have priority over analog references.

**Note:** This compatibility table does not affect commands that can be assigned to the keys of the graphic display terminal (see page <u>149</u>).

<sup>(2)</sup> Priority is given to the first of these two stop modes to be activated.

<sup>(3)</sup> Excluding special application with reference channel Fr2 (see diagrams on pages 139 and 140).

<sup>(4)</sup> Only the multiplier reference is incompatible with the PID regulator.

<sup>(5)</sup> These 2 functions are incompatible only if [Angle setting type] (ASt) = [W/o load] (nLd).

### Incompatible functions

The following functions will be inaccessible or deactivated in the cases described below:

#### **Automatic restart**

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page 108.

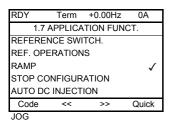
### Catch a spinning load

This is only possible for control type [2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). See page 108.

This function is locked if automatic injection on stop [Auto DC injection] (AdC) = [Continuous] (Ct). See page 164.

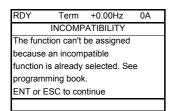
The SUP- monitoring menu (page 46) can be used to display the functions assigned to each input in order to check their compatibility.

When a function is assigned, a  $\checkmark$  appears on the graphic display terminal, as illustrated in the example below:



If you attempt to assign a function that is incompatible with another function that has already been assigned, an alarm message will appear:

With the graphic display terminal:



With the integrated display terminal:

COMP flashes until ENT or ESC is pressed.

When you assign a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit to a function, pressing the HELP button will display the functions that may already have been activated by this input, bit or channel.

When a logic input, an analog input, a reference channel or a bit that has already been assigned is assigned to another function, the following screens appear:

With the graphic display terminal:

RUN	+50.00Hz	1250A	+50.00Hz
٧	VARNING - A	ASSIGNE	D TO
Ref. 2	switching		
ENT	->Continue	ESC-	>Cancel

If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment. If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT results in the following display:

RUN	+50.00Hz	1250A	+50.00Hz
Α	SSIGNMEN	T FORBI	DDEN
Un-as:	sign the pres	ent	
functio	ns, or select		
Advan	ced access l	evel	

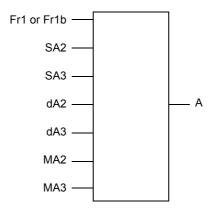
### With the integrated display terminal:

The code for the first function, which is already assigned, is displayed flashing.

If the access level permits this new assignment, pressing ENT confirms the assignment.

If the access level does not permit this new assignment, pressing ENT has no effect, and the message continues to flash. It is only possible to exit by pressing ESC.

## Summing input/Subtracting input/Multiplier

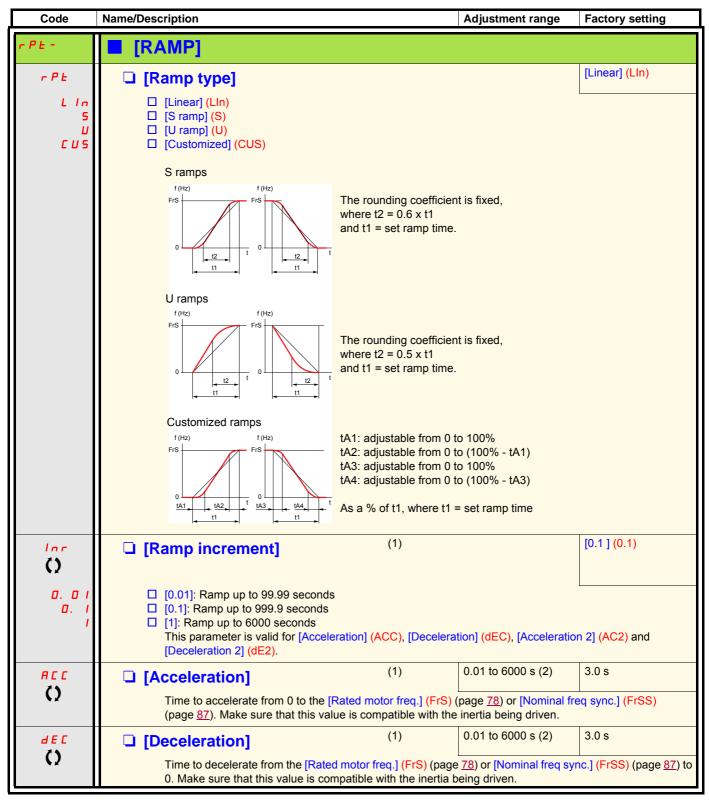


 $A = (Fr1 \text{ or } Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) \times MA2 \times MA3$ 

- If SA2, SA3, dA2, dA3 are not assigned, they are set to 0.
- If MA2, MA3 are not assigned, they are set to 1.
- A is limited by the minimum LSP and maximum HSP parameters.
- For multiplication, the signal on MA2 or MA3 is interpreted as a %; 100% corresponds to the maximum value of the corresponding input. If MA2 or MA3 is sent via the communication bus or graphic display terminal, an MFr multiplication variable, page 52 must be sent via the bus or graphic display terminal.
- Reversal of the direction of operation in the event of a negative result can be inhibited (see page 146).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
rEF-	■ [REFERENCE SWITCH.]		
r[b	☐ [Ref 1B switching] See the diagrams on pages 139 and 140.		[ch1 active] (Fr1)
Fr I Fr Ib	☐ [ch1 active] (Fr1): no switching, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) active ☐ [ch1B active] (Fr1b): no switching, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b)		
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1) :		
Ξ.	: □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>145</u> (not 0	CDOO to CD14).	
	<ul> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0, [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) is</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 1, [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1b</li> </ul>		
	[Ref 1B switching] (rCb) is forced to [ch1 active] (Fr1) if [Pr channel] (Fr1) assigned via the terminals (analog inputs, e		
FrIb	☐ [Ref.1B channel]		[No] (nO)
.0 A     A   2 A   3 A   4 L C C U d b C A n C E b A P P P C	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input □ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input □ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has □ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has □ [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal □ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus □ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen □ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted) □ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted) □ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been in Note:  In the following instances, only assignments via the termin	been inserted as been inserted aserted	
	<ul> <li>[Profile] (CHCF) = [Not separ.] (SIM) with [Ref.1 changing inputs, encoder, pulse input); see page 146.</li> <li>PID configured with PID references via the terminals</li> </ul>		ne terminals (analog

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
OA 1-	[REF. OPERATIONS]  Reference = (Fr1 or Fr1b + SA2 + SA3 - dA2 - dA3) x MA2 x MA3. See the diagra  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the	
5 A 2	☐ [Summing ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
6 0 8 1 1 8 1 2 8 1 4 6 0 7 0 8 0 8 1 0 1	Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (No] (NO): No source assigned  [No] (NO): No source assigned  [Al1] (Al1): Analog input  [Al2] (Al2): Analog input  [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted  [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted  [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal  [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus  [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen  [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)  [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)  [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted  [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted  [Network Al] (AIU1): Virtual input via communication bus, can be configured usin page 117.  WARNING  UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION  If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 269), the virtual input value transmitted.  Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration.  Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.	ng [Al net. channel] (AIC1)
5 A 3	□ [Summing ref. 3]  Selection of a reference to be added to [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channe  • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	[No] (nO) ] (Fr1b).
<b>4</b> R ≥	☐ [Subtract. ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B content of the subtracted from [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	hannel] (Fr1b).
4 A 3	☐ [Subtract. ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a reference to be subtracted from [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B content of the subtracted from [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	hannel] (Fr1b).
ПЯ≥	☐ [Multiplier ref. 2]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1  • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	b).
ПЯЭ	☐ [Multiplier ref. 3]	[No] (nO)
	Selection of a multiplier reference [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1) or [Ref.1B channel] (Fr1  • Possible assignments are identical to [Summing ref. 2] (SA2) above.	b).



<sup>(1)</sup> The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

<sup>(2)</sup> Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr).

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[RAMP] (continued)				
E A I	☐ [Begin Acc round]	(1)	0 to 100%	10%	
O	<ul> <li>Rounding of start of acceleration ram ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and 100%</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if the</li> </ul>			. ,	
E A ≥	☐ [End Acc round]	(1)		10%	
O	<ul> <li>Rounding of end of acceleration ramp as a % of the [Acceleration] (ACC) or [Acceleration 2] (AC2) ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Acc round] (tA1))</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] (rPt) is [Customized] (CUS).</li> </ul>				
Ŀ Ħ ∃	☐ [Begin Dec round]	(1)	0 to 100%	10%	
O	<ul> <li>Rounding of start of deceleration ram ramp time.</li> <li>Can be set between 0 and 100%</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if the</li> </ul>				
E A 4	☐ [End Dec round]	(1)		10%	
- Rounding of end of deceleration ramp as a % of the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [D time Can be set between 0 and (100% - [Begin Dec round] (tA3)) - The parameter can be accessed if the [Ramp type] (rPt) is [Customized] (CU					

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustmen	t range	Factory setting		
	[RAMP] (continued)						
FrE	☐ [Ramp 2 threshold	]	0 to 500 or according to		0 Hz		
	Ramp switching threshold The 2 <sup>nd</sup> ramp is switched if the value of Frt is not 0 (0 deactivates the function) and the output frequency is greater than Frt. Threshold ramp switching can be combined with [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) switching as follows:						
	LI or bit	Frequency	Ramp				
	0	<frt< th=""><th>ACC, dEC</th><th></th><th></th></frt<>	ACC, dEC				
	0	>Frt	AC2, dE2				
	1	<frt< th=""><th>AC2, dE2</th><th></th><th></th></frt<>	AC2, dE2				
	1	>Frt	AC2, dE2				
r P 5	☐ [Ramp switch ass.] [No] (nO)				[No] (nO)		
n D L I I - - -	☐ [No] (nO): Not assigned ☐ [LI1] (LI1) ∴ ∴ ☐ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145 ACC and dEC are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 0 AC2 and dE2 are enabled when the assigned input or bit is at 1.						
AC 2	☐ [Acceleration 2]	(1)	0.01 to 600	0 s (2)	5.0 s		
()	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) or [Nominal freq sync.] (FrSS) (page <u>87</u> ). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.  The parameter can be accessed if [Ramp 2 threshold] (Frt) > 0 or if [Ramp switch ass.] (rPS) is assigned.						
<i>d E 2</i>	☐ [Deceleration 2]	(1)	0.01 to 600	0 s (2)	5.0 s		
O	Time to decelerate from that this value is compa	Rated motor freq.] (FrS) tible with the inertia being accessed if [Ramp 2 thres	driven.				

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

<sup>(1)</sup> The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page  $\underline{158}$ .

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[RAMP] (continued)		
ЬгЯ	☐ [Dec ramp adapt.]		[Yes] (YES)
n 0 4 E 5	Activating this function automatically adapts the for the inertia of the load, which can cause an [No] (nO): Function inactive [Yes] (YES): Function active, for applications to The following selections appear depending on They enable stronger deceleration to be obtain determine your selection.	overvoltage fault.  hat do not require strong deceleratio the rating of the drive and [Motor con	n. trol type] (Ctt) page <u>72</u> .
9 7 V C 9 7 V P 9 7 V B	When [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is configured on are improved by the addition of a current flow or energy stored in the motor.  [High torq. A] (dYnA): Addition of a constant of [High torq. B] (dYnb): Addition of a current flow amplitude.  [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is forced to [No] (nO) if (page 181), or if [Braking balance] (bbA) page 10 (dYnA) with certain ratings if [Sinus filter] (OFI)  The function is incompatible with applications of a positioning on a ramp  The use of a braking resistor (the resistor of the page 100) or [Yes] (YES) (see page 161).	urrent flow component.  w component oscillating at 100 Hz w component oscillating at 200 Hz b the brake logic control[Brake assignn 4 = [Yes] (YES). The factory setting cl page 74 = [Yes] (YES). requiring: would not operate correctly)	ut with a greater nent] (bLC) is assigned hanges to [High torq. A]
	C	AUTION	
	Do not use [High torq. B] (dYnB) or [High tormagnet synchronous motor, as it will be den Failure to follow this instruction can resu	nagnetized.	tor is a permanent

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting		
5 E E -	[STOP CONFIGURATION] Note: Some types of stop cannot be used with all other functions. Follow page 151.	v the instructions on		
5 <i>E E</i>	☐ [Type of stop]	[Ramp stop] (rMP)		
гПР F5£ ∩5£ d[]	Stop mode on disappearance of the run command or appearance of a stop of Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.  [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop  [Freewheel stop] (nSt): Freewheel stop  [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop	command.		
	Note: If the "brake logic" function on page 181 has been enabled, or (tLS) page 64 or 203 is not 0, only ramp type stops may be configure	ed.		
FFE	☐ [Freewheel stop Thd.] (1) 0.0 to 599 Hz	0.0 Hz		
O	This parameter supports switching from a ramp stop or a fast stop to a freewheth threshold.  It can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) or [Ramp stop] (□ 0.0: Does not switch to freewheel stop. □ 0.1 to 599 Hz: Speed threshold below which the motor will switch to freewheel	MP).		
n S Ł	☐ [Freewheel stop ass.]	[No] (nO)		
- C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D C d D D D C D D D C D D D D	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible logic inputs □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic inputs			
	The stop is activated when the input or the bit changes to 0. If the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will only restart if [2/3 wire control] (tCC) page 108 = [2 wire] (2C) and the [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) or [Fwd priority] (PFO). If not, a new run command must be sent.			
FSE	☐ [Fast stop assign.]	[No] (nO)		
n 0 L	Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page  151.  [No] (nO): Not assigned  [LI1] (LI1)  : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :			
	the input returns to state 1 and the run command is still active, the motor will control] (tCC) page 108 = [2 wire] (2C) and the [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LE If not, a new run command must be sent.	only restart if [2/3 wire L) or [Fwd priority] (PFO).		
d C F	☐ [Ramp divider] (1) 0 to 10	4		
O	The parameter can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt) = [Fast stop] (FSt) and is not [No] (nO) or if (tOst) [Stop on Top Z] is not [No] (nO).  The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) is then divided by this coefficient when Value 0 corresponds to a minimum ramp time.			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	■ [STOP CONFIGURATION	(continued)			
dC I	☐ [DC injection assign.]			[No] (nO)	
	Note: This function cannot b	e used with certain ot	her functions. Follow the in	nstructions on page <u>151</u> .	
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Not assigned				
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)				
-	[] (): See the assignment conditi	ons on page <u>145</u> .			
	DC injection braking is initiated whe If the input returns to state 1 and the (tCC) page 108 = [2 wire] (2C) and run command must be sent.	run command is still a	active, the motor will only re		
IdE	☐ [DC inject. level 1]	(1) (3)	0.1 to 1.41 ln (2)	0.64 ln (2)	
()	Level of DC injection braking curren The parameter can be accessed if [7 is not [No] (nO).				
		CAUTIO	NC		
	Check that the motor will withsta Failure to follow this instruction				
Ed I	☐ [DC injection time 1]	(1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
O	Maximum current injection time [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).  The parameter can be accessed if [7 is not [No] (nO).		-		
1402	☐ [DC inject. level 2]	(1) (3)	0.1 In (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 ln (2)	
()	Injection current activated by logic inputas elapsed. The parameter can be accessed if [7 is not [No] (nO).	·			
		CAUTIO	ON		
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
E d C	☐ [DC injection time 2]	(1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s	
()	Maximum injection time [DC inject.] The parameter can be accessed if [			ode only.	
40 F d	☐ [Dis. operat opt code]			[Ramp stop] (rMp)	
n 5 Ł r П Р	Disable operation stop mode.  [Freewheel] (nSt): the drive stops in fre  [Ramp stop] (rMp): the drive stops on re				

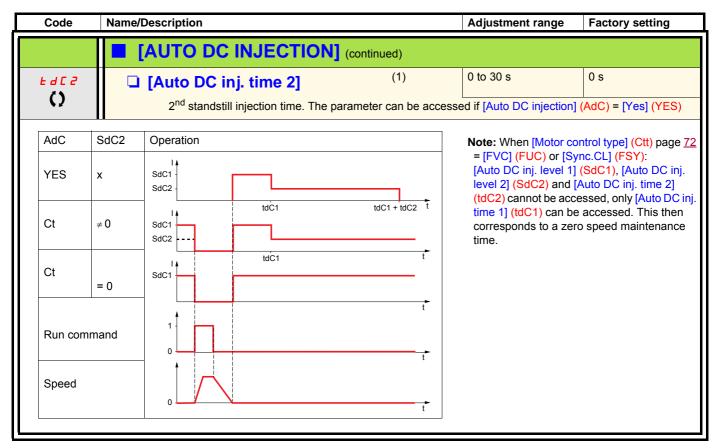
- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.
- (3) Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting		
AGC -	■ [AUTO DC INJECTION]					
#4C <b>()</b>	☐ [Auto DC injection]  Automatic current injection on stopping	(at the end of t	he ramp)	[Yes] (YES)		
C F A E 2	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): No injection.</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Adjustable injection time.</li> <li>□ [Continuous] (Ct): Continuous standstill injection.</li> <li>Warning: There is an interlock between this function and [Motor fluxing] (FLU) page 91. If [Motor fluxing] (FLU) = [Continuous] (FCt) [Auto DC injection] (Adc) must be [No] (nO).</li> <li>Note: This parameter gives rise to the injection of current even if a run command has not been sent. It can be accessed with the drive running.</li> </ul>					
5 d C 1	☐ [Auto DC inj. level 1]	(1)	0 to 1.2 In (2)	0.7 In (2)		
O	Level of standstill DC injection current. This parameter can be accessed if [Auto [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FV0] This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type]	C] (FUC) or [Syi	nc.CL] (FSY).			
		CAUTI	ON			
	Check that the motor will withstand the Failure to follow this instruction can be seen to be seen that the motor will withstand the failure to follow this instruction can be seen to be se		<u> </u>			
E d C I	☐ [Auto DC inj. time 1]	(1)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s		
O	Standstill injection time. The parameter If [Motor control type] (Ctt) page <u>72</u> = [F speed maintenance time.					
5 d C 2	☐ [Auto DC inj. level 2]	(1)	0 to 1.2 In (2)	0.5 ln (2)		
()	2 <sup>nd</sup> level of standstill DC injection current.  This parameter can be accessed if [Auto DC injection] (AdC) is not [No] (nO) and cannot be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).  This parameter is forced to 0 if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn).					
	CAUTION					
	Check that the motor will withstand to Failure to follow this instruction co		<u> </u>			

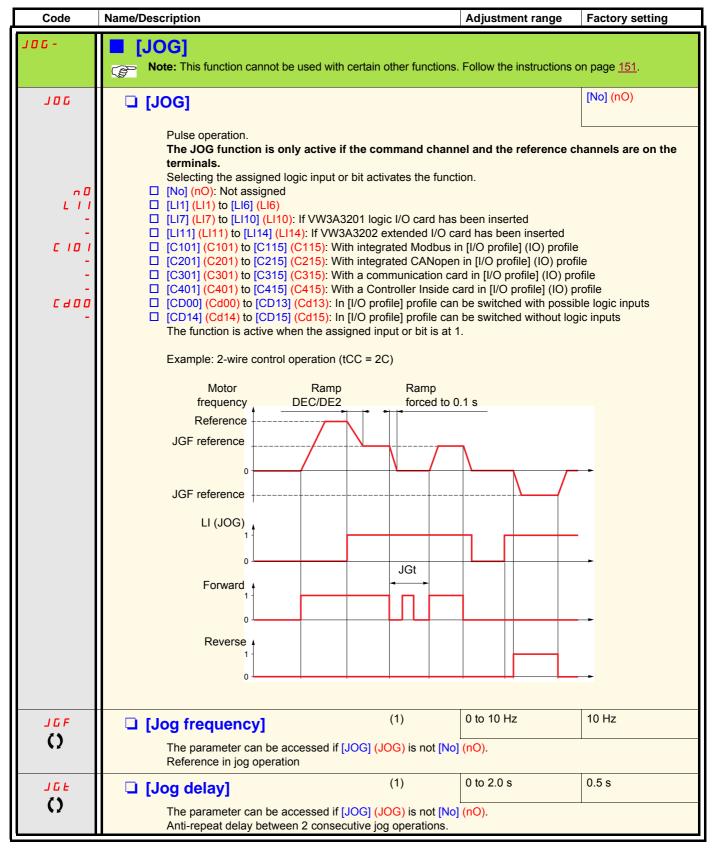
- (1)The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2)In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### **Preset speeds**

2, 4, 8 or 16 speeds can be preset, requiring 1, 2, 3 or 4 logic inputs respectively.

Note

You must configure 2 and 4 speeds in order to obtain 4 speeds. You must configure 2, 4 and 8 speeds in order to obtain 8 speeds. You must configure 2, 4, 8, and 16 speeds in order to obtain 16 speeds.

Combination table for preset speed inputs

16 speeds LI (PS16)	8 speeds LI (PS8)	4 speeds LI (PS4)	2 speeds LI (PS2)	Speed reference
0	0	0	0	Reference (1)
0	0	0	1	SP2
0	0	1	0	SP3
0	0	1	1	SP4
0	1	0	0	SP5
0	1	0	1	SP6
0	1	1	0	SP7
0	1	1	1	SP8
1	0	0	0	SP9
1	0	0	1	SP10
1	0	1	0	SP11
1	0	1	1	SP12
1	1	0	0	SP13
1	1	0	1	SP14
1	1	1	0	SP15
1	1	1	1	SP16

<sup>(1)</sup> See the diagram on page  $\underline{139}$ : Reference 1 = (SP1).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
P55-	■ [PRESET SPEEDS]	mations Fallow the inst	imustiana an naga 151
	Note: This function cannot be used with certain other fu	inctions. Follow the inst	ructions on page <u>151</u> .
P 5 2	☐ [2 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n D	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		,
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-			
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.		
P 5 4	☐ [4 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-	_ :		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.		
	To obtain 4 speeds you must also configure 2 speeds.		
P 5 8	☐ [8 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
nΩ	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)		
-	:		
-	☐ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>145</u> .		
	To obtain 8 speeds you must also configure 2 and 4 speeds	S.	[NI=1 (= O)
PS 16	☐ [16 preset speeds]		[No] (nO)
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive		
L 1 1	☐ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	☐ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>145</u> .		
	To obtain 16 speeds you must also configure 2, 4 and 8 spe	ands	
	To obtain to speeus you must also configure 2, 4 and 8 spe	ccus.	

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [PRESET SPEEDS] (contin	nued)		
5 <i>P2</i> ()	☐ [Preset speed 2]	(1)	0 to 599 Hz	10 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 3 ()	☐ [Preset speed 3]	(1)		15 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 4	☐ [Preset speed 4]	(1)		20 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 5	☐ [Preset speed 5]	(1)		25 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 6	☐ [Preset speed 6]	(1)		30 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 7	☐ [Preset speed 7]	(1)		35 Hz
5 <i>PB</i> ()	☐ [Preset speed 8]	(1)		40 Hz
5 <i>P 9</i> ()	☐ [Preset speed 9]	(1)		45 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 10	☐ [Preset speed 10]	(1)		50 Hz
5 <i>P    </i>	☐ [Preset speed 11]	(1)		55 Hz
5 <i>P 12</i>	☐ [Preset speed 12]	(1)		60 Hz
5 <i>P 13</i>	☐ [Preset speed 13]	(1)		70 Hz
5 <i>P 14</i> ()	☐ [Preset speed 14]	(1)		80 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 15	☐ [Preset speed 15]	(1)		90 Hz
5 <i>P</i> 16	☐ [Preset speed 16]	(1)		100 Hz
O	The appearance of these [Preset sonfigured.	speed x] (SPx) parai	meters is determined by the	number of speeds

<sup>(1)</sup> The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### +/- speed

Two types of operation are available.

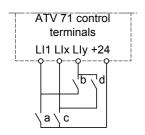
- 1. Use of single action buttons: Two logic inputs are required in addition to the operating direction(s).

  The input assigned to the "+ speed" command increases the speed, the input assigned to the "- speed" command decreases the speed.
- 2. Use of double action buttons: Only one logic input assigned to "+ speed" is required.
- +/- speed with double-press buttons:

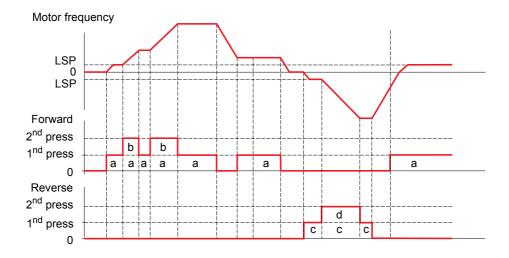
Description: 1 button pressed twice (2 steps) for each direction of rotation. A contact closes each time the button is pressed.

	Released (- speed)	1 <sup>st</sup> press (speed maintained)	2 <sup>nd</sup> press (faster)
Forward button	_	а	a and b
Reverse button	_	С	c and d

#### Example of wiring:



LI1: forward LIx: Reverse Lly: + speed



Do not use this +/-speed type with 3-wire control.

Whichever type of operation is selected, the max. speed is set by [High speed] (HSP) (see page 57).

#### Note:

If the reference is switched via rFC (see page 147) from any one reference channel to another reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) may be copied at the same time in accordance with the [Copy channel 1 --> 2] (COP) parameter, see page 148. If the reference is switched via rFC (see page 147) from one reference channel to any other reference channel with "+/- speed", the value of reference rFr (after ramp) is always copied at the same time.

This prevents the speed being incorrectly reset to zero when switching takes place.

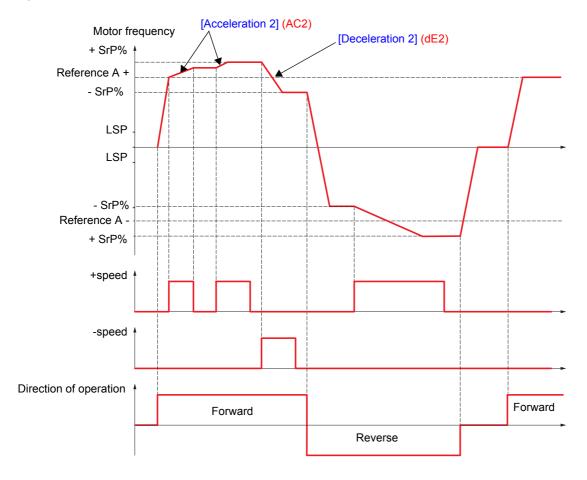
Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting		
UP d -	[+/- SPEED]  Function can be accessed if reference channel [Ref.2 channel] (Fr2) = [+/-Speed] (URL Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instance of the second			
U 5 P	☐ [+ speed assignment]	[No] (nO)		
C 4 0 0 - - C 1 0 1 - C 1 0 1	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [L11] (L11) to [L16] (L16) □ [L17] (L17) to [L110] (L110): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [L111] (L111) to [L114] (L114): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible logic inputs □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic inputs			
d 5 P	Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.  [-Speed assignment]	[No] (nO)		
C d O O	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] can be switched with possible logic inputs □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] can be switched without logic inputs  Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.			
5 t r	☐ [Reference saved]	[No] (nO)		
n 0 r A N E E P	Associated with the "+/- speed" function, this parameter can be used to save the reference:  • When the run commands disappear (saved to RAM)  • When the line supply or the run commands disappear (saved to EEPROM)  Therefore, the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is the last reference saved.  [No] (nO): No save (the next time the drive starts up, the speed reference is [Low speed] (LSP), see page 45)  [RAM] (rAM): Saved in RAM  [EEProm] (EEP): Saved in EEPROM			
5 r E	☐ [+/-Speed reference]	[No] (nO)		
	Allow to choose the type of +/- speed reference.			
n 0	□ [No] (nO): The reference is given by the measured motor speed.			
<i>4 E 5</i>	☐ [Yes] (YES): The reference is given by F - 2.			

### +/- speed around a reference

The reference is given by Fr1 or Fr1b with summing/subtraction/multiplication functions and preset speeds if relevant (see the diagram on page  $\underline{139}$ ). For improved clarity, we will call this reference A. The action of the +speed and -speed buttons can be set as a % of this reference A. On stopping, the reference (A +/- speed) is not saved, so the drive restarts with reference A+ only.

The maximum total reference is always limited by [High speed] (HSP) and the minimum reference by [Low speed] (LSP), see page 57.

#### Example of 2-wire control:



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
5 r E-	[+/-SPEED AROUND REF.]  The function can be accessed for reference channel [Ref.1 channel] (Fr1).  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 151.					
И5 І	☐ [+ speed assignment]		[No] (nO)			
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive					
L 1 1	□ [LI1] (LI1)					
-						
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.					
	Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.		[Nol (nO)			
d5 I	□ [-Speed assignment] [No] (nO)					
n 0	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive					
L 11	□ [LI1] (LI1)					
-	: □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page <u>145</u> .					
	Function active if the assigned input or bit is at 1.	0 to 50 %	10 %			
5 r P ()	☐ [+/-Speed limitation]					
	This parameter limits the variation range with +/- speed as a function are[Acceleration 2] (AC2) and [Deceleration 2] (dE The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.		ramps used in this			
AC 2	☐ [Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (2)	5.0 s			
	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) of sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being drive. The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.		FrSS) page <u>87</u> . Make			
4 E 2	☐ [Deceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (2)	5.0 s			
	Time to decelerate from the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) or [N sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driv The parameter can be accessed if +/- speed is assigned.		s) page <u>87</u> to 0. Make			

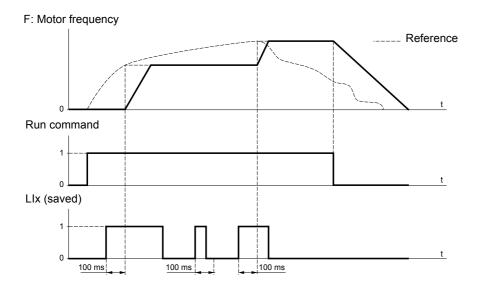
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

<sup>(1)</sup>The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2)Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 158.

### Save reference

Saving a speed reference value using a logic input command lasting longer than 0.1 s.

- This function is used to control the speed of several drives alternately via a single analog reference and one logic input for each drive.
- It is also used to confirm a line reference (communication bus or network) on several drives via a logic input. This allows movements to be synchronized by getting rid of variations when the reference is set.
- The reference is acquired 100 ms after the rising edge of the request. A new reference is not then acquired until a new request is made.



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 P N -	■ [MEMO REFERENCE]		
5 <i>P</i> П	☐ [Ref. memo ass.]		[No] (nO)
^ 0 L I I I - L I I I I	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted Assignment to a logic input Function active if the assigned input is at 1.		

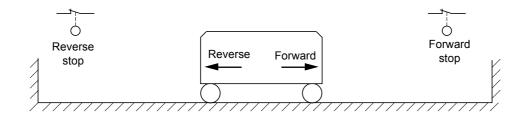
## Limit switch management

This function can be used to manage trajectory limits using limit switches.

The stop mode is configurable.

When the stop contact is activated, startup in the other direction is authorized.

#### Example:



The stop is activated when the input is at 0 (contact open).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
L 5 E -	[LIMIT SWITCHES]  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 151.			
LAF	☐ [Stop FW limit sw.]		[No] (nO)	
	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible logic inputs □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without logic inputs			
LAr	☐ [Stop RV limit sw.]		[No] (nO)	
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit sw.] (LAF) below.			
LAS	☐ [Stop type]		[Freewheel] (nSt)	
гПР F5E n5E	<ul> <li>□ [Ramp stop] (rMP)</li> <li>□ [Fast stop] (FSt)</li> <li>□ [Freewheel] (nSt)</li> <li>When the assigned input changes to 0, the stop is controlled in accordance with the selected type.</li> <li>Restarting is only authorized for the other operating direction once the motor has stopped.</li> <li>If the two inputs [Stop FW limit sw.] (LAF) and [Stop RV limit sw.] (LAr) are assigned and at state 0, restarting will be impossible.</li> <li>The parameter can be accessed if [Stop FW limit sw.] (LAF) or [Stop RV limit sw.] (LAr) is assigned.</li> </ul>			

### **Brake logic control**

Used to control an electromagnetic brake by the drive, for horizontal and vertical hoisting applications, and for unbalanced machines.

### Principle:

#### **Vertical hoisting movement:**

Maintain motor torque in the driving load holding direction during brake opening and closing, in order to hold the load, start smoothly when the brake is released and stop smoothly when the brake is engaged.

#### **Horizontal movement:**

Synchronize brake release with the build-up of torque during startup and brake engage at zero speed on stopping, to prevent jolting.

### Recommended settings for brake logic control for a vertical hoisting application:



### WARNING

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

Check that the selected settings and configurations will not result in the dropping or loss of control of the load being lifted.

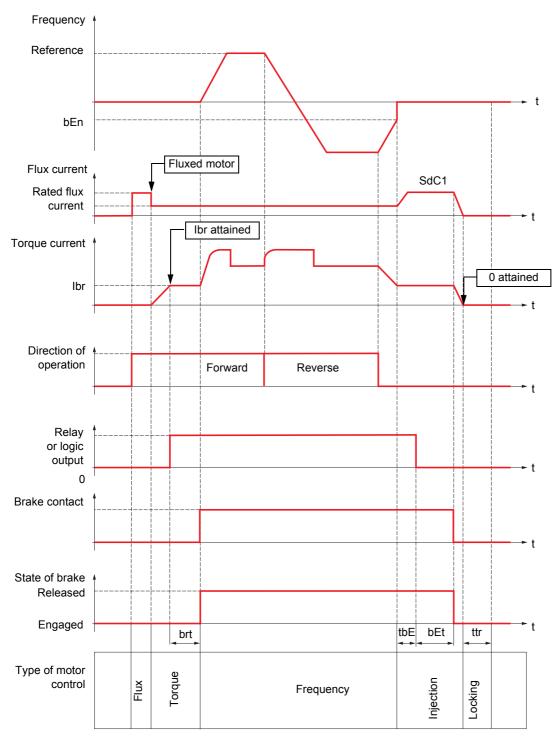
Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.

- 1. Brake impulse (bIP): YES. Ensure that the direction of rotation FW corresponds to lifting the load. For applications in which the load being lowered is very different from the load being lifted, set BIP = 2 lbr (e.g., ascent always with a load and descent always without a load).
- 2. Brake release current (lbr and Ird if BIP = 2 lbr): Adjust the brake release current to the rated current indicated on the motor. During testing, adjust the brake release current in order to hold the load smoothly.
- 3. Acceleration time: For hoisting applications it is advisable to set the acceleration ramps to more than 0.5 seconds. Ensure that the drive does not exceed the current limit.
  - The same recommendation applies for deceleration.
  - Reminder: For a hoisting movement, a braking resistor should be used.
- 4. Brake release time (brt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.
- 5. Brake release frequency (blr), in open-loop mode only: Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 6. Brake engage frequency (bEn): Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 7. Brake engage time (bEt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.

### Recommended settings for brake logic control for a horizontal hoisting application:

- 1. Brake impulse (bIP): No
- 2. Brake release current (lbr): Set to 0.
- 3. Brake release time (brt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to release.
- 4. Brake engage frequency (bEn), in open-loop mode only: Leave in [Auto], adjust if necessary.
- 5. Brake engage time (bEt): Set according to the type of brake. It is the time required for the mechanical brake to engage.

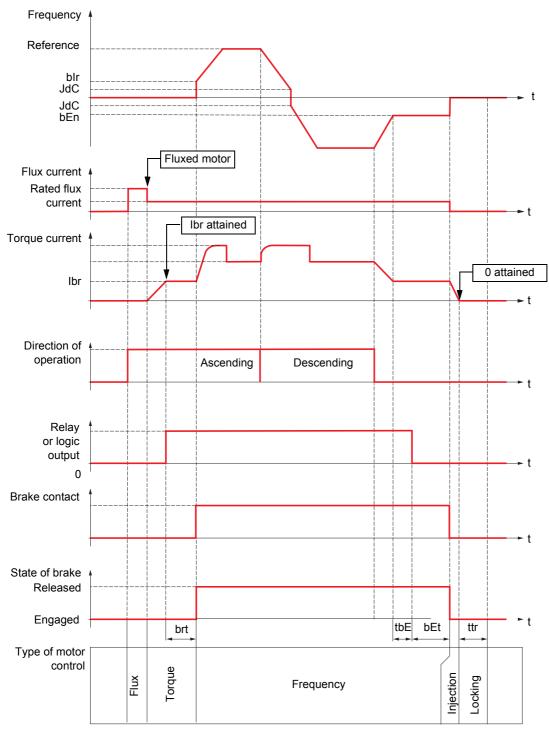
## Brake logic control, horizontal movement in open-loop mode



#### Key:

- (bEn): [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (lbr): [Brake release I FW] (SdC1): [Auto DC inj. level 1]
- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

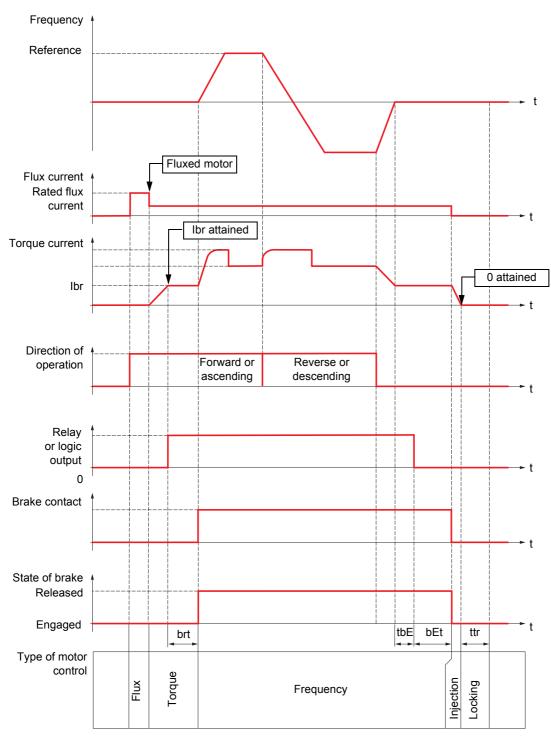
## Brake logic control, vertical movement in open-loop mode



### Key:

- (bEn): [Brake engage freq]
- (bEt): [Brake engage time]
- (blr): [Brake release freq]
- (brt): [Brake Release time]
- (lbr): [Brake release I FW]
- (JdC): [Jump at reversal]
- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]
- (ttr): [Time to restart]

## Brake logic control, vertical or horizontal movement in closed-loop mode



### Key:

- (bEt) [Brake engage time]

- (brt): [Brake Release time]

- (Ibr): [Brake release I FW]

- (tbE): [Brake engage delay]

- (ttr): [Time to restart]

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting			
FFC-	[BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL]  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 151.					
ЬЬС	☐ [Brake assignment]		[No] (nO)			
n D	Note: If the brake is assigned, only a ramp stop 162.  Brake logic control can only be assigned if [Motor control t (CUC), [FVC] (FUC), or if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F] from 90 kW and for ATV71●●M3X from 55 kW. Logic output or control relay  □ [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the	ype] (Ctt) page <u>72</u> = [SV 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts]	C V] (UUC), [SVC I] (UF5) for ATV71•••N4			
r 2 - - 4	□ [R2] (r2)  to  [R4] (r4): Relay (selection extended to R3 or R4 if one or t	·	,			
L	[LO1] (LO1) to					
40 I	[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected).  □ [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page 132 = [No] (nO).					
6 5 E	☐ [Movement type]		[Hoisting] (UEr)			
Н 🛭 г	☐ [Traveling] (HOr): Resistive-load movement (translational	motion of overhead cran	e, for example).			
UEr	Note: If [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [V/F 2pts] (UF2) or [V/F 5pts] (UF5) for ATV71•••N4 from 90 kW nd for ATV71•••M3X from 55 kW, [Movement type] (bSt) is forced to [Traveling] (HOr).  [Hoisting] (UEr): Driving-load movement (hoisting winch, for example).  If [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) page 190 is not [No] (nO) [Movement type] (bSt) is forced to [Hoisting] (UEr).					
ьс і	☐ [Brake contact]		[No] (nO)			
n D L I I - -	If the brake has a monitoring contact (closed for released brake).  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) : : : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.					
FBCI	☐ [Brake logic filter T]	0 to 1000 ms	0 ms			
O	Filter on brake contact logic input.  The parameter can be accessed if [Brake contact] (bCl) is not set to [No] (nO)					
ь ІР	☐ [Brake impulse]		[No] (nO)			
() 4E5 216r	The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor ass.] (PE type] (bSt) = [Hoisting] (UEr).  □ [No] (nO): The motor torque is given in the required operate [Yes] (YES): The motor torque is always Forward (check to current lbr.  □ [2 IBR] (2lbr): The torque is in the required direction, at cu	ing direction, at current nat this direction corresp	lbr. conds to ascending), at			

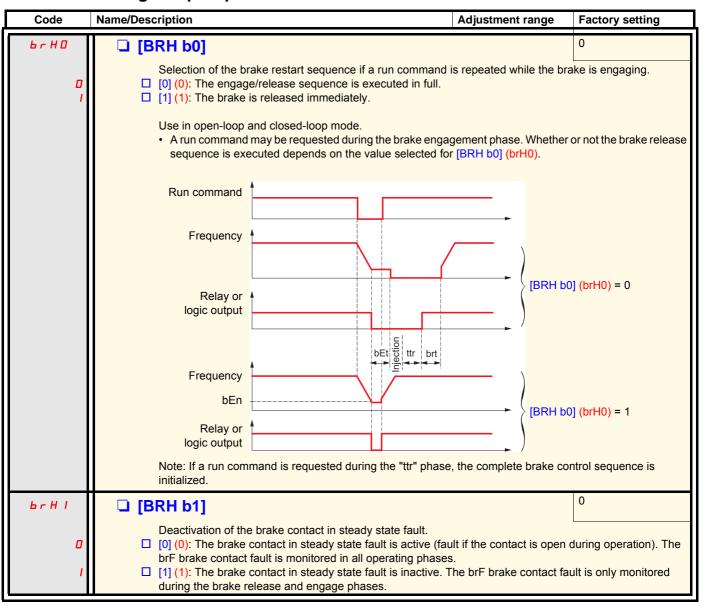
Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	■ [BRAKE LOGIC CONTRO	(continued	)		
Ibr	☐ [Brake release I FW]	(1)	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0	
()	Brake release current threshold for asce The parameter can be accessed if [Wei	•		age <u>190</u> ).	
lr d	☐ [Brake release I Rev]	(1)	0 to 1.32 ln (2)	0	
()	Brake release current threshold for asce The parameter can be accessed if [Wei	•		age <u>190</u> ).	
brt	☐ [Brake Release time]	(1)	0 to 5.00 s	0	
()	Brake release time delay				
b Ir	☐ [Brake release freq]	(1)		[Auto] (AUtO)	
O	Brake release frequency threshold (initian The parameter can be accessed if [Motement type] (bSt) page 181	or control type]	(Ctt) page 72 is not [FVC] (	(FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY)	
A U F O	<ul><li>☐ [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value parameters.</li><li>☐ 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control</li></ul>	equal to the ra	ted slip of the motor, calcul	ated using the drive	
b E n	☐ [Brake engage freq]	(1)		[Auto] (AUtO)	
O	Brake engage frequency threshold.  The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 is not [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).				
A U E O -	<ul><li>☐ [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a value parameters.</li><li>☐ 0 to 10 Hz: Manual control</li></ul>	equal to the ra	ted slip of the motor, calcul	ated using the drive	
	Note: [Brake engage freq] (bEn) is not and above 90 kW (125 HP) for ATV71			et to [FVC] (FUC) and at	
PEC9	☐ [Brake engage at 0]			[No] (nO)	
o D	Brake engages at regulated zero speed.  The parameter can be accessed if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).  Can be used to engage the brake at zero speed in closed-loop mode with speed regulation. This parameter can be used to adjust the brake engage delay once zero speed has been reached.  If a speed other than zero is then required, the command to release the brake is sent following torque application.  [No] (nO): Brake does not engage at regulated zero speed.				
-	□ 0.0 to 30.0 s: Brake engage delay once	zero speed is	reached.		
<u> </u>	☐ [Brake engage delay]	(1)	0 to 5.00 s	0	
<b>\</b> }	Time delay before request to engage brake. To delay brake engagement, if you wish the brake to be engaged when the drive comes to a complete stop.				
Ь E Ł	☐ [Brake engage time]	(1)	0 to 5.00 s	0	
()	Brake engage time (brake response tim	e)		•	

<sup>(1)</sup>The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu. (2)In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	■ [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL] (continued)				
SdCI	☐ [Auto DC inj. level 1]	(1)	0 to 1.2 ln (2)	0.7 In (2)	
()	Level of standstill DC injection curre  Note: The parameter can be [Sync.CL] (FSY) and if [Mov	accessed if [Motor of	control type] (Ctt) page <u>7</u> ge <u>181</u> is [Traveling] (HO	2 is not [FVC] (FUC) or r).	
		CAUTION			
	Check that the motor will withstar Failure to follow this instruction				
()	☐ [Engage at reversal]			[No] (nO)	
n D Y E S	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): The brake does not enga</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): The brake engages.</li> <li>Can be used to select whether or no direction is reversed.</li> </ul>	-	on transition to zero spe	ed when the operating	
( <b>)</b>	☐ [Jump at reversal]	(1)	0 to 10.0 Hz	[Auto] (AUtO)	
A U E O -	The parameter can be accessed if [N and if [Movement type] (bSt) page 1 [Auto] (AUtO): The drive takes a val parameters.  0 to 10 Hz: Manual control When the reference direction is reversing the consequential release of load) on transversal (bEd) = [Yes] (YES).	81 is [Hoisting] (UEr) ue equal to the rated ersed, this parameter	slip of the motor, calculation	ated using the drive	
£ £ r	☐ [Time to restart]	(1)	0 to 15.00 s	0	
()	Time between the end of a brake er	gage sequence and	the start of a brake relea	se sequence	

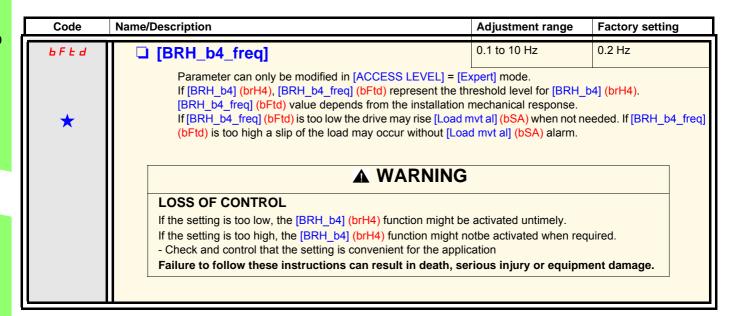
- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

### **Brake control logic expert parameters**



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting		
6 r H 2	□ [BRH b2]	0		
<u>п</u> 1	Taking the brake contact into account for the brake control sequence.  [0] (0): The brake contact is not taken into account.  [1] (1): The brake contact is taken into account.  Use in open-loop and closed-loop mode.  • If a logic input is assigned to the brake contact.  [BRH b2] (brH2) = 0: During the brake release sequence, the reference is enable [Brake Release time] (brt). During the brake engage sequence, the current chang ramp [Current ramp time] (brr) at the end of the [Brake engage time] (bEt).  [BRH b2] (brH2) = 1: When the brake is released, the reference is enabled when to 1. When the brake is engaged, the current changes to 0 according to the ramp [when the logic input changes to 0.	es to 0 according to the the logic input changes		
	Logic input Brake contact  Frequency  blr  brr  brr	(brH2) = 0     (brH2) = 1		
6 r H 3	□ [BRH b3]	0		
<u>.</u> П	In closed-loop mode only. Management of the absence of brake contact response,  [0] (0): During the brake engage sequence, the brake contact must be open before the time] (bEt), otherwise the drive locks in a brF brake contact fault.  [1] (1): During the brake engage sequence, the brake contact must be open before the time] (bEt), otherwise a bCA brake contact alarm is triggered and zero speed is management.	ne end of [Brake engage ne end of [Brake engage		
ЬгНЧ	□ [BRH_b4]	0		
<i>ם</i> <i>ו</i>	In closed-loop mode only. Activation of the speed loop at zero if a movement for which no command has been given occurs (measurement of a speed greater than a fixed min. threshold).  [0] (0): No action in the event of a movement for which no command has been given.  [1] (1): If a movement occurs for which no command has been given, the drive switches to zero speed regulation, with no brake release command, and a bSA alarm is triggered.			
Ьгг	☐ [Current ramp time] 0 to 5.00 s	0 s		
O	Torque current ramp time (increase and decrease) for a current variation equal to [B	rake release I FW] (Ibr).		

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.



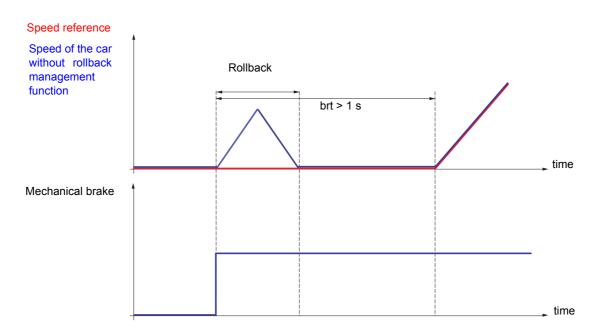


These parameters only appear if the corresponding function has been selected in another menu. When the parameters can also be accessed and adjusted from within the configuration menu for the corresponding function, their description is detailed in these menus, on the pages indicated, to aid programming.

### Rollback management

In some lift applications (gearless with high inertia), a jerk can be felt in the car at the very beginning of the movement when the break is opened. At this time, because no external weight sensor is used, the torque applied by the motor is not yet at the level required to hold the car. A little movement (up or down, depending on the overall balance occurs). This movement is know as "rollback".

The rollback management function is only available in closed loop ([Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync.CL] (FSY) or [FVC] (FUC)). It increases drive control stiffness during the mechanical brake release to cancel any movement during the brake opening time ([Brake Release time] (brt) page 182).



The [Rollback MGT] (rbM) function can be used to avoid the rollback effect once the following settings are done:

- The speed loop parameters must be set and must not be modified after the [Rollback MGT] (rbM) function activation.
- An adequate [Encoder filter value] (FFr) page 123 should be set and must not be modified after the [Rollback MGT] (rbM) function activation.
- An appropriate [Brake release I FW] (lbr) page <u>182</u> can be set to apply a current level that corresponds to the more frequent load case (about 25 % of the full load).
- The opening brake sequence must be set with adequate [Brake Release time] (brt) (typically brt > 1 second).

#### Adjustment recommandations:

- Good speed loop setting is essential for satisfactory rollback compensation results (good tracking of the ramp and well damped response) The speed loop setting optimization initially has to be done with the rollback function disable ([Rollback MGT] (rbM) = [No] (no)).
- It is recommended to increase gradually [Rbk Compensation] (rbC) starting from 0 until rollback motion is reduced to the desired level
- If vibrations occur while increasing [Rbk Compensation] (rbC), it has to be reduced to stop them. It is possible to increase the damping by increasing the [Rbk Damping] (rbd) setting. It may allows to further increase the [Rbk Compensation] (rbC).
- **Note:** Elevated [Rbk Damping] (rbd) setting may amplify the encoder quantization noise, so it is recommended to keep this setting as low as possible.
- Depending on the elevator system resonant frequencies and encoder feedback resolution, there will be a practical limit on the performance of the rollback compensation function. Low resolution encoders may not allow desired rollback management.
- **Note:** Sufficient time must be allowed after the brake opening and prior the launch of the speed ramp for the rollback control stabilizes the elevator position.

Code	Nom / Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
гЬП-	<ul> <li>■ [ROLLBACK MGT]         Menu can be accessed:         <ul> <li>only for ATV71•••M3X drives up to 45 kW and for ATV71••</li> <li>if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync.CL] (FSY) or [Figure 181]</li> <li>if [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 181</li> <li>is assigned.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,
гЬП	☐ [Rollback MGT]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S	Activation of the Rollback management function  ☐ [No] (nO) ☐ [Yes] (YES)		
rbC	☐ [Rbk Compensation]	0 à 1000 %	100 %
O	Parameter can be accessed if reference channel [Rollback Proportionnal gain of the position controller	(MGT] (rbM) = [Yes] (Y	ES)
r b d	☐ [Rbk Damping]	0 à 1000 %	100 %
()	Parameter can only be accessed in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [E [Rollback MGT] (rbM) = [Yes] (YES).  Differential gain of the position controller.	expert] mode and if refer	rence channel

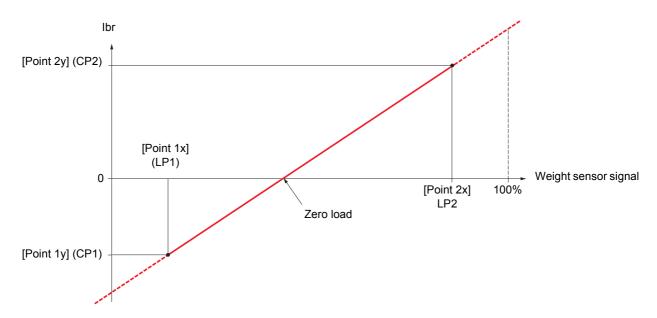
### Load measurement

This function uses the information supplied by a weight sensor to adapt the current [Brake release I FW] (lbr) of the [BRAKE LOGIC CONTROL] (bLC-) function. The signal from the weight sensor can be assigned to an analog input (usually a 4 - 20 mA signal), to the pulse-in input or to the encoder input, according to the type of weight sensor.

#### Examples:

- Measurement of the total weight of a hoisting winch and its load
- Measurement of the total weight of an elevator winch, the cabin and counterweight

The current [Brake release I FW] (lbr) is adapted in accordance with the curve below.



This curve can represent a weight sensor on an elevator winch, where zero load on the motor occurs when the load in the cabin is not zero.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
ELП-	■ [EXTERNAL WEIGHT MEAS.]				
P E 5	☐ [Weight sensor ass.]		[No] (nO)		
с 0 Я I I Я I 2 Я I 3 Я I 4 Р I Р Б Я I U I	Function can be accessed if brake logic control is assigned (see page 181).  If [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) is not [No] (nO), [Movement type] (bSt) page 181 is forced to [Hoisting] (UEr).  [Weight sensor ass.] (PES) is not authorized in [U/F 2pts] (UF2) or [U/F 5pts] (UF5).  [No] (nO): Function inactive  [Al1] (Al1): Analog input  [Al2] (Al2): Analog input  [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted  [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted  [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted  [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted  [Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus, to be configured via [Al net. channel] (AlC1) page 117.				
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION				
	If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 269), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted.  Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration.  Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.				
LPI	☐ [Point 1 X]	0 to 99.99%	0		
	0 to 99.99% of signal on assigned input.  [Point 1x] (LP1) must be less than [Point 2x] (LP2).  The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor a				
CP I	☐ [Point 1Y]	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (1)	- In		
	Current corresponding to load [Point 1 X] (LP1), in a The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor as				
LP2	☐ [Point 2X]	0.01 to 100%	50%		
	0.01 to 100% of signal on assigned input. [Point 2x] (LP2) must be greater than [Point 1x] (LP The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor a				
CP2	☐ [Point 2Y]	-1.36 to +1.36 ln (1)	0		
	Current corresponding to load [Point 2x] (LP2), in A The parameter can be accessed if [Weight sensor a				
16-Я	☐ [lbr 4-20 mA loss]	0 to 1.36 In (1)	0		
()	Brake release current in the event of the loss of the This parameter can be accessed if the weight sensor loss fault is deactivated.  Recommended settings:  - 0 for elevators  - Rated motor current for a hoisting application		nt input and the 4-20 mA		

(1) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

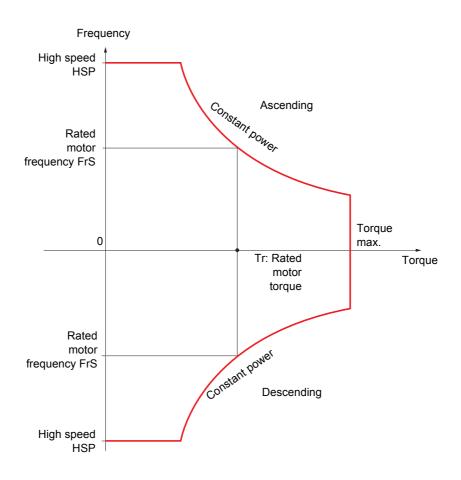
### **High-speed hoisting**

This function can be used to optimize the cycle times for hoisting movements for zero or lightweight loads. It authorizes operation at "constant power" in order to reach a speed greater than the rated speed without exceeding the rated motor current.

The speed remains limited by the [High speed] (HSP) parameter, page 57.

The function acts on the speed reference pedestal and not on the reference itself.

#### Principle:



### **CAUTION**

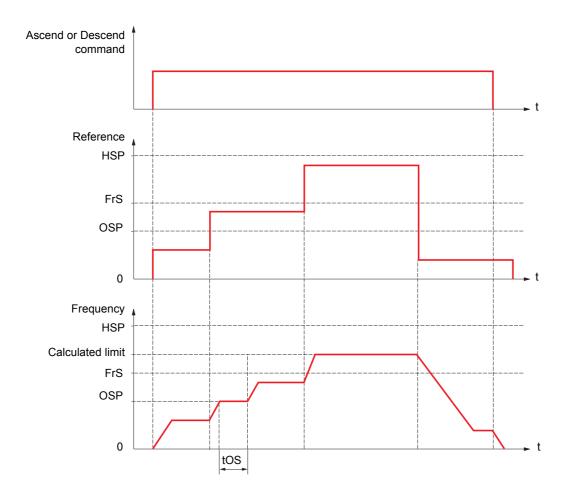
For permanent magnet synchronous motors, the maximum permissible speed must not be exceeded, otherwise demagnetization may occur. The maximum speed permitted by the motor, drive chain or application must not be exceeded at any time.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

There are 2 possible operating modes:

- "Speed reference" mode: The maximum permissible speed is calculated by the drive during a speed step that is set so that the drive can measure the load.
- "Current limitation" mode: The maximum permissible speed is the speed that supports current limitation in motor mode, in the "Ascending" direction only. For the "Descending" direction, operation is always in "Speed reference" mode.

### Speed reference mode

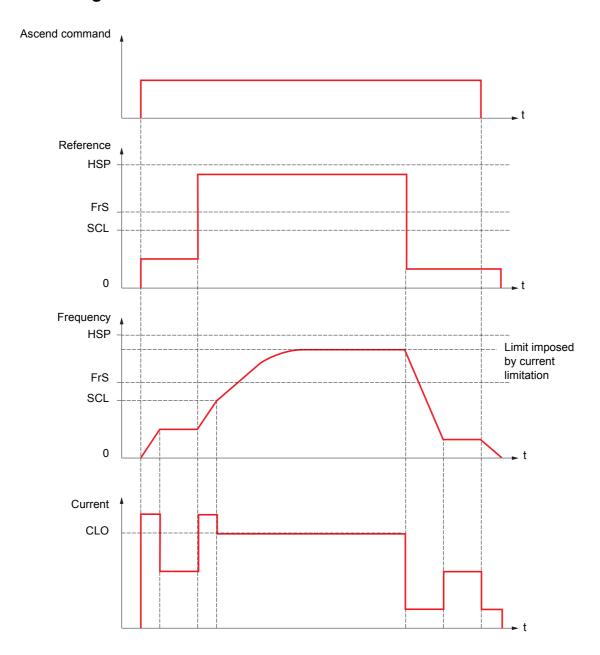


OSP: Adjustable speed step for load measurement

tOS: Load measuring time

Two parameters are used to reduce the speed calculated by the drive, for ascending and descending.

## **Current limiting mode**

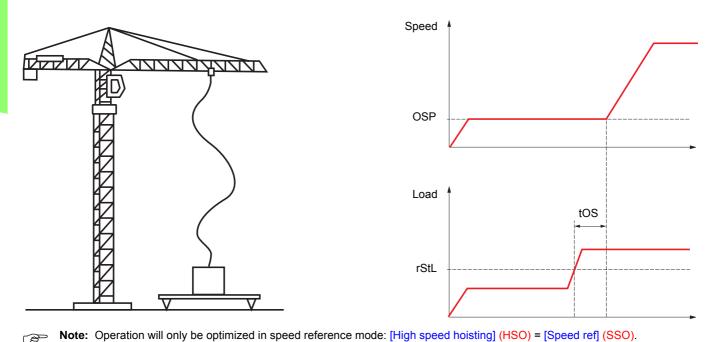


SCL: Adjustable speed threshold, above which current limitation is active

CLO: Current limitation for high-speed function

### Rope slack

The "rope slack" function can be used to prevent starting up at high speed when a load has been set down ready for lifting but the rope is still slack (as illustrated below).



The speed step (OSP parameters) described on page 192 is used to measure the load. The effective measurement cycle will not be triggered until the load reaches the adjustable threshold rStL, which corresponds to the weight of the hook.

A logic output or a relay can be assigned to the indication of the "rope slack" state in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
H 5 H -	[HIGH SPEED HOISTING]  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions.	. Follow the instructions	on page <u>151</u> .	
H 5 0	☐ [High speed hoisting]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 5 5 0 C 5 0	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>□ [Speed ref] (SSO): "Speed reference" mode</li> <li>□ [I Limit] (CSO): "Current limitation" mode</li> </ul>			
C O F	☐ [Motor speed coeff.]	0 to 100%	100%	
()	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Asc The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)		D).	
[ Or	☐ [Gen. speed coeff]	0 to 100%	50%	
()	Speed reduction coefficient calculated by the drive for Des The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)			
L 0 5	☐ [Load measuring tm.]	0.1 s to 65 s	0.5 s	
()	Duration of speed step for measurement. The parameter can b2e accessed if [High speed hoisting] (	(HSO) is not [No] (nO).		
0 S P	☐ [Measurement spd]	0 to FrS or FrSS (1)	40 Hz	
()	Speed stabilized for measurement. The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)	HSO) is not [No] (nO).		
C L O	☐ [High speed I Limit]	0 to 1.65 ln (2)	In	
()	Current limitation at high speed.  The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) = [I Limit] (CSO).  The adjustment range is limited to 1.36 In if [Switching freq.](SFr) page 63 is less than 2 kHz.  Note: If the setting is less than 0.25 In, the drive may lock in [Output Phase Loss] (OPF) fault mode if this has been enabled (see page 249).			
5 C L	☐ [I Limit. frequency]	0 to 500 or 599 Hz according to rating	40 Hz	
()	Frequency threshold, above which the high-speed limitatio The parameter can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (High speed hoisting)			
r 5 d	☐ [Rope slack config.]		[No] (nO)	
n D dr I PES	Rope slack function. The parameter can be accessed if [H	the torque generated but sensor, can only be ass	y the drive. signed if [Weight sensor	
r 5 E L	☐ [Rope slack trq level]	0 to 100%	0%	
	Adjustment threshold corresponding to a load weighing slig of the rated load. The parameter can be accessed if [Rope slack trq level] (re		k when off-load, as a %	

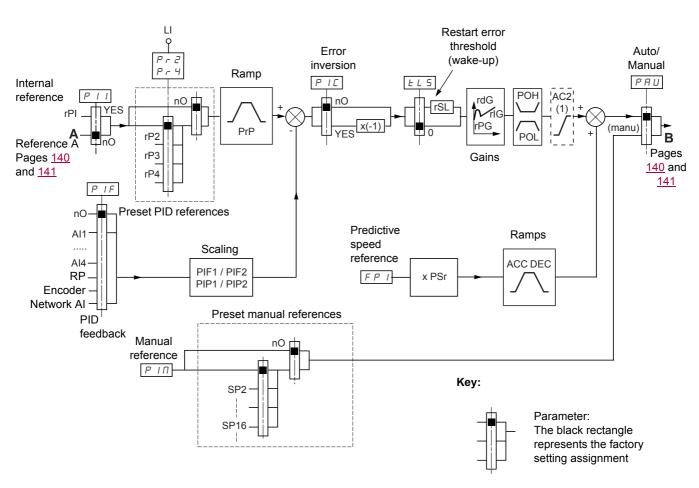
(1) [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) page 78 for an asynchronous motor or [Nominal freq sync.] (FrSS) page 87 for a synchronous motor. (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### PID regulator

#### **Block diagram**

The function is activated by assigning an analog input to the PID feedback (measurement).



(1) Ramp AC2 is only active when the PID function starts up and during PID "wake-ups".

#### PID feedback:

The PID feedback must be assigned to one of the analog inputs Al1 to Al4, to the frequency input or the encoder, according to whether any extension cards have been inserted.

#### PID reference:

The PID reference must be assigned to the following parameters:

- Preset references via logic inputs (rP2, rP3, rP4)
- In accordance with the configuration of [Act. internal PID ref.] (PII) pages 200:
  - Internal reference (rPI) or
  - Reference A (Fr1 or Fr1b, see page 140)

Combination table for preset PID references

LI (Pr4)	LI (Pr2)	Pr2 = nO	Reference	
		rPI or A		
0	0		rPI or A	
0	1	rP2		
1	0	rP3		
1	1		rP4	

A predictive speed reference can be used to initialize the speed on restarting the process.

#### Scaling of feedback and references:

• PIF1, PIF2 parameters

Can be used to scale the PID feedback (sensor range).

This scale MUST be maintained for all other parameters.

· PIP1, PIP2 parameters

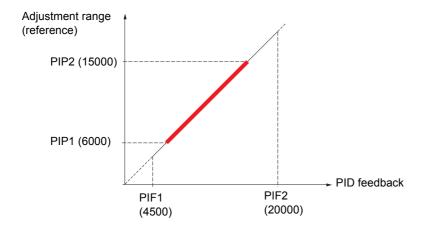
Can be used to scale the adjustment range, i.e., the reference. The adjustment range MUST lie within the sensor range.

The maximum value of the scaling parameters is 32767. To facilitate installation, we recommend using values as close as possible to this maximum level, while retaining powers of 10 in relation to the actual values.

**Example** (see graph below): Adjustment of the volume in a tank, between 6 m<sup>3</sup> and 15 m<sup>3</sup>.

- Sensor used 4-20 mA,  $4.5 \text{ m}^3$  for 4 mA, 20 m<sup>3</sup> for 20 mA, with the result that PIF1 = 4500 and PIF2 = 20000.
- Adjustment range 6 to 15 m<sup>3</sup>, with the result that PIP1 = 6000 (min. reference) and PIP2 = 15000 (max. reference).
- Example references:
  - rP1 (internal reference) = 9500
  - rp2 (preset reference) = 6500
  - rP3 (preset reference) = 8000
  - rP4 (preset reference) = 11200

The [DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu can be used to customize the name of the unit displayed and its format.



#### Other parameters:

· rSL parameter:

Can be used to set the PID error threshold, above which the PID regulator will be reactivated (wake-up) after a stop due to the max. time threshold being exceeded at low speed (tLS).

- Reversal of the direction of correction (PIC): If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will increase when the error is positive, for example: pressure control with a compressor. If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will decrease when the error is positive, for example: temperature control using a cooling fan.
- · The integral gain may be short-circuited by a logic input.
- · An alarm on the PID feedback may be configured and indicated by a logic output.
- · An alarm on the PID error may be configured and indicated by a logic output.

### "Manual - Automatic" operation with PID

This function combines the PID regulator, the preset speeds and a manual reference. Depending on the state of the logic input, the speed reference is given by the preset speeds or by a manual reference input via the PID function.

#### Manual reference (PIM)

- · Analog inputs Al1 to Al4
- · Frequency input
- Encoder

#### Predictive speed reference (FPI)

- [Al1] (Al1): Analog input
- [Al2] (Al2): Analog input
- [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted
- [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted
- [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal
- [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus
- [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen
- [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)
- [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)

#### Setting up the PID regulator

#### 1. Configuration in PID mode

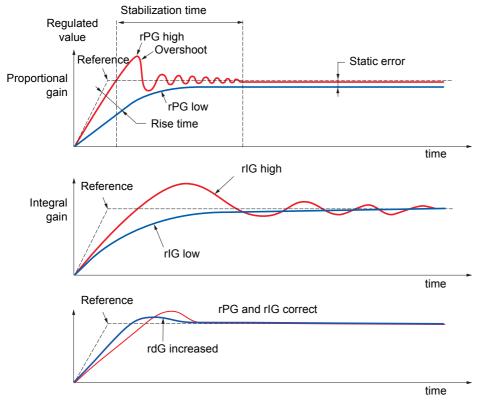
See the diagram on page 196.

#### 2. Perform a test in factory settings mode (in most cases, this will be sufficient).

To optimize the drive, adjust rPG or rIG gradually and independently and observe the effect on the PID feedback in relation to the reference.

#### 3. If the factory settings are unstable or the reference is incorrect

- Perform a test with a speed reference in Manual mode (without PID regulator) and with the drive on load for the speed range of the system:
  - In steady state, the speed must be stable and comply with the reference and the PID feedback signal must be stable.
  - In transient state, the speed must follow the ramp and stabilize quickly, and the PID feedback must follow the speed. If this is not the case, see the settings for the drive and/or sensor signal and wiring.
- Switch to PID mode.
- · Set brA to no (no auto-adaptation of the ramp).
- Set the PID ramp (PrP) to the minimum permitted by the mechanism without triggering an ObF fault.
- Set the integral gain (rIG) to minimum.
- Leave the derivative gain (rdG) at 0.
- Observe the PID feedback and the reference.
- · Switch the drive ON/OFF a number of times or vary the load or reference rapidly a number of times.
- Set the proportional gain (rPG) in order to ascertain the best compromise between response time and stability in transient phases (slight overshoot and 1 to 2 oscillations before stabilizing).
- If the reference varies from the preset value in steady state, gradually increase the integral gain (rIG), reduce the proportional gain (rPG) in the event of instability (pump applications), find a compromise between response time and static precision (see diagram).
- Lastly, the derivative gain may permit the overshoot to be reduced and the response time to be improved, although this will make it more difficult to obtain a compromise in terms of stability, as it depends on 3 gains.
- · Perform in-production tests over the whole reference range.



The oscillation frequency depends on the system kinematics.

Parameter	Rise time	Overshoot	Stabilization time	Static error
rPG 🖊	**	1	=	` \
rlG	`*	11	1	11
rdG	=	`\	`\	=

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
PId-	[PID REGULATOR]  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 151.			
PIF	☐ [PID feedback ass.]		[No] (nO)	
n D H I I H I 3 H I 4 P I P G H I U I	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive) In this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed. □ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input □ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input □ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted □ [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted □ [Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus ■ Note: If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 269), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted.			
A IC I	☐ [Al net. channel]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 N d b C A n n E L A P P	The parameter can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) = [Network AI] (AIU1). This parameter can also be accessed in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu.  [No] (nO): Not assigned  [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus  [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen  [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)  [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)			
PIFI	☐ [Min PID feedback] (1)		100	
()	Value for minimum feedback. Adjustment range from 0 to	[Max PID feedback] (PI	F <mark>2)</mark> (2).	
P IF 2	☐ [Max PID feedback] (1)		1000	
()	Value for maximum feedback Adjustment range from [Min	PID feedback] (PIF1) to	32767 (2).	
PIPI	☐ [Min PID reference] (1)		150	
()	Minimum process value. Adjustment range from [Min PID (2).	feedback] (PIF1) to [Ma	x PID reference] (PIP2)	
P IP2	☐ [Max PID reference] (1)		900	
	Maximum process value Adjustment range from [Min PID (2).	reference] (PIP1) to [Ma	ax PID feedback] (PIF2)	
PII	☐ [Act. internal PID ref.]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 Y E S	Internal PID regulator reference  ☐ [No] (nO): The PID regulator reference is given by Fr1 or Functions (see the diagram on page 139).  ☐ [Yes] (YES): The PID regulator reference is internal via page 139).	_	raction/multiplication	
r P I	☐ [Internal PID ref.]		150	
()	Internal PID regulator reference This parameter can also be accessed in the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu. Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference] (PIP2) (2).			
r P G	☐ [PID prop. gain]	0.01 to 100	1	
()	Proportional gain			

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
- (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)				
r 16	☐ [PID integral gain]		0.01 to 100	1	
()	Integral gain				
r d G	☐ [PID derivative gain]		0.00 to 100	0	
()	Derivative gain				
PrP ()	☐ [PID ramp]	(1)	0 to 99.9 s	0 s	
()	PID acceleration/deceleration ramp, define (PIP2) and vice versa.	ned to go from	[Min PID reference] (PIP1)	to [Max PID reference]	
PIC	☐ [PID correct. reverse]			[No] (nO)	
n 0 4 E S	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO)</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES)</li> <li>Reversal of the direction of correction (P If PIC = nO, the speed of the motor will in a compressor.</li> <li>If PIC = YES, the speed of the motor will using a cooling fan.</li> </ul>	ncrease when tl			
C)	[Min PID output]  Minimum value of regulator output in Hz	(1)	- 500 to 500 or - 599 to 599 according to rating	0 Hz	
POH		(1)	0 to 500 or 599	60 Hz	
()	☐ [Max PID output]		according to rating		
PAL	Maximum value of regulator output in Hz	(1)		100	
()	[Min fbk alarm]				
	Minimum monitoring threshold for regula Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback		ax PID feedback] (PIF2) (2	).	
РЯН	☐ [Max fbk alarm]	(1)		1000	
()	Maximum monitoring threshold for regulator feedback Adjustment range from [Min PID feedback] (PIF1) to [Max PID feedback] (PIF2) (2).				
PEr	☐ [PID error Alarm]	(1)	0 to 65535 (2)	100	
()	Regulator error monitoring threshold				
P 15	☐ [PID integral reset]			[No] (nO)	
C 0 L 1 1 -	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive ☐ [LI1] (LI1) :				
-	: [] (): See the assignment conditions of the assigned input or bit is at 0, the fur If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the fur	nction is inactive			

<sup>(1)</sup> The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

<sup>(2)</sup> If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit,

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
	■ [PID REGULATOR] (continued)			
FPI	☐ [Speed ref. assign.]		[No] (nO)	
.0 8   1 8   2 8   3 8   4 6   6 7   6 8   7 9   7 9   7 9   7	PID regulator predictive speed input  [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive)  [Al1] (Al1): Analog input  [Al2] (Al2): Analog input  [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card  [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card  [HMI] (LCC): Graphic display terminal  [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus  [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen  [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)  [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)  [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card  [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has be	has been inserted  d) rd has been inserted		
P5r	☐ [Speed input %]	1 to 100%	100%	
$\Box$	Multiplying coefficient for predictive speed input. The parameter cannot be accessed if [Speed ref. assi	gn.] (FPI) = [No] (nO).		
PAU	☐ [Auto/Manual assign.]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): The PID is always active.</li> <li>□ [LI1] (LI1)</li> <li>:</li> <li>:</li> <li>□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the PID is active.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 1, manual operation is</li> </ul>	active.		
AC 2	☐ [Acceleration 2] (1)	0.01 to 6000 s (3)	5.0 s	
()	Time to accelerate from 0 to the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS). Make sure that this value is compatible with the inertia being driven.  Ramp AC2 is only active when the PID function starts up and during PID "wake-ups".			
РІП	☐ [Manual reference]		[No] (nO)	
n D A I I A I 2 A I 3 A I 4 P I P G	Manual speed input. The parameter can be accessed  [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive)  [Al1] (Al1): Analog input  [Al2] (Al2): Analog input  [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card  [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card  [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card  [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has be The preset speeds are active on the manual reference	has been inserted has been inserted rd has been inserted en inserted		

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
- (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit,

e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

(3) Range 0.01 to 99.99 s or 0.1 to 999.9 s or 1 to 6000 s according to [Ramp increment] (Inr) page 158.

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[PID REGULATOR] (continued)			
<i>EL</i> 5	☐ [Low speed time out]	(1)	0 to 999.9 s	0 s
()	Maximum operating time at [Low speed] Following operation at LSP for a defined p if the reference is greater than LSP and if Caution: Value 0 corresponds to an unlim  Note: If [Low speed time out] (tLS (rMP) (only if a ramp stop can be	eriod, a motor sto f a run command lited period.  (S) is not 0, [Type	p is requested automatic is still present.	
r 5 L	☐ [PID wake up thresh.]		0.0 to 100.0	0
	If the "PID" and "Low speed operating time" tLS functions are configured at the same time, the PID regulator may attempt to set a speed lower than LSP.  This results in unsatisfactory operation, which consists of starting, operating at low speed then stopping, and so on  Parameter rSL (restart error threshold) can be used to set a minimum PID error threshold for restarting after a stop at prolonged LSP.  The function is inactive if tLS = 0 or if rSL = 0.			
	<b>▲</b> WARNING			
	UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION			
	Check that unintended restarts will not present any danger.  Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.			
	. and s to ionom alloca men details of deficient injury.			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

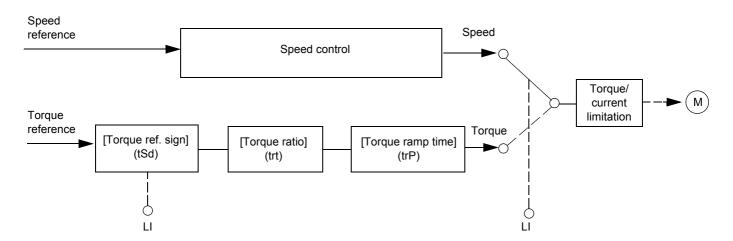
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Pr I-	[PID PRESET REFERENCES]  Function can be accessed if [PID feedback ass.] (PIF) is as:	signed.	
Pr2	☐ [2 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - -	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>□ [LI1] (LI1)</li> <li>:</li> <li>:</li> <li>□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inactive.</li> </ul>		
	If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is active.		
Pr4	☐ [4 preset PID ref.]		[No] (nO)
- - - -	Make sure that [2 preset PID ref.] (Pr2) has been assigne  [No] (nO): Function inactive  [LI1] (LI1) : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : : :	d before assigning this fu	unction.
r P 2	□ [2 preset PID ref.] (1)		300
$\circ$	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 2] (Pr2) is assigned.  Adjustment range from [Min PID reference] (PIP1) to [Max PID reference] (PIP2) (2).		
r P 3	☐ [3 preset PID ref.]		600
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset ref.		2).
r P 4	☐ [4 preset PID ref.] (1)		900
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Preset ref. PID 4] (Preset ref.		2).

- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
- (2) If a graphic display terminal is not in use, values greater than 9999 will be displayed on the 4-digit display with a period mark after the thousand digit, e.g., 15.65 for 15650.

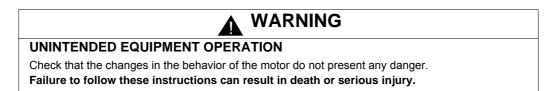
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

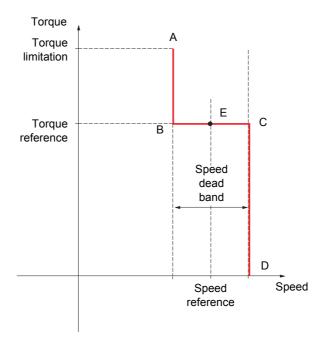
### **Torque regulation**



The function can be used to switch between operation in speed regulation mode and operation in torque control mode. In torque control mode, the speed may vary within a configurable "deadband". When it reaches a lower or upper limit, the drive automatically reverts to speed regulation mode (fallback) and remains at this limit speed. The regulated torque is therefore no longer maintained and two scenarios may occur.

- If the torque returns to the required value, the drive will return to torque control mode.
- If the torque does not return to the required value at the end of a configurable period of time, the drive will switch to fault or alarm mode.





- AB and CD: "Fallback" to speed regulation
- BC: Torque control zone
- E: Ideal operating point

The torque sign and value can be transmitted via a logic output and an analog output.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EOr-	This function can only be accessed for [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [SVC I] (CUC), [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 151.		
£ 5 5	☐ [Trq/spd switching]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4E5 L I I - -	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive, thereby preventing access to other parameters.</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Permanent torque control</li> <li>□ [LI1] (LI1)</li> <li>:</li> <li>:</li> <li>□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 1: Torque control</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0: Speed regulation</li> </ul>		
Erl	☐ [Torque ref. channel]		[No] (nO)
~ D A I I A I 3 A I 4 L C C C A ~ C E L A P P P G	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Not assigned (zero torque reference).</li> <li>□ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input</li> <li>□ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [IM1] (LCC): Graphic display terminal</li> <li>□ [Modbus] (Mdb): Integrated Modbus</li> <li>□ [CANopen] (CAn): Integrated CANopen</li> <li>□ [Com. card] (nEt): Communication card (if inserted)</li> <li>□ [C.Insid. card] (APP): Controller Inside card (if inserted)</li> <li>□ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>100% of the reference corresponds to 300% of the rated torque.</li> </ul>		
E 5 d	☐ [Torque ref. sign] [No] (nO)		
n D L I I - - -	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>□ [LI1] (LI1)</li> <li>⋮</li> <li>□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the torque sign is the same as the reference.</li> <li>If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the torque sign is the opposite of the reference.</li> </ul>		
ErE	☐ [Torque ratio]	0 to 1000%	100%
()	Coefficient applied to [Torque reference] (tr1).		
()	☐ [Torque ramp time]  Rise and fall time for a variation of 100% of the rated torque.	0 to 99.99 s ue.	3 s
£ 5 £	☐ [Torque control stop]		[Speed] (SPd)
5 P d 9 E S 5 P n	<ul> <li>□ [Speed] (SPd): Speed regulation stop, in accordance with the type of stop configuration (see page 162)</li> <li>□ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop</li> <li>□ [Spin] (SPn): Zero torque stop, but maintaining the flux in the motor. This type of operation is only possible if [Motor control type] (Ctt) = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).</li> </ul>		
5 P E	☐ [Spin time]	0 to 3600 s	1
()	The parameter can be accessed if [Torque control stop] (the Spin time following stop, in order to remain ready to restart		

**()** P

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[TORQUE CONTROL] (continued)		
46P ()	☐ [Positive deadband]	0 to 2 x [Max frequency] (tFr)	10 Hz
	Positive deadband.  Value added algebraically to the speed reference.  Example for dbP = 10:  If reference = +50 Hz: +50 + 10 = 60  If reference = -50 Hz: -50 + 10 = -40		
dbn ()	☐ [Negative deadband]	0 to 2 x [Max frequency] (tFr)	10 Hz
C)	Negative deadband.  Value subtracted algebraically from the speed reference.  Example for dbn = 10:  If reference = +50 Hz: +50 - 10 = 40  If reference = -50 Hz: -50 - 10 = -60		
r E O	☐ [Torque ctrl time out]	0 to 999.9 s	60
	Time following automatic exit of torque control mode in the event of a fault or alarm.		
F 0 P	☐ [Torq. ctrl fault mgt]  Response of drive once time [Torque ctrl time out] (rtO) has elapsed.		[Alarm] (ALrM)
AL r N F L E	☐ [Alarm] (ALrM) ☐ [Fault] (FLt): Fault with freewheel stop.		



Note: If the motor is equipped with an encoder assigned to speed feedback, the "torque control" function will trigger a [Load slipping] (AnF) fault. One of the following solutions should be applied:

- Set [Load slip detection] (Sdd) page 258 = [No] (nO).
- Set [Positive deadband] (dbP) and [Negative deadband] (dbn) each to a value less than 10% of the rated motor frequency.

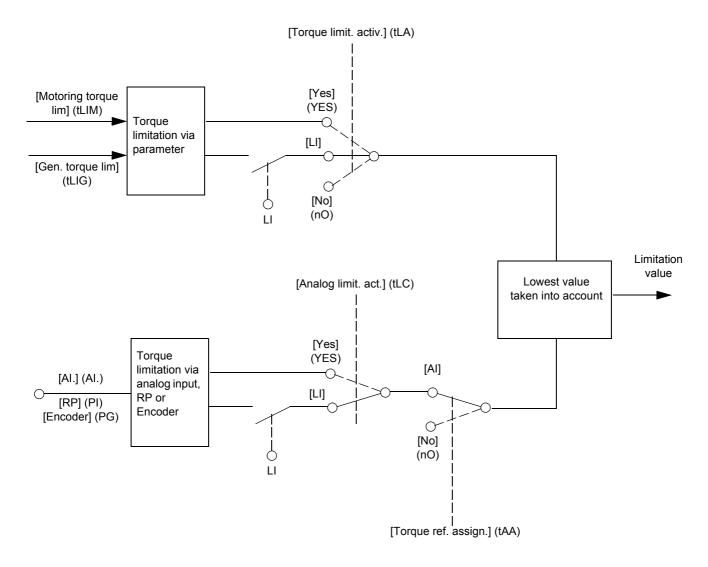
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### **Torque limitation**

There are two types of torque limitation:

- With a value that is fixed by a parameterWith a value that is set by an analog input (AI, pulse or encoder)

If both types are enabled, the lowest value is taken into account. The two types of limitation can be configured or switched remotely using a logic input or via the communication bus.



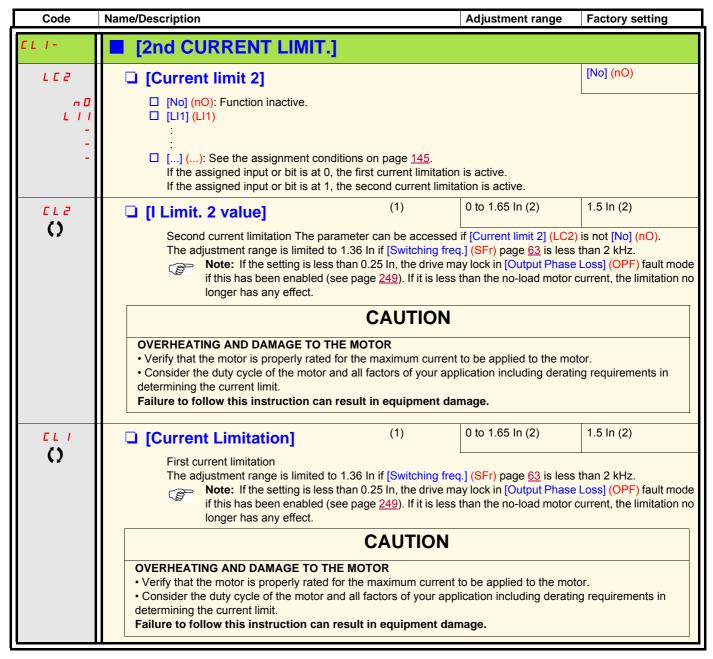
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
FOL-	This function cannot be accessed in V/F profile mode.		
E L A	☐ [Torque limit. activ.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S L I I - -	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive ☐ [Yes] (YES): Function always active ☐ [LI1] (LI1)		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145. If the assigned input or bit is at 0, the function is inact If the assigned input or bit is at 1, the function is activ	tive.	
IntP	☐ [Torque increment]		[1 %] (1)
0. I	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO)  Selection of units for the [Motoring torque lim] (tLIM) and [Gen. torque lim] (tLIG) parameters.  [0,1%] (0.1): unit 0.1%.  [1%] (1): unit 1%.		
FLIN	☐ [Motoring torque lim] (1)	0 to 300%	100%
O	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. a Torque limitation in motor mode, as a % or in 0.1% in [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.		e in accordance with the
EL IG	☐ [Gen. torque lim] (1)	0 to 300%	100%
()	The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. a Torque limitation in generator mode, as a % or in 0.19 the [Torque increment] (IntP) parameter.		orque in accordance with
L A A	☐ [Torque ref. assign.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 A 1 1 - A 14 P 1 P G A 1 U 1	If the function is assigned, the limitation varies between 0% and 300% of the rated torque on the basis of the 0% to 100% signal applied to the assigned input.  Examples:  - 12 mA on a 4-20 mA input results in limitation to 150% of the rated torque.  - 2.5 V on a 10 V input results in 75% of the rated torque.  [No] (nO): Not assigned (function inactive)  [Al1] (Al1)  to  [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted  [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 I/O card has been inserted  [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted  [Network Al] (AlU1): Virtual input via communication bus, to be configured via [Al net. channel] (AlC1) page 117.		
	WARNING  UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION  If the equipment switches to forced local mode (see page 269), the virtual input remains fixed at the last value transmitted.  Do not use the virtual input and forced local mode in the same configuration.  Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.		

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter th

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
	[TORQUE LIMITATION] (continued)				
E L C	☐ [Analog limit. act.]		[Yes] (YES)		
YES LII - -	The parameter can be accessed if [Torque ref. assign.] (tAA) is not [No] (nO).  [Yes] (YES): The limitation depends on the input assigned by [Torque ref. assign.] (tAA).				
£ ₽ П П	☐ [Pmax Motor]	10 to 300%	300%		
O	Maximum power in motor mode The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. activ.] (tLA) = [No] (nO)				
E P N G	☐ [Pmax Generator]	10 to 300%	300%		
()	Maximum power in generator mode The parameter cannot be accessed if [Torque limit. ac	tiv.] (tLA) = [No] (nO)	-1		



- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.

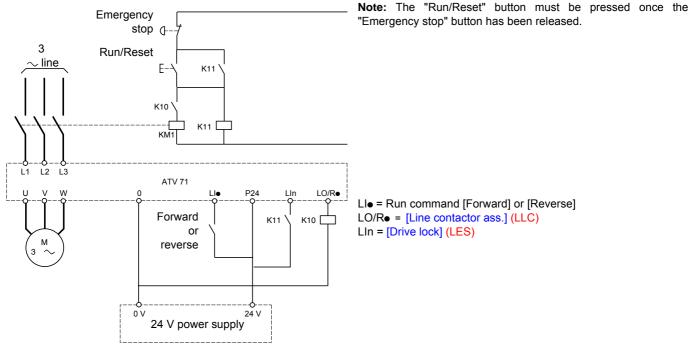
### Line contactor command

The line contactor closes every time a run command (forward or reverse) is sent and opens after every stop, as soon as the drive is locked. For example, if the stop mode is stop on ramp, the contactor will open when the motor reaches zero speed.

(8)

Note: The drive control power supply must be provided via an external 24 V source.

#### Example circuit:



### **CAUTION**

This function can only be used for a small number of consecutive operations with a cycle time longer than 60 s (in order to avoid premature aging of the filter capacitor charging circuit).

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
LLE-	■ [LINE CONTACTOR COMMAND]			
LLC	☐ [Line contactor ass.]		[No] (nO)	
	Logic output or control relay  □ [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed).  □ [LO1] (LO1)  to  [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected).  [R2] (r2)  to  [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted).  □ [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment]  (AO1) page 132 = [No] (nO).			
L E 5	☐ [Drive lock] [No] (nO)			
- - - - -	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive. □ [LI1] (LI1) : : □ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145. The drive locks when the assigned input or bit changes to 0.			
LCE	☐ [Mains V. time out]	5 to 999 s	5 s	
	Monitoring time for closing of line contactor. If, once this time has elapsed, there is no voltage on the drive power circuit, the drive will lock with a "Line contactor" fault (LCF).			

### **Output contactor command**

This allows the drive to control a contactor located between the drive and the motor. The request for the contactor to close is made when a run command is sent. The request for the contactor to open is made when there is no longer any current in the motor.

### **CAUTION**

If a DC injection braking function has been configured it should not be left operating too long in stop mode, as the contactor only opens at the end of braking.

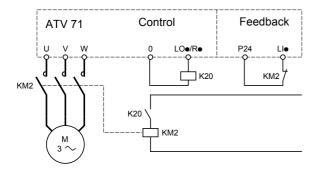
Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

#### **Output contactor feedback**

The corresponding logic input should be at 1 when there is no run command and at 0 during operation.

In the event of an inconsistency, the drive trips on an FCF2 fault if the output contactor fails to close (Llx at 1) and on an FCF1 fault if it is stuck (Llx at 0).

The parameter [Delay to motor run] (dbS) can be used to delay tripping in fault mode when a run command is sent and the [Delay to open cont.] (dAS) parameter delays the fault when a stop command is set.



The [Out. contactor ass.] (OCC) and [Output contact. fdbk] (rCA) functions can be used individually or together.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
OCC -	■ [OUTPUT CONTACTOR CMD]		
0 C C	☐ [Out. contactor ass.]		[No] (nO)
  	Logic output or control relay  [No] (nO): Function not assigned (in this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed).  [LO1] (LO1)  to  [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have been inserted, LO1 to LO2 or LO4 can be selected).  [R2] (r2)  to  [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if one or two I/O cards have been inserted).		
<i>a</i> o i	[dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output. Selection can be made if [AO1 assignment] (AO1) page 132 = [No] (nO).		
rEA	☐ [Output contact. fdbk]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - - -	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>□ [LI1] (LI1)</li> <li>:</li> <li>:</li> <li>□ [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.</li> <li>The motor starts up when the assigned input or bit change</li> </ul>	es to 0.	
d 6 5	☐ [Delay to motor run]	0.05 to 60 s	0.15
$\langle \rangle$	<ul> <li>Time delay for:</li> <li>Motor control following the sending of a run command</li> <li>Output contactor fault monitoring, if the feedback is assigned. If the contactor fails to close at the end of the set time, the drive will lock in FCF2 fault mode.</li> <li>This parameter can be accessed if [Out. contactor ass.] (OCC) is assigned or if [Output contact. fdbk] (rCA) is assigned.</li> <li>The time delay must be greater than the closing time of the output contactor.</li> </ul>		
d A 5	☐ [Delay to open cont.]	0 to 5.00 s	0.10
()	Time delay for output contactor opening command following This parameter can be accessed if [Output contact. fdbk]. The time delay must be greater than the opening time of the not be monitored.  If the contactor fails to open at the end of the set time, the	(rCA) is assigned. he output contactor. If it i	

()

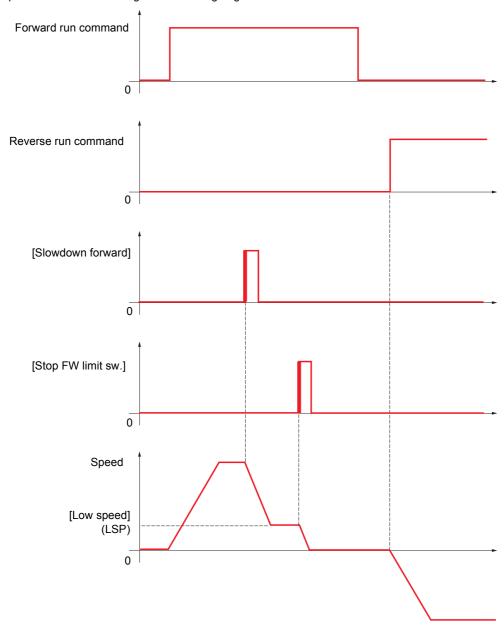
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### Positioning by sensors or limit switches

This function is used for managing positioning using position sensors or limit switches linked to logic inputs or using control word bits:

- · Slowing down
- Stopping

The action logic for the inputs and bits can be configured on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) or a falling edge (change from 1 to 0). The example below has been configured on a rising edge:



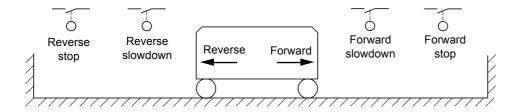
The slowdown mode and stop mode can be configured.

The operation is identical for both directions of operation. Slowdown and stopping operate according to the same logic, described below.

### Example: Forward slowdown, on rising edge

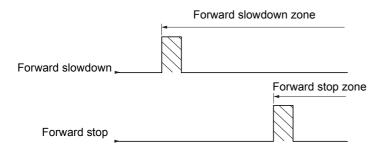
- Forward slowdown takes place on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the input or bit assigned to forward slowdown if this rising edge occurs in forward operation. The slowdown command is then memorized, even in the event of a power outage. Operation in the opposite direction is authorized at high speed. The slowdown command is deleted on a falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the input or bit assigned to forward slowdown if this falling edge occurs in reverse operation.
- A bit or a logic input can be assigned to disable this function.
- Although forward slowdown is disabled while the disable input or bit is at 1, sensor changes continue to be monitored and saved.

#### Example: Positioning on a limit switch, on rising edge



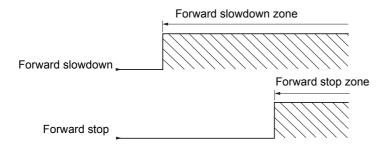
#### Operation with short cams:

In this instance, when operating for the first time or after restoring the factory settings, the drive must initially be started outside the slowdown and stop zones in order to initialize the function.



#### **Operation with long cams:**

In this instance, there is no restriction, which means that the function is initialized across the whole trajectory.



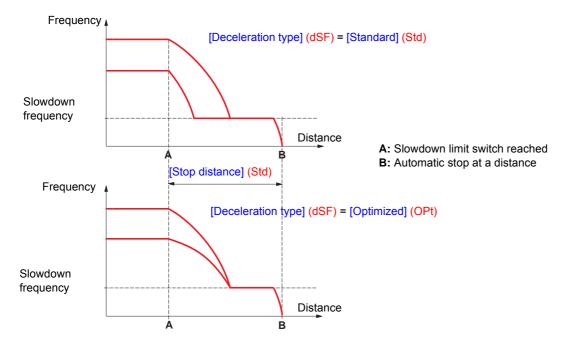
### Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch

This function can be used to control the stopping of the moving part automatically once a preset distance has been traveled after the slowdown limit switch.

On the basis of the rated linear speed and the speed estimated by the drive when the slowdown limit switch is tripped, the drive will induce the stop at the configured distance.

This function is useful in applications where one manual-reset overtravel limit switch is common to both directions. It will then only respond to ensure safety if the distance is exceeded. The stop limit switch retains priority in respect of the function.

The [Deceleration type] (dSF) parameter can be configured to obtain either of the functions described below:



#### Note:

- If the deceleration ramp is modified while stopping at a distance is in progress, this distance will not be observed.
- If the direction is modified while stopping at a distance is in progress, this distance will not be observed.
- If the drive is shutdown while stopping at distance is in progress, this distance will not be observed on the next power-up.

## **A** DANGER

#### UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION

- Check that the parameters configured are consistent (in particular, you should check that the required distance is possible).
- · This function does not replace the stop limit switch, which remains necessary for safety reasons.

Failure to follow these instructions will result in death or serious injury.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
LPO-	[POSITIONING BY SENSORS]  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 151.		
5 A F	☐ [Stop FW limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
C 10 1	☐ [No] (nO): Not assigned ☐ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) ☐ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O ca ☐ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extende ☐ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Ma	d I/O card has been inserted odbus in [I/O profile] (IO) ANopen in [I/O profile] (IO)	
- C 9 0 0 -	☐ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communica ☐ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller I ☐ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO ☐ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO	Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) ) can be switched with possible	
5 A r	☐ [Stop RV limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit s	sw.] (SAF) above.	
5 A L	☐ [Stop limit config.]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit the positive or negative logic of the bits or inputs as  ☐ [Active low] (LO): Stop controlled on a falling edge ☐ [Active high] (HIG): Stop controlled on a rising edge	ssigned to the stop. (change from 1 to 0) of the ass	igned bits or inputs.
d A F	☐ [Slowdown forward]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit s	sw.] (SAF) above.	
dAr	☐ [Slowdown reverse]		[No] (nO)
	Same assignments possible as for [Stop FW limit s	sw.] (SAF) above.	
d A L	☐ [Slowdown limit cfg.]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit defines the positive or negative logic of the bits or i   ☐ [Active low] (LO): Slowdown controlled on a falling of [Active high] (HIG): Slowdown controlled on a rising	inputs assigned to the slowdow edge (change from 1 to 0) of the	n. e assigned bits or inputs.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [POSITIONING BY SENSORS] (continued)		
<i>CL</i> 5	☐ [Disable limit sw.]		[No] (nO)
n D L 1 I -	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned.  [No] (nO): Not assigned  [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145. The action of the limit switches is disabled when the assign stopped or being slowed down by limit switches, it will rest.		
PAS	☐ [Stop type]		[Ramp stop] (rMP)
-ПР F5L YE5	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned.  [Ramp stop] (rMP): On ramp  [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop (ramp time reduced by [Ramp divider] (dCF), see page 162)  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop		
d 5 F	☐ [Deceleration type]		[Standard] (Std)
5 E d 0 P E	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned.  ☐ [Standard] (Std): Uses the [Deceleration] (dEC) or [Deceleration 2] (dE2) ramp (depending on which has been enabled).  ☐ [Optimized] (OPt): The ramp time is calculated on the basis of the actual speed when the slowdown contact switches, in order to limit the operating time at low speed (optimization of the cycle time: the slowdown time is constant regardless of the initial speed).		
5 E d	☐ [Stop distance]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch or one sensor has been assigned.  Activation and adjustment of the "Stop at distance calculated after the slowdown limit switch" function.  [No] (nO): Function inactive (the next two parameters will, therefore, be inaccessible).  0.01 yd to 10.94 yd: Stop distance range in yards.		
n L 5	☐ [Rated linear speed]	0.20 to 5.00 m/s	1.00 m/s
	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch Rated linear speed in meters/second.	or one sensor has been	assigned.
5 F d	☐ [Stop corrector]	50 to 200%	100%
	The parameter can be accessed if at least one limit switch Scaling factor applied to the stop distance to compensate,		•

### Parameter set switching [PARAM. SET SWITCHING]

A set of 1 to 15 parameters from the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu on page <u>55</u> can be selected and 2 or 3 different values assigned. These 2 or 3 sets of values can then be switched using 1 or 2 logic inputs or control word bits. This switching can be performed during operation (motor running).

It can also be controlled on the basis of one or two frequency thresholds, whereby each threshold acts as a logic input (0 = threshold not reached, 1 = threshold reached).

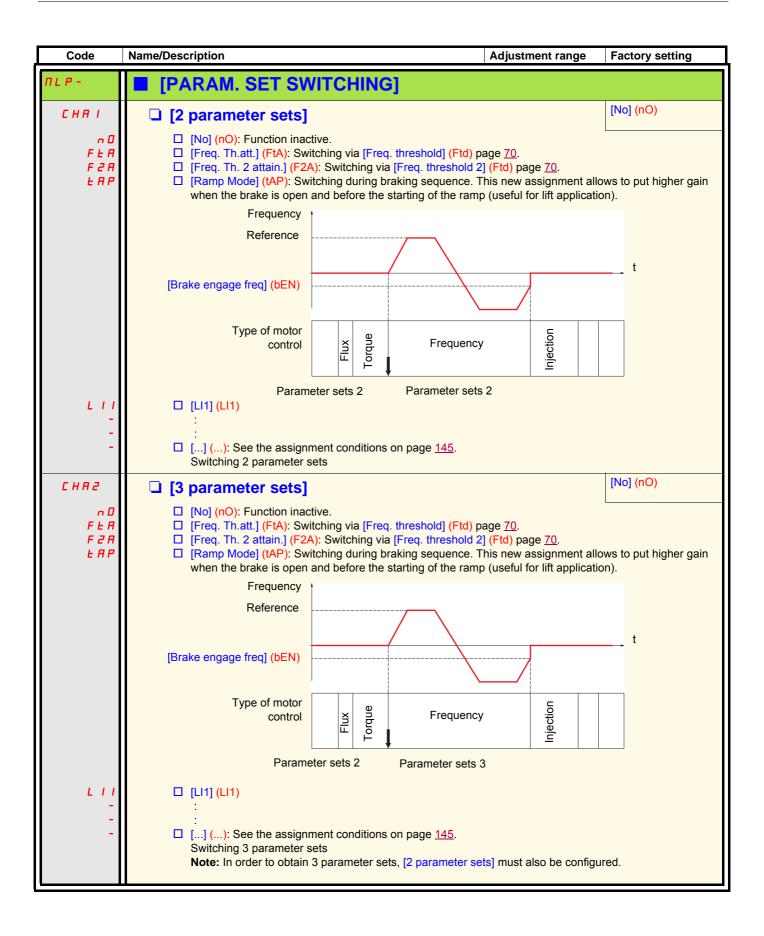
	Values 1	Values 2	Values 3
Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1	Parameter 1
Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2	Parameter 2
Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3	Parameter 3
Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4	Parameter 4
Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5	Parameter 5
Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6	Parameter 6
Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7	Parameter 7
Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8	Parameter 8
Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9	Parameter 9
Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10	Parameter 10
Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11	Parameter 11
Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12	Parameter 12
Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13	Parameter 13
Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14	Parameter 14
Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15	Parameter 15
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 2 values	0	1	0 or 1
Input LI or bit or frequency threshold 3 values	0	0	1

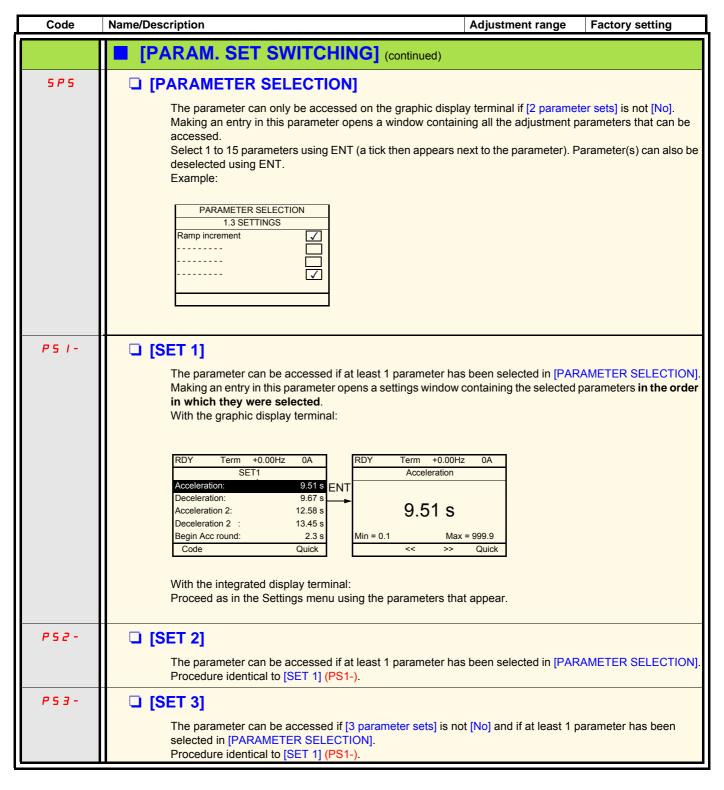


**Note:** Do not modify the parameters in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu, because any modifications made in this menu ([1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)) will be lost on the next power-up. The parameters can be adjusted during operation in the [PARAM. SET SWITCHING] (MLP-) menu, on the active configuration.

Note: Parameter set switching cannot be configured from the integrated display terminal.

Parameters can only be adjusted on the integrated display terminal if the function has been configured previously via the graphic display terminal, by PC-Software or via the bus or communication network. If the function has not been configured, the **MLP-** menu and the **PS1-**, **PS2-**, **PS3-** submenus will not appear.







Note: We recommend that a parameter set switching test is carried out while stopped and a check is made to ensure that it has been performed correctly.

Some parameters are interdependent and in this case may be restricted at the time of switching.

Interdependencies between parameters must be respected, even between different sets.

Example: The highest [Low speed] (LSP) must be below the lowest [High speed] (HSP).

## Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]

The drive may contain up to 3 configurations, which can be saved using the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu, page <u>274</u>. Each of these configurations can be activated remotely, enabling adaptation to:

- · 2 or 3 different motors or mechanisms (multimotor mode)
- 2 or 3 different configurations for a single motor (multiconfiguration mode)

The two switching modes cannot be combined.



**Note:** The following conditions MUST be observed:

- Switching may only take place when stopped (drive locked). If a switching request is sent during operation, it will not be executed
  until the next stop.
- · In the event of motor switching, the following additional conditions apply:
  - When the motors are switched, the power and control terminals concerned must also be switched as appropriate.
  - The maximum power of the drive must not be exceeded by any of the motors.
- All the configurations to be switched must be set and saved in advance in the same hardware configuration, this being the
  definitive configuration (option and communication cards). Failure to follow this instruction can cause the drive to lock on an
  [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault.

#### Menu and parameters switched in multimotor mode

- [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-)
- [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-)
- [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-)
- [1.6 COMMAND] (CtL-)
- [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) with the exception of the [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.] function (to be configured once only)
- [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt)
- [1.13 USER MENU]
- [USER CONFIG.]: The name of the configuration specified by the user in the [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu

#### Menu and parameters switched in multiconfiguration mode

As in multimotor mode, except for the motor parameters that are common to the three configurations:

- Rated current
- Thermal current
- Rated voltage
- Rated frequency
- Rated speed
- Rated power
- IR compensation
- Slip compensation
- Synchronous motor parameters
- Type of thermal protection
- Thermal state
- The auto-tuning parameters and motor parameters that can be accessed in expert mode
- Type of motor control



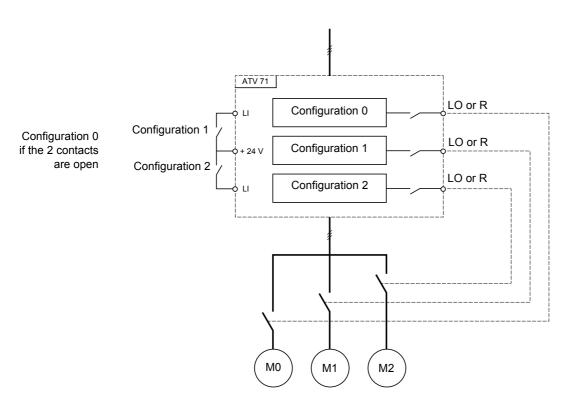
Note: No other menus or parameters can be switched.

### Switching command

Depending on the number of motors or selected configuration (2 or 3), the switching command is sent using one or two logic inputs. The table below lists the possible combinations.

LI 2 motors or configurations	LI 3 motors or configurations	Number of configuration or active motor
0	0	0
1	0	1
0	1	2
1	1	2

#### Schematic diagram for multimotor mode



## Auto-tuning in multimotor mode

This auto-tuning can be performed:

- · Manually using a logic input when the motor changes
- Automatically each time the motor is activated for the 1<sup>st</sup> time after switching on the drive, if the [Automatic autotune] (AUt) parameter
  on page 93 = [Yes] (YES).

#### Motor thermal states in multimotor mode:

The drive protects the three motors individually. Each thermal state takes into account all stop times, including drive shutdowns. It is, therefore, not necessary to perform auto-tuning every time the power is switched on. It is sufficient to auto-tune each motor at least once.

## **Configuration information output**

In the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, a logic output can be assigned to each configuration or motor (2 or 3) for remote information transmission.

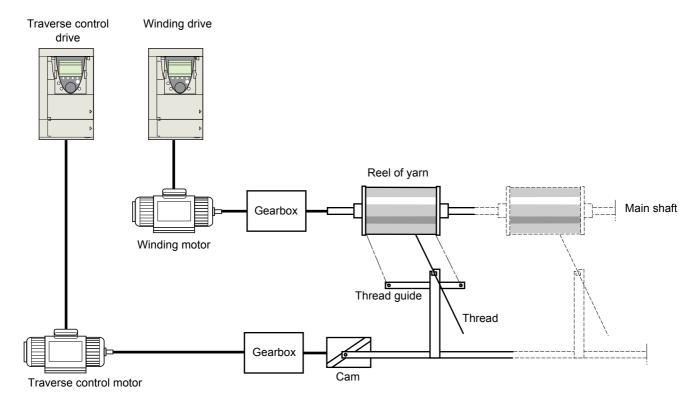


**Note:** As the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu is switched, these outputs must be assigned in all configurations in which information is required.

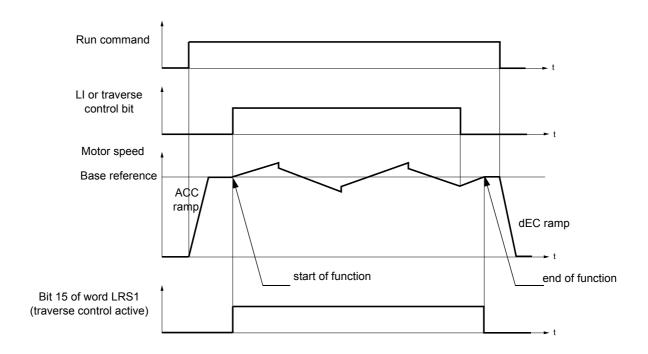
Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
חחב -	■ [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]	
ЕНП	☐ [Multimotors]	[No] (nO)
7 E S	☐ [No] (nO): Multiconfiguration possible ☐ [Yes] (YES): Multimotor possible	
	Note: At each multi-motor configuration switching, the drive performs an of the phase-shift angle at next run order.	automatic measurement
EnF I	☐ [2 Configurations]	[No] (nO)
n 0 L     - - - - -	□ [No] (nO): No switching □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus □ [C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen □ [C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card □ [C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card  Switching of 2 motors or 2 configurations	
C n F 2	☐ [3 Configurations]	[No] (nO)
n □ L     - C         - -	□ [No] (nO): No switching □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C111] (C111) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus □ [C211] (C211) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen □ [C311] (C311) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card □ [C411] (C411) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card  Switching of 3 motors or 3 configurations  Note: In order to obtain 3 motors or 3 configurations, [2 Configurations] (CnF1) m	nust also be configured.

#### **Traverse control**

Function for winding reels of yarn (in textile applications)



The speed of rotation of the cam must follow a precise profile to ensure that the reel is steady, compact and linear:

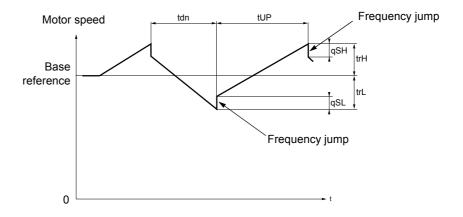


The function starts when the drive has reached its base reference and the traverse control command has been enabled. When the traverse control command is disabled, the drive returns to its base reference, following the ramp determined by the traverse control function. The function then stops, as soon as it has returned to this reference.

Bit 15 of word LRS1 is at 1 while the function is active.

#### **Function parameters:**

These define the cycle of frequency variations around the base reference, as shown in the diagram below:



- trC: [Yarn control]: Assignment of the traverse control command to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit
- tdn: [Traverse ctrl. decel] time, in seconds
- tUP: [Traverse ctrl. accel.] time, in seconds
- trH: [Traverse freq. high], in Hertz
- trL: [Traverse Freq. Low], in Hertz
- qSH: [Quick step High], in Hertz
- qSL: [Quick step Low], in Hertz

#### Reel parameters:

• tbO: [Reel time]: Time taken to make a reel, in minutes.

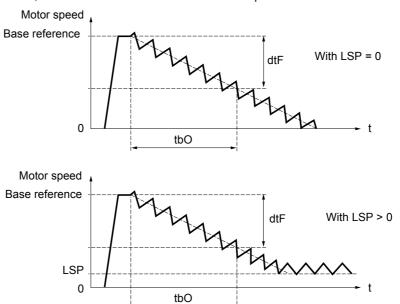
This parameter is intended to signal the end of winding. When the traverse control operating time since command trC reaches the value of tbO, the logic output or one of the relays changes to state 1, if the corresponding function EbO has been assigned.

The traverse control operating time EbOt can be monitored online by a communication bus and in the Monitoring menu.

• dtF: [Decrease ref. speed]: Decrease in the base reference.

In certain cases, the base reference has to be reduced as the reel increases in size. The dtF value corresponds to time tbO. Once this time has elapsed, the reference continues to fall, following the same ramp. If low speed LSP is at 0, the speed reaches 0 Hz, the drive stops and must be reset by a new run command.

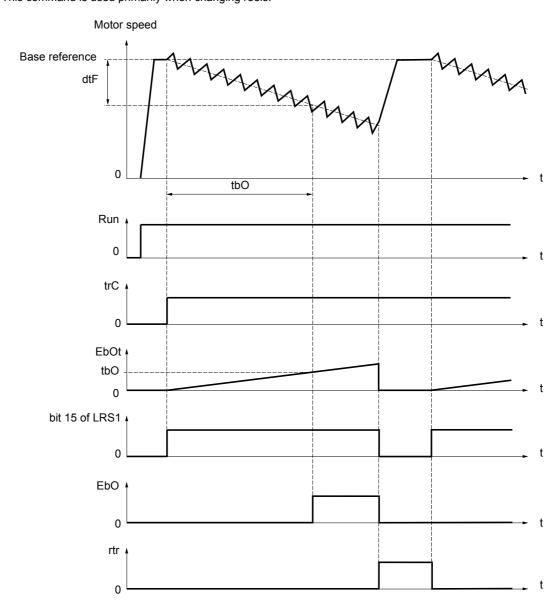
If low speed LSP is not 0, the traverse control function continues to operate above LSP.



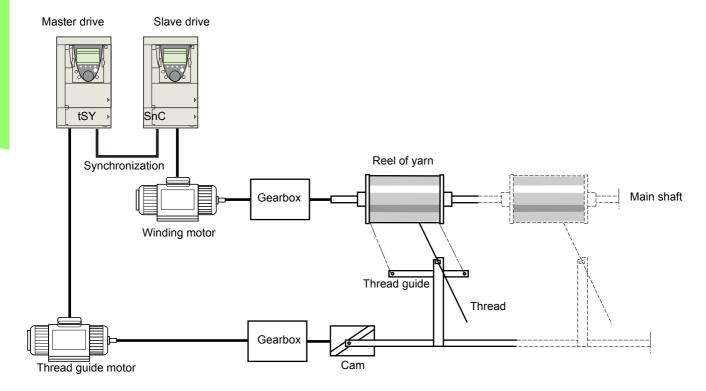
#### • rtr: [Init. traverse ctrl] Reinitialize traverse control.

This command can be assigned to a logic input or to a communication bus control word bit. It resets the EbO alarm and the EbOt operating time to zero and reinitializes the reference to the base reference. As long as rtr remains at 1, the traverse control function is disabled and the speed remains the same as the base reference.

This command is used primarily when changing reels.



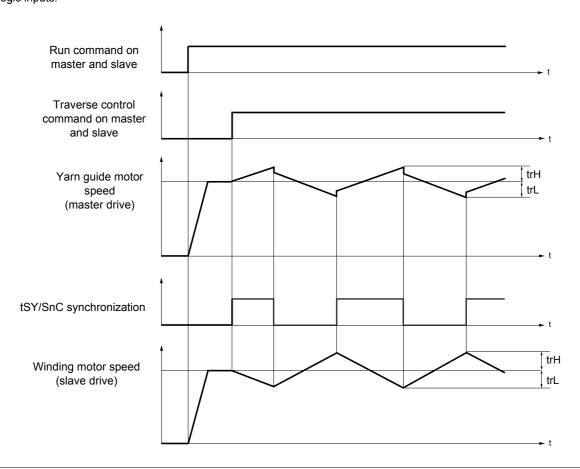
### **Counter wobble**



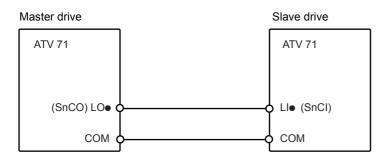
The "Counter wobble" function is used in certain applications to obtain a constant yarn tension when the "Traverse control" function is producing considerable variations in speed on the yarn guide motor (trH and trL, see page <a href="232">232</a>).

#### Two motors must be used (one master and one slave).

The master controls the speed of the yarn guide, the slave controls the winding speed. The function assigns the slave a speed profile, which is in antiphase to that of the master. This means that synchronization is required, using one of the master's logic outputs and one of the slave's logic inputs.



#### Connection of synchronization I/O



The starting conditions for the function are:

- Base speeds reached on both drives
- [Yarn control] (trC) input activated
- Synchronization signal present

Note: On the slave drive, the [Quick step High] (qSH) and [Quick step Low] (qSL) parameters should generally be left at zero.

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
ErO-	■ [TRAVERSE CONTROL]  Note: This function cannot be us	sed with certain o	ther functions. Follow the ins	structions on page <u>151</u> .
ErC	☐ [Yarn control]			[No] (nO)
L       L       -	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive, thereby ☐ [LI1] (LI1)	preventing acces	ss to other parameters.	
_	] (): See the assignment condition  The "traverse control" cycle starts wheeler to 0.		input or bit changes to 1 an	d stops when it changes
E r H	☐ [Traverse freq. high]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
trt ()	☐ [Traverse Freq. Low]	(1)	0 to 10 Hz	4 Hz
95H <b>()</b>	□ [Quick step High]	(1)	0 to [Traverse freq. high] (trH)	0 Hz
95L ()	□ [Quick step Low]	(1)	0 to [Traverse Freq. Low] (trL)	0 Hz
EUP ()	☐ [Traverse ctrl. accel.]		0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s
Edn ()	☐ [Traverse ctrl. decel]		0.1 to 999.9 s	4 s
() ()	☐ [Reel time]  Reel execution time		0 to 9999 minutes	0 minute
ЕЬО	☐ [End reel]			[No] (nO)
.0 L01 - L04 - - - 401	□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. □ [LO1] (LO1) to [LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or tw □ [R2] (r2) to [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 external [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functions	nded to R3 or R4	l if one or two I/O cards hav	e been inserted).
	(AO1) page 132 = [No] (nO).  The assigned output or relay changes time] (tbO).			

(1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	■ [TRAVERSE CONTROL] (continued)		
5 n C	☐ [Counter wobble]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 -	☐ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. ☐ [LI1] (LI1) :		
_	:  [] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145.  Synchronization input.  To be configured on the winding drive (slave) only.		
E 5 9	☐ [Sync. wobble]		[No] (nO)
40   - 4 - 5 - 6 - 6 - 7 - 8	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned.</li> <li>□ [LO1] (LO1)</li> <li>to</li> <li>[LO4] (LO4): Logic output (if one or two I/O cards have bee</li> <li>□ [R2] (r2)</li> <li>to</li> <li>□ [R4] (r4): Relay (selection of R2 extended to R3 or R4 if or</li> <li>□ [dO1] (dO1): Analog output AO1 functioning as a logic output (AO1) page 132 = [No] (nO).</li> <li>Synchronization output.</li> <li>To be configured on the yarn guide drive (master) only.</li> </ul>	ne or two I/O cards have	e been inserted).
dEF	☐ [Decrease ref. speed]	0 to 599 Hz	0 Hz
()	Decrease in the base reference during the traverse contro	l cycle.	
rEr	☐ [Init. traverse ctrl]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - -	□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned. □ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	[] (): See the assignment conditions on page 145. When the state of the assigned input or bit changes to 1, the along with [Decrease ref. speed] (dtF).	e traverse control operat	ting time is reset to zero,

## Inspection

The inspection function is designed for "elevator" applications.

It can only be accessed if the "brake logic control" and "output contactor command" functions have already been assigned.

It is used for operation at a fixed preset speed that is independent of all other references and over which it takes priority. The whole trajectory of the elevator can thus be covered and the necessary checks performed.

This function requires:

- · A logic input to control the "inspection" mode
- · An appropriate frequency reference (inspection speed)

When the assigned logic input is at state 1, inspection mode is activated:

- When a run command is given, the motor starts up normally, with output contactor command and brake logic control, until it reaches the inspection speed.
- When the run command is disabled, the motor changes to freewheel stop and brake logic control and output contactor command functions are triggered immediately.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
15P-	■ [INSPECTION MODE]		
15 P	☐ [Inspection]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 - L 1 1 4	The parameter can be accessed if brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 181 and [Out. contactor ass.] (OCC) page 215 are assigned.  [No] (nO): Function not assigned  [Li1] (Li1) to [Li6] (Li6)  [Li7] (Li7) to [Li10] (Li10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted  [Li11] (Li11) to [Li14] (Li14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted. Inspection mode is activated when the assigned input changes to state 1.		age <u>181</u> and [Out.
15 c F	☐ [Inspection speed]	0 to 25 Hz	12 Hz
O	Value of the "inspection" mode frequency reference.  The parameter can be accessed if [Inspection] (ISP) is no	t [No] (nO).	

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped

#### **Evacuation function**

The evacuation function is designed for "elevator" applications. It is only accessible for ATV71•••N4 (380/480 V) drives, up to 75 kW (100 HP) only.

When an elevator is stuck between 2 floors due to a power outage, it must be possible to evacuate its occupants within a reasonable period of time.

This function requires an emergency power supply to be connected to the drive.

This power supply is at a reduced voltage, and only allows a derated operating mode, at reduced speed, but with full torque.

#### The function requires:

- · One logic input to control "evacuation" operation
- · Reduction of the voltage monitoring threshold
- · An appropriate low speed reference

Following a power outage, the drive can restart without having to clear the [Undervoltage] (USF) fault mode if the corresponding logic input is at 1 at the same time.

#### **CAUTION**

- This input must not be at 1 when the drive is powered from the line supply. To ensure this and also avoid any short-circuits, supply changeover contactors must be used.
- · Set this input to 0 before connecting the emergency power supply to the line supply.

Failure to follow these instructions can result in equipment damage.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
rFE-	<b>[EVACUATION]</b> Function only accessible for ATV71•••N4 (380/480 V) dr	rives, up to 75 kW (100 HP	) only.
rFE-	☐ [Evacuation assign.]		[No] (nO)
∩ 0 L I I I L I I I I	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function not assigned.</li> <li>□ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6)</li> <li>□ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card</li> <li>□ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O Evacuation is activated when the assigned input is at 1 Evacuation is deactivated when the assigned input is a</li> </ul>	O card has been inserted. I, if the drive is stationary.	tops.
r 5 U	☐ [Evacuation Input V.]	220 to 320 V	220 V
	Minimum permissible AC voltage value of the emerger The parameter can be accessed if [Evacuation assign		
r 5 P	☐ [Evacuation freq.]		5 Hz
O	Value of the "evacuation" mode frequency reference. The parameter can be accessed if [Evacuation assign The adjustment range is determined by the [Low speed for an asynchronous motor or [Nominal freq sync.] (Frs motor volt.] (UnS) page 78 and by [Evacuation Input V Example with an asynchronous motor:  • If LSP < (FrS x rSU/UnS): rSP min. = LSP, rSP max • If LSP ≥ (FrS x rSU/UnS): rSP = (Frs x rSU/UnS) With a synchronous motor: Same formula using FrSS in	] (LSP) (page <u>57</u> ), [Rated m SS) page <u>87</u> for a synchror .] (rSU) above. . = (Frs x rSU/UnS)	ous motor and [Rated

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

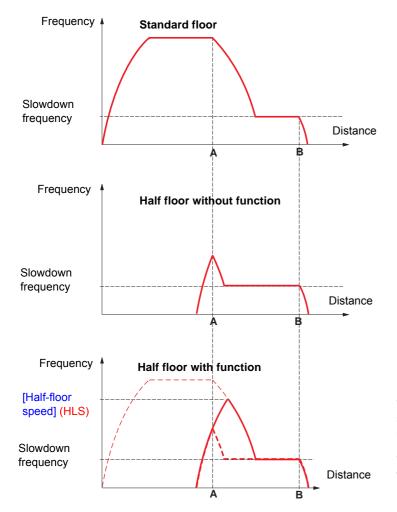
#### Half floor

The "half floor" function is designed for "elevator" applications.

When an elevator sets off from floors and half floors, the cycle time for half floors can be too long, as the elevator does not have time to reach full speed before crossing the slowdown limit switch. As a result, the slowdown time is unnecessarily long.

The "half floor" function can be used to compensate this by not triggering slowdown until the speed reaches a preset threshold [Half-floor speed] (HLS) in order that the final part of the path will be the same as for a standard floor.

The graphs below illustrate the various operating scenarios with and without the function:



- A: Slowdown limit switch reached
- B: Stop limit switch reached

The function is only activated if, when the slowdown limit switch is tripped, the motor frequency is less than [Half-floor speed] (HLS). Acceleration is then maintained up to this value prior to slowing down.

The final part of the path is identical to that of the standard floor.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
HFF-	■ [HALF FLOOR]		
HL 5	☐ [Half-floor speed]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of the "half floor" function. This is functions (preset speeds, for example) with the exception of speed, for example).  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ 0.1 Hz to 500.0 Hz: Activation of the function by adjusting the down.	of those generated via fa	ult monitoring (fallback

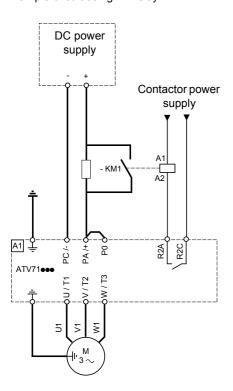
### Direct power supply via DC bus

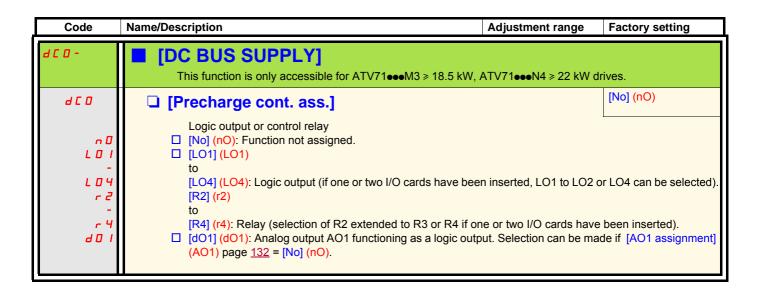
This function is only accessible for ATV71eeeM3 ≥ 18.5 kW, ATV71eeeN4 ≥ 22 kW drives.

Direct power supply via the DC bus requires a protected direct current source with adequate power and voltage as well as a suitably dimensioned resistor and capacitor precharging contactor. Consult Schneider Electric for information about specifying these components.

The "direct power supply via DC bus" function can be used to control the precharging contactor via a relay or a logic input on the drive.

Example circuit using R2 relay:

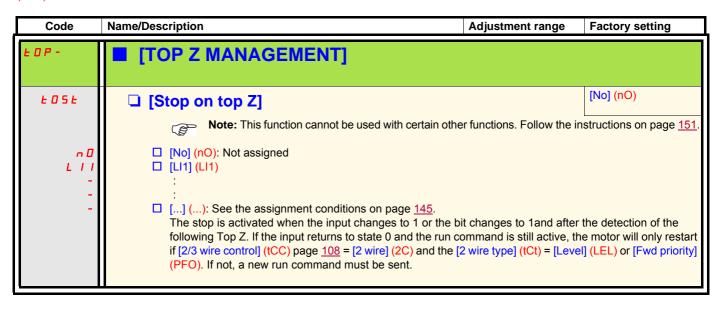




#### Top Z management

This function is only accessible if an encoder card VW3 A3 411 has been inserted and if [Encoder type] (EnS) = [AABB] (AAbb).

This function can be used to make homing but it is necessary to have an approach speed low otherwise the drive trips in [Overbraking] (ObF) fault.

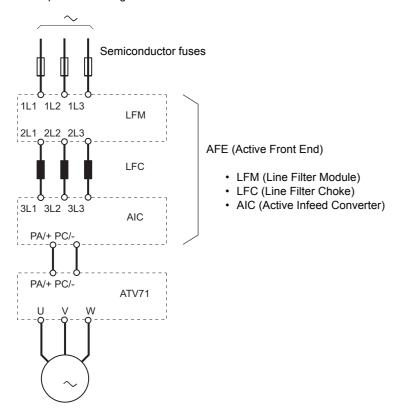


### **Active Front End connection**

This function is not accessible for ATV71H●●●S6X > and for ATV71H●●●Y > 110 kW (150 HP). (HHP range)

Direct power supply via Active Front End (AFE) reduces the mains current harmonics to less than 4% and gives enables the drive to feedback the generative energy to the mains supply.

Example circuit using one AFE for one ATV71



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
AFE-	■ [REGEN CONNECTION]		
O Ir	☐ [Regen. Connection]		[No] (nO)
~ 0 ?? 4 E 5 L I I - C I 0 I - - C d 0 0	□ [No] (nO): Not assigned □ [Yes] (YES): Function always active □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 ld □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A320 □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With inte □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With inte □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a color [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a color [C000] (Cd00) to [C013] (Cd15): In [I/O III] [C014] (Cd14) to [C015] (Cd15): In [I/O III] [C014] (Cd14) to [C015] (Cd15): In [I/O III] [C016] (CHCF) = [8 serie] (SE8), then only	2 extended I/O card has been inserted egrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) egrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) orofile] (IO) can be switched with post profile] (IO) can be switched without I	o) O) sible logic inputs ogic inputs

# **A** CAUTION

#### DAMAGED EQUIPMENT

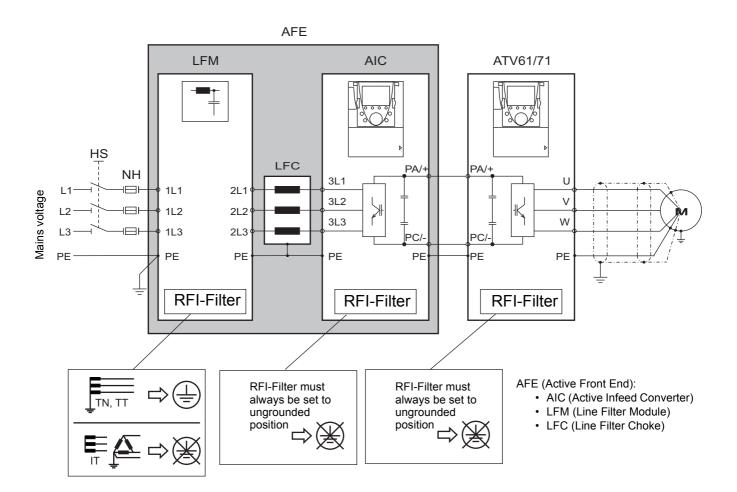
It is absolutely necessary to carry out further parameter setting on all ATV71 drive connnected to Active Front End (AFE). Check the list of parameter on next page.

Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.

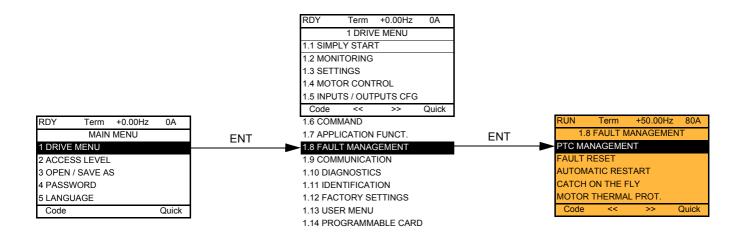
#### **Active Front End connection**

It is necessary to carry out the following settings for all frequency inverters connected to an active front end:

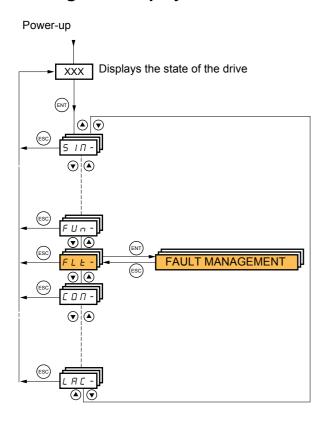
- Parameter [Mains voltage] (UrES): Same setting as the active front end (Thereby the internal voltage levels of the frequency inverter are adapted).
- Parameter [Input phase loss] (IPL) has to be set to [Ignore] (nO).
- Parameter for operation with active front end [Regen. Connection] (OIr) has to be set to [Yes] (YES) (Thereby the undervoltage level of the frequency inverter is adapted to the operation with the active front end).
- Parameter [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) is set to [nO] to inactivate this function.
- Parameter [Brake res. fault Mgt] (bUb) has to be set to [ignore] (nO) (for HHP range only).
- Parameter [Deceleration] (dEC) has to be increased for applications with high inertia to avoid overload of Active Front End. This can be prevented also by rounding the deceleration ramp with parameter [Begin Dec round] (tA3).
- Parameter [2 wire type] (tCt) has to be set on [Level] (LEL) to ensure an automatic restart after undervoltage detection of the Active Front End. An automatic restart is only possible on 2 wire control.
- The integrated RFI filter has to be always deactivated (position IT, non-grounded mains) for all ATV 71 inverter and also for the Active Infeed Converter (AIC) because there exists no direct mains connection.



## With graphic display terminal:



## With integrated display terminal:



## **Summary of functions:**

Code	Name	Page
PEC-	[PTC MANAGEMENT]	<u>243</u>
r 5 E -	[FAULT RESET]	<u>244</u>
Atr-	[AUTOMATIC RESTART]	<u>245</u>
FLr-	[CATCH ON THE FLY]	<u>246</u>
EHE-	[MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]	248
OPL-	[OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]	<u>249</u>
IPL -	[INPUT PHASE LOSS]	<u>249</u>
OHL-	[DRIVE OVERHEAT]	<u>250</u>
5 A L -	[THERMAL ALARM STOP]	<u>251</u>
ELF-	[EXTERNAL FAULT]	<u>252</u>
U56-	[UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]	<u>253</u>
E IE -	[IGBT TESTS]	<u>254</u>
LFL-	[4-20mA LOSS]	<u>255</u>
InH-	[FAULT INHIBITION]	<u>256</u>
CLL-	[COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]	<u>257</u>
5 d d -	[ENCODER FAULT]	<u>258</u>
Eld-	[TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT]	<u>258</u>
F9F-	[FREQUENCY METER]	<u>260</u>
dLd-	[DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT.]	<u>262</u>
brP-	[DB RES. PROTECTION]	<u>263</u>
ЬUF-	[BU PROTECTION]	<u>263</u>
EnF-	[AUTO TUNING FAULT]	<u>263</u>
PP I-	[CARDS PAIRING]	<u>264</u>
LFF-	[FALLBACK SPEED]	<u>265</u>
FSE-	[RAMP DIVIDER]	<u>265</u>
dC I-	[DC INJECTION]	<u>265</u>

The parameters in the [1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (FLt-) menu can only be modified when the drive is stopped and there is no run command, except for parameters with a \(\Omega\) symbol in the code column, which can be modified with the drive running or stopped.

### **PTC** probes

3 sets of PTC probes can be managed by the drive in order to protect the motors:

- 1 on logic input LI6 converted for this use by switch "SW2" on the control card.
- 1 on each of the 2 option cards VW3A3201 and VW3A3202.

Each of these sets of PTC probes is monitored for the following faults:

- · Motor overheating
- · Sensor break fault
- · Sensor short-circuit fault

Protection via PTC probes does not disable protection via  $I^2t$  calculation performed by the drive (the two types of protection can be combined).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PEC-	■ [PTC MANAGEMENT]		
PECL	☐ [LI6 = PTC probe]		[No] (nO)
r 0 A 5 r d 5 r 5	Can be accessed if switch <b>SW2</b> on the control card is set  □ [No] (nO): Not used □ [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permane long as the control remains connected to the power supp □ [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the set of the power on the set of the power of the po	ntly, even if the power sup ly). e the drive power supply i	s connected.
PECI	□ [PTC1 probe]		[No] (nO)
n 0 A 5 r d 5 r S	Can be accessed if a VW3A3201 option card has been inserted.  [No] (nO): Not used  [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected (as long as the control remains connected to the power supply).  [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the drive power supply is connected.  [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the motor power supply is connected.		
P E C 2	☐ [PTC2 probe]		[No] (nO)
n 0 A 5 r d 5	Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted.  □ [No] (nO): Not used □ [Always] (AS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored permanently, even if the power supply is not connected (as long as the control remains connected to the power supply). □ [Power ON] (rdS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the drive power supply is connected. □ [Motor ON] (rS): "PTC probe" faults are monitored while the motor power supply is connected.		
r 5			

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting		
r 5 E -	■ [FAULT RESET]			
r 5 F L I I	Manual fault reset  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted □ [C101] (C101) to [C115] (C115): With integrated Modbus in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C201] (C201) to [C215] (C215): With integrated CANopen in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C301] (C301) to [C315] (C315): With a communication card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [C401] (C401) to [C415] (C415): With a Controller Inside card in [I/O profile] (IO) □ [CD00] (Cd00) to [CD13] (Cd13): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched with possible □ [CD14] (Cd14) to [CD15] (Cd15): In [I/O profile] (IO) can be switched without logic Faults are reset when the assigned input or bit changes to 1, if the cause of the faults are reset when the graphic display terminal performs the same funct See pages 294 to 298 for a list of faults that can be reset manually.	inputs ult has disappeared.		
rPA	☐ [Product reset assig.]	[No] (nO)		
n 0 L 1 1 - L 1 1 4		Drive reinitialization via logic input. Can be used to reset all faults without having to disconnect the drive from the power supply. The drive is reinitialized on a rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned input. The drive can only be reinitialized when locked.  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted.		
	CAUTION	CAUTION		
	Make sure that the cause of the fault that led to the drive locking has been re reinitializing.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
r P	☐ [Product reset]	[No] (nO)		
n 0 4 E S	Parameter can only be accessed in [ACCESS LEVEL] = [Expert] mode.  Drive reinitialization. Can be used to reset all faults without having to disconnect the drive from the power supply.  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [Yes] (YES): Reinitialization. Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) automatically as soon as the operation is complete. The drive can only be reinitialized when locked.			
	CAUTION	CAUTION		
	Make sure that the cause of the fault that led to the drive locking has been removed before reinitializing.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Atr-	■ [AUTOMATIC RESTART]		
A E c	☐ [Automatic restart]		[No] (nO)
n □ 9 € 5	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Automatic restart, after locking on a fault, if the fault has disappeared and the other operating conditions permit the restart. The restart is performed by a series of automatic attempts separated by increasingly longer waiting periods: 1 s, 5 s, 10 s, then 1 minute for the following attempts.         The drive fault relay remains activated if this function is active. The speed reference and the operating direction must be maintained.         Use 2-wire control ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) = [2 wire] (2C) and [2 wire type] (tCt) = [Level] (LEL) see page 108).     </li> </ul>		
	WARNING  UNINTENDED EQUIPMENT OPERATION  Check that an automatic restart will not endanger personnel or equipment in any way.  Failure to follow these instructions can result in death or serious injury.		
	If the restart has not taken place once the configurable time the drive remains locked until it is turned off and then on a The faults, which permit this function, are listed on page 25	gain.	ocedure is aborted and
E A r	☐ [Max. restart time]		[5 minutes] (5)
5 10 30 14 24 34 C E	☐ [5 min] (5): 5 minutes ☐ [10 minutes] (10): 10 minutes ☐ [30 minutes] (30): 30 minutes ☐ [1 hour] (1h): 1 hour ☐ [2 hours] (2h): 2 hours ☐ [3 hours] (3h): 3 hours ☐ [Unlimited] (Ct): Unlimited ☐ This parameter appears if [Automatic restart] (Atr) = [Yes] consecutive restarts on a recurrent fault.	(YES). It can be used to	limit the number of

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
FLr-	[CATCH ON THE FLY]  Note: This function cannot be used with certain other functions. Follow the instructions on page 151.			
FLr	☐ [Catch on the fly]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 Y E 5	Used to enable a smooth restart if the run command is maintained after the following events:  • Loss of line supply or disconnection  • Reset of current fault or automatic restart  • Freewheel stop.  The speed given by the drive resumes from the estimated speed of the motor at the time of the restart, then follows the ramp to the reference speed.  Rotor speed, estimated during freewheel operation, in order to define the appropriate catch on fly settings is available by [Freq. catch on fly] (FCAO), it can be monitored with PC-Software.  This function requires 2-wire level control.  [No] (nO): Function inactive  [Yes] (YES): Function active  When the function is operational, it activates at each run command, resulting in a slight delay of the current (0.5 s max.).  [Catch on the fly] (FLr) is forced to [No] (nO) if brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) is assigned (page 181) or if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY), or if, in open-loop control, [Auto DC injection] (AdC) page 164 = [Continuous] (Ct).  Note: This function should not be used with motors in parallel because the speed estimation based on motor current measurement is not possible.			
ИСЬ	☐ [Sensitivity]	0.1 to 15%	0.6%	
$\Box$	The parameter can be accessed at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for the ATV71•••M3X and at and above 9 kW (120 HP) for the ATV71•••N4.  Adjusts the catch-on-the-fly sensitivity around the zero speed.  Decrease the value if the drive is not able to perform the catch on the fly, and increase it if the drive locks on a fault as it performs the catch on the fly.			

()

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

## **Motor thermal protection**

#### **Function:**

Thermal protection by calculating the I<sup>2</sup>t.

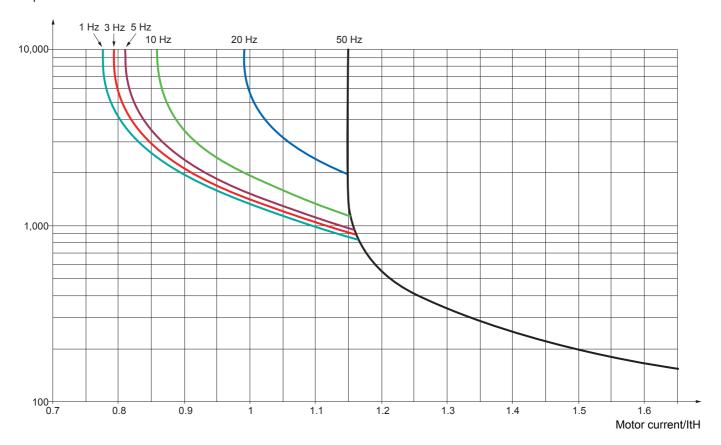


**Note:** The memory of the motor thermal state is saved when the drive is switched off. The power-off time is used to recalculate the thermal state the next time the drive is switched on.

- Naturally-cooled motors:

  The tripping curves depend on the motor frequency.
- Force-cooled motors:
   Only the 50 Hz tripping curve needs to be considered, regardless of the motor frequency.

#### Trip time in seconds



Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EHE-	MOTOR THERMAL PROT.]		
E H E	☐ [Motor protect. type]		[Self cooled] (ACL)
∩ 0 A C L F C L	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): No protection.</li> <li>□ [Self cooled] (ACL): For self-cooled motors</li> <li>□ [Force-cool] (FCL): For force-cooled motors</li> <li>Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reactivation will occur when the state falls back below 100%.</li> </ul>		
E E d	☐ [Motor therm. level] (1)	0 to 118%	100%
()	Trip threshold for motor thermal alarm (logic output or re	lay)	
F F d 2	☐ [Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
$\Diamond$	Trip threshold for motor 2 thermal alarm (logic output or	relay)	
E E d 3	☐ [Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%
$\langle \rangle$	Trip threshold for motor 3 thermal alarm (logic output or	relay)	
OLL	☐ [Overload fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 9 E S 5 E E	Type of stop in the event of a motor thermal fault.  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.  [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (2).		
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (2).		
гПР F5E	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. ☐ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		
401	☐ [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop ca on page <u>151</u> .	nnot be used with certain o	other functions. See table

<sup>(1)</sup> The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu.

<sup>(2)</sup> Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.



Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
OPL-	■ [OUTPUT PHASE LOSS]			
OPL	☐ [Output Phase Loss]		[Yes] (YES)	
~ 0 9 € 5 0 A C	<ul> <li>[No] (nO): Function inactive</li> <li>[Yes] (YES): Tripping on OPF fault with freewheel stop.</li> <li>[Output cut] (OAC): No fault triggered, but management of the output voltage in order to avoid an overcurrent when the link with the motor is re-established and catch on the fly performed (even if this function has not been configured). This configuration is not possible for ATV71●●M3X ≥ 55 kW (75 HP) and for ATV71●●N4 ≥ 90 kW (120 HP) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).</li> <li>Note: [Output phase loss] (OPL) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [Sync. mot.] (SYn). For other [Motor control type] (Ctt) configurations, [Output phase loss] (OPL) is forced to [Yes] (YES) if brake logic control is configured (see page 181).</li> </ul>			
() ()	☐ [OutPh time detect]  Time delay for taking the [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) fault	0.5 to 10 s	0.5 s	
IPL -	■ [INPUT PHASE LOSS]			
IPL	☐ [Input phase loss]  According to drive rating		•	
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored, to be used when the drive is supplied via a single phase supply or by the DC bus.			
<i>9 € 5</i>	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Fault with freewheel stop.  If one phase disappears, the drive switches to fault mode [Input phase loss] (IPL) but if 2 or 3 phases disappear, the drive continues to operate until it trips on an undervoltage fault.  Factory setting: [Ignore] (nO) for ATV71•037M3 to U30M3, [Freewheel] (YES) for all others.			

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
OHL -	■ [DRIVE OVERHEAT]				
O H L	☐ [Overtemp fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)		
n 0	Behavior in the event of the drive overheating  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.				
	CAUTION				
	RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE				
	The drive and motor are no longer protected in the event of thermal alarm stops. This invalidates the warranty.				
	Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
9 E S	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.				
5 £ £	□ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.				
LFF	[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained	as long as the fault per	sists and the run		
r L 5	command has not been removed (1).  [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).				
rNP	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.	<i>,</i> -			
F 5 Ł	☐ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.				
d€ I	<ul> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page 151.</li> <li>Note: A fault trip will occur when the thermal state reaches 118% of the rated state and reactivation will occur when the state falls back below 90%.</li> </ul>				
ЕНЯ	☐ [Drv therm. state al]	0 to 118%	100%		
$\langle \rangle$	Trip threshold for drive thermal alarm (logic output or relay	)			

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

### Deferred stop on thermal alarm

This function is designed in particular for elevator applications. It prevents the elevator stopping between two floors if the drive or motor overheats, by authorizing operation until the next stop. At the next stop, the drive is locked until the thermal state falls back to a value, which undershoots the set threshold by 20%. Example: A trip threshold set at 80% enables reactivation at 60%.

One thermal state threshold must be defined for the drive, and one thermal state threshold for the motor(s), which will trip the deferred stop.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting		
SAE -	[THERMAL ALARM STOP]				
SAL	☐ [Thermal alarm stop]		[No] (nO)		
n 0 4 E S	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Function inactive (in this case, the following parameters cannot be accessed)</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Freewheel stop on drive or motor thermal alarm</li> </ul>				
	CAUTION				
	RISK OF EQUIPMENT DAMAGE				
	The drive and motor are no longer protected in the event of thermal alarm stops. This invalidates the warranty.  Check that the possible consequences do not present any risk.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.				
		0.1-4400/	1000/		
ĿΗA	☐ [Drv therm. state al]	0 to 118%	100%		
$\langle \rangle$	Thermal state threshold of the drive tripping the deferred stop.				
E E d	☐ [Motor therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%		
$\langle \rangle$	Thermal state threshold of the motor tripping the deferred stop.				
F F d 2	☐ [Motor2 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%		
$\circ$	Thermal state threshold of the motor 2 tripping the deferred stop.				
E E d 3	☐ [Motor3 therm. level]	0 to 118%	100%		
()	Thermal state threshold of the motor 3 tripping the defer	red stop.			

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
EEF-	■ [EXTERNAL FAULT]		
EEF	☐ [External fault ass.]		[No] (nO)
n 0 L 1 1 -	☐ [No] (nO): Function inactive ☐ [LI1] (LI1) :		
-	:  [] (): See the assignment conditions on page  If the assigned bit is at 0, there is no external fau  If the assigned bit is at 1, there is an external fau  Logic can be configured via [External fault config	ilt. Ilt.	ssigned.
LEE	☐ [External fault config]		[Active high] (HIG)
L 0 H 16	Parameter can be accessed if the external fault has been assigned to a logic input. It defines the positive or negative logic of the input assigned to the fault.  [Active low] (LO): Fault on falling edge (change from 1 to 0) of the assigned input.  [Active high] (HIG): Fault on rising edge (change from 0 to 1) of the assigned input.		
EPL	☐ [External fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
7 E S 5 E E	Type of stop in the event of an external fault  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.  [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended		
LFF	(assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.  ☐ [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run		
r L 5	command has not been removed (1).  [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).		
гПР F5E	<ul><li>□ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.</li><li>□ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.</li></ul>		
d€ I	[DC injection] (dCI): DC injection stop. This type of on page <u>151</u> .	f stop cannot be used with certain o	ther functions. See table

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
U 5 Ь -	■ [UNDERVOLTAGE MGT]		
И 5 Ь	☐ [UnderV. fault mgt]		[Flt&R1open] (0)
1 5	Behavior of the drive in the event of an undervoltage  [Flt&R1open] (0): Fault and fault relay open.  [Flt&R1close] (1): Fault and fault relay closed.  [Alarm] (2): Alarm and fault relay remains closed. The alar	m can be assigned to a	logic output or a relay.
Ur E S	☐ [Mains voltage]	According to drive voltage rating	According to drive voltage rating
200 220 240 260 380 400 440 460 480 500	Rated voltage of the line supply in V. For ATV71ATV71●●M3:  □ [200Vac] (200): 200 Volts AC □ [220Vac] (220): 220 Volts AC □ [240Vac] (240): 240 Volts AC □ [260Vac] (260): 260 Volts AC (factory setting) For ATV71●●N4: □ [380Vac] (380): 380 Volts AC □ [400Vac] (400): 400 Volts AC □ [440Vac] (440): 440 Volts AC □ [460Vac] (460): 460 Volts AC □ [480Vac] (480): 480 Volts AC □ [480Vac] (480): 480 Volts AC (factory setting) For ATV61●●●S6X: □ [500Vac] (500): 500 Volts AC □ [600Vac] (600): 600 Volts AC (factory setting)		
USL	☐ [Undervoltage level]  Undervoltage fault trip level setting in V. The adjustment radrive voltage rating and the [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.	ange and factory setting	are determined by the
U S E	☐ [Undervolt. time out]	0.2 s to 999.9 s	0.2 s
	Time delay for taking undervoltage fault into account		
5 <i>E P</i>	☐ [UnderV. prevention]		[No] (nO)
n 0 ПП5 гПР LnF	Behavior in the event of the undervoltage fault prevention  [No] (nO): No action  [DC Maintain] (MMS): This stop mode uses the inertia to n  [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop following an adjustable ramp [Ma  [Lock-out] (LnF): Lock (freewheel stop) without fault	naintain the DC bus volt	age as long as possible.
£ 5 Π	☐ [UnderV. restart tm]	1.0 s to 999.9 s	1.0 s
	Time delay before authorizing the restart after a complete s (rMP), if the voltage has returned to normal.	top for [UnderV. preven	tion] (StP) = [Ramp stop]
UPL	Undervoltage fault prevention level setting in V, which can [No] (nO). The adjustment range and factory setting are de [Mains voltage] (UrES) value.	-	,
5 <i>E</i> П	☐ [Max stop time]	0.01 to 60.00 s	1.00 s
()	Ramp time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [Ramp stop] (rN	MP).	
<i>E 6</i> 5	☐ [DC bus maintain tm]	1 to 9999 s	9999 s
()	DC bus maintain time if [UnderV. prevention] (StP) = [DC I	Maintain] (MMS).	

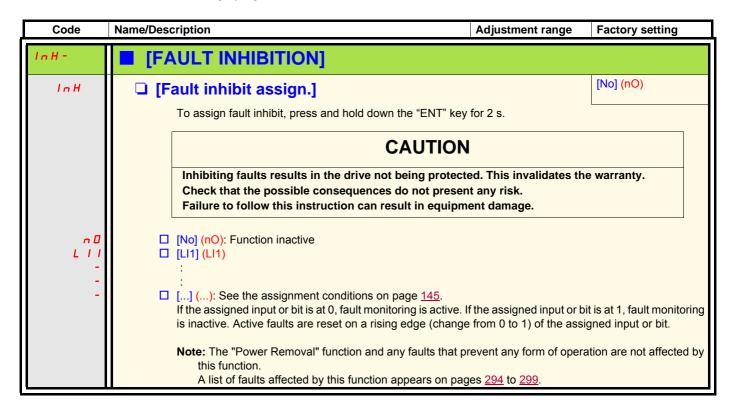
Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
E IE -	■ [IGBT TESTS]		
5 t r t	□ [IGBT test]		[Yes] (YES)
7 E S	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): No test</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): The IGBTs are tested on power up and every a slight delay (a few ms). In the event of a fault, the drive w</li> <li>- Drive output short-circuit (terminals U-V-W): SCF displeter of the I IGBT faulty: xtF, where x indicates the number of the I</li> <li>- IGBT short-circuited: x2F, where x indicates the numb</li> </ul>	ill lock. The following fat ay GBT concerned	ults can be detected:

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
LFL-	■ [4-20mA LOSS]		
LFL2	☐ [Al2 4-20mA loss]	[Ignore] (nO)	
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if [Al2 min. vis not greater than 3 mA or if [Al2 Type] (Al2t) page 114 = [Voltage] (10U).	value] (CrL2) page <u>114</u>	
9 E S	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		
5 E E	<ul> <li>□ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.</li> <li>□ [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault personal theorems and (4).</li> </ul>	disappears, according e control] (tCC) and [2 s fault is recommended	
r L 5	command has not been removed (1).  [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occur is present and the run command has not been removed (1).	red, as long as the fault	
- NP	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.		
FSE d[l	<ul> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other on page 151.</li> </ul>	ner functions. See table	
LFL3	☐ [Al3 4-20mA loss]	[Ignore] (nO)	
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if [Al3 min. vis. not greater than 3 mA.	/alue] (CrL3) page <u>115</u>	
4 E S	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		
5 E E	<ul> <li>□ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.</li> <li>□ [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1).</li> </ul>		
r L 5	[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occur is present and the run command has not been removed (1).	red, as long as the fault	
rПР F5E	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. ☐ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		
4C I	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other on page 151.	ner functions. See table	
LFLY	☐ [Al4 4-20mA loss]	[Ignore] (nO)	
n 0	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. This configuration is the only one possible if [Al4 min. vis not greater than 3 mA or if [Al4 Type] (Al4t) page 116 = [Voltage] (10U).	/alue] (CrL4) page <u>116</u>	
5 £ £	☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop. ☐ [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.		
LFF	☐ [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault personal command has not been removed (1).		
r L S r N P	<ul> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occur is present and the run command has not been removed (1).</li> </ul>	rea, as long as the fault	
FSE	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. ☐ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		
4C I	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other on page 151.	her functions. See table	

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Parameter can be accessed in [Expert] mode.



Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting	
CLL-	■ [COM. FAULT MANAGEMENT]		
C L L	☐ [Network fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
7 E S 5 E E	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with a communication card  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.  [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2]		
LFF	wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals).  ☐ [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault personment has not been removed (1).	sists and the run	
r L 5	<ul> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occur is present and the run command has not been removed (1).</li> </ul>	red, as long as the fault	
гПР F5E	☐ [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp. ☐ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		
<b>d</b> € 1	[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other on page 151.	ner functions. See table	
C O L	☐ [CANopen fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
.0 9ES 5EE LFF - LS - NP FSE	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated CANopen  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.  [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals).  [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1).  [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).  [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.		
401	<ul> <li>[Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.</li> <li>[DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other on page 151.</li> </ul>	ner functions. See table	
5 L L	☐ [Modbus fault mgt]	[Freewheel] (YES)	
7 E S 5 E E	Behavior of the drive in the event of a communication fault with integrated Modbus  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.  [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2]		
LFF	<ul> <li>wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals).</li> <li>[fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault personnel command has not been removed (1).</li> </ul>		
r L S r П Р	<ul> <li>[Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occur is present and the run command has not been removed (1).</li> <li>[Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.</li> </ul>	red, as long as the fault	
F 5 E d C	<ul> <li>☐ [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.</li> <li>☐ [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain ofton page 151.</li> </ul>	her functions. See table	

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
5 d d -	[ENCODER FAULT]  Can be accessed if the encoder option card has been inserted and the encoder is used for speed feedback (see page 77).		
5 d d	☐ [Load slip detection]		[No] (nO)
9 E S	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Fault not monitored. Only the alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay.</li> <li>□ [Yes] (YES): Fault monitored.</li> <li>□ [Load slip detection] (Sdd) is forced to [Yes] (YES) if [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY).</li> <li>The fault is triggered by comparison with the ramp output and the speed feedback, and is only effective for speeds greater than 10% of the [Rated motor freq.] (FrS), see page 78.</li> <li>In the event of a fault, the drive will switch to a freewheel stop, and if the brake logic control function has been configured, the brake command will be set to 0.</li> </ul>		
ECC	☐ [Encoder coupling]		[No] (nO)
n 0 4 E S	<ul> <li>No] (nO): Fault not monitored.</li> <li>Yes] (YES): Fault monitored.</li> <li>If the brake logic control function has been configured, the factory setting changes to [Yes] (YES).</li> <li>[Encoder coupling] (ECC) = [Yes] (YES) is only possible if [Load slip detection] (Sdd) = [Yes] (YES) and [Motor control type] (Ctt) page 72 = [FVC] (FUC) or [Sync.CL] (FSY) and [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 181 is not [No] (nO).</li> <li>The fault monitored is the break in the mechanical coupling of the encoder.</li> <li>In the event of a fault, the drive will switch to a freewheel stop, and if the brake logic control function has been configured, the brake command will be set to 0.</li> </ul>		
ECE	☐ [Encoder check time]	2 to 10 s	2 s
	Encoder faults filtering time. The parameter can be accessed if [Encoder coupling] (EC	CC) = [Yes] (YES)	
Eld-	■ [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT]		
5 5 <i>6</i>	☐ [Trq/l limit. stop]		[Ignore] (nO)
LFF CLS CNP FSE dCI	Behavior in the event of switching to torque or current limitation  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.  [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without fault tripping. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel (e.g., according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.  [fallback spd] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1).  [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed being applied when the fault occurred, as long as the fault is present and the run command has not been removed (1).  [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.  [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.  [DC injection] (dCl): DC injection stop. This type of stop cannot be used with certain other functions. See table on page 151.		
5 E O	☐ [Trq/l limit. time out]	0 to 9999 ms	1000 ms
$\circ$	(If fault has been configured) Time delay for taking SSF "Limitation" fault into account		

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

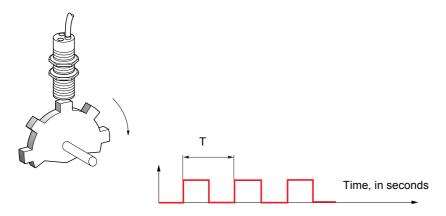
(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

#### Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor

This function uses the "Pulse input" input from the VW3A3202 extension card and can, therefore, only be used if this card has been inserted and if the "Pulse input" input is not being used for another function.

#### Example of use

An indexed disk driven by the motor and connected to a proximity sensor can be used to generate a frequency signal that is proportional to the speed of rotation of the motor.



When applied to the "Pulse input" input, this signal supports:

- Measurement and display of the motor speed: signal frequency = 1/T. This frequency is displayed by means of the [Pulse in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page 52 or 54.
- · Overspeed detection (if the measured speed exceeds a preset threshold, the drive will trip on a fault).
- Brake failure detection, if brake logic control has been configured: If the speed does not drop sufficiently quickly following a command to engage the brake, the drive will trip on a fault. This function can be used to detect worn brake linings.
- Detection of a speed threshold that can be adjusted using [Pulse warning thd.] (FqL) page 70 and is assignable to a relay or logic output, see page 124.

F9F-	■ [FREQUENCY METER]			
	[FREQUENCY METER] Can be accessed if a VW3A3202 option card has been inserted			
FYF	☐ [Frequency meter]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 У E S	Activation of the speed measurement function.  □ [No] (nO): Function inactive, In this case, none of the function parameters can be accessed.  □ [Yes] (YES): Function active, assignment only possible if no other functions have been assigned to the "Pulse input" input.			
F9C	☐ [Pulse scal. divisor]	1.0 to 100.0	1.0	
	<ul> <li>Scaling factor for the "Pulse input" input (divisor). The frequence in. work. freq.] (FqS) parameter, page <u>52</u> or <u>54</u>.</li> </ul>	y measured is displayed	by means of the [Pulse	
F9A	☐ [Overspd. pulse thd.]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of overspeed monitoring: [Overspeed] (SOF) fault.  [No] (nO): No overspeed monitoring.  1 Hz to 30.00 Hz: Adjustment of the frequency tripping threshold on the "Pulse input" input divided by [Pulse scal. divisor] (FqC).			
E d 5	☐ [Pulse overspd delay]	0.0 s to 10.0 s	0.0 s	
	Time delay for taking overspeed fault into account			
FdE	☐ [Level fr. pulse ctrl]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of monitoring for the input Pulse input (speed feedback): [Speed fdback loss] (SPF) fault.  [No] (nO): No monitoring of speed feedback.  0.1 Hz to 500.0 Hz: Adjustment of the motor frequency threshold for tripping a speed feedback fault (difference between the estimated frequency and the measured speed).			
F9E	☐ [Pulse thd. wo Run]		[No] (nO)	
n 0 -	Activation and adjustment of brake failure monitoring: [Brake feedback] (brF). If brake logic control [Brake assignment] (bLC) page 181 is not configured, this parameter is forced to [No] (nO).  [No] (nO): No brake monitoring.  1 Hz to 599 Hz: Adjustment of the motor frequency threshold for tripping abrake failure fault (detection of speeds other than zero).			
£ 9 b	☐ [Pulse thd. wo Run]  Time delay for taking brake failure fault into account.	0.0 s to 10.0 s	0.0 s	

#### Load variation detection

This detection is only possible with the "high-speed hoisting" function. It can be used to detect if an obstacle has been reached, triggering a sudden (upward) increase or (downward) decrease in the load.

Load variation detection triggers a [Dynamic load fault] (dLF) fault. The [Dyn. load Mgt.] (dLb) parameter can be used to configure the response of the drive in the event of this fault.

Load variation detection can also be assigned to a relay or a logic output.

There are two possible detection modes, depending on the configuration of high-speed hoisting:

#### "Speed reference" mode

[High speed hoisting] (HSO) page 195 = [Speed ref] (SSO).

Torque variation detection.

During high-speed operation, the load is compared to that measured during the speed step. The permissible load variation and its duration can be configured. If exceeded, the drive switches to fault mode.

#### "Current limitation" mode

[High speed hoisting] (HSO) page 195 = [Current Limit] (CSO).

On ascend, during high-speed operation, an increase in load will result in a drop in speed. Even if high-speed operation has been activated, if the motor frequency drops below the [I Limit Frequency] (SCL) threshold page 195 the drive will switch to fault mode. On descend, operation takes the form of "speed reference" mode.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
d L d -	[DYNAMIC LOAD DETECT.]  Load variation detection. This can be accessed if [High speed hoisting] (HSO) page 195 is not [No] (nO).		
E L d	☐ [Dynamic load time]		[No] (nO)
n 0 -	Activation of load variation detection and adjustment of time delay for taking load variation fault[Dynamic load fault] (dLF) into account.  □ [No] (nO): No load variation detection. □ 0.00 s to 10.00 s: Adjustment of the time delay for taking fault into account.		
d L d	☐ [Dynamic load time]	1 to 100 %	100 %
	Adjustment of the trip threshold for load variation detection, as a % of the load measured during the speed step.		
dLЬ	☐ [Dyn. load Mgt.]		[Freewheel] (YES)
.0 9ES 5EE LFF -LS -NP FSE	Behavior of the drive in the event of a load variation fault.  [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored.  [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.  [Per STT] (Stt): Stop according to configuration of [Type of stop] (Stt) page 162, without tripping fault. In this case the fault relay does not open and the drive is ready to restart as soon as the fault disappears, according to the restart conditions of the active command channel, (e.g. according to [2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) page 108 if control is via the terminals). Configuring an alarm for this fault is recommended (assigned to a logic output, for example) in order to indicate the cause of the stop.  [Fallback spd.] (LFF): Change to fallback speed, maintained as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1).  [Spd maint.] (rLS): The drive maintains the speed at the time the fault occurred, as long as the fault persists and the run command has not been removed (1).  [Ramp stop] (rMP): Stop on ramp.  [Fast stop] (FSt): Fast stop.		

(1) Because, in this case, the fault does not trigger a stop, it is essential to assign a relay or logic output to its indication.

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
Ь г P -	■ [DB RES. PROTECTION]		
6 r 0	☐ [DB res. protection]		[No] (nO)
n 0 9 E S F L E	□ [No] (nO): No braking resistor protection (thereby preventing access to the other function parameters). □ [Alarm] (YES): Alarm. The alarm may be assigned to a logic output or a relay (see page 124) □ [Fault] (FLt): Switch to fault (bOF) with locking of drive (freewheel stop).  Note: The thermal state of the resistor can be displayed on the graphic display terminal. It is calculated for as long as the drive control remains connected to the power supply.		
6 r P	□ [DB Resistor Power]	0.1 kW (0.13 HP) to 1000 kW (1333 HP)	0.1 kW (0.13 HP)
()	This parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (br Rated power of the resistor used.	O) is not [No] (nO).	
ЬгИ	☐ [DB Resistor value]	0.1 to 200 ohms	0.1 ohms
()	This parameter can be accessed if [DB res. protection] (br Rated value of the braking resistor in ohms.	O) is not [No] (nO).	
ЬUF-	■ [BU PROTECTION]  This can be accessed from 55 kW (75 HP) upwards for the AT for the ATV71•••N4.	V71●●●M3X and from 90	) kW (120 HP) upwards
6 U 6	☐ [Brake res. fault Mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 4E 5	Management of short-circuit [DB unit sh. circuit] (bUF) and the braking unit.  ☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. Configuration to be used if to the drive.  ☐ [Freewheel] (YES): freewheel stop.		• , ,
EnF-	■ [AUTO TUNING FAULT]		
EnL	☐ [Autotune fault mgt]		[Freewheel] (YES)
n 0 4 E 5	☐ [Ignore] (nO): Fault ignored. ☐ [Freewheel] (YES): Freewheel stop.		

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### **Card pairing**

#### Function can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.

This function is used to detect whenever a card has been replaced or the software has been modified in any way.

When a pairing password is entered, the parameters of the cards currently inserted are stored. On every subsequent power-up these parameters are verified and, in the event of a discrepancy, the drive locks in HCF fault mode. Before the drive can be restarted you must revert to the original situation or re-enter the pairing password.

The following parameters are verified:

- The type of card for: all cards.
- The software version for: the two control cards, the VW3A3202 extension card, the Controller Inside card and the communication cards
- · The serial number for: the two control cards.

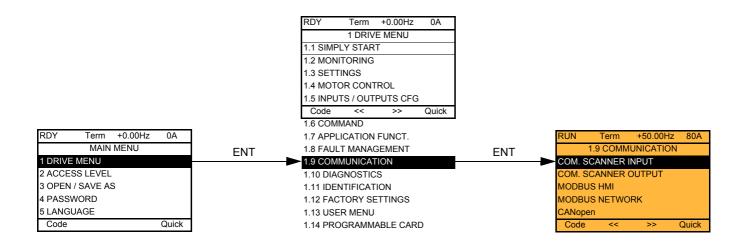
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
PP I-	■ [CARDS PAIRING]		
PPI	☐ [Pairing password]	OFF to 9999	[OFF] (OFF)
	The [OFF] (OFF) value signifies that the card pairing function is The [ON] (On) value signifies that card pairing is active and the start the drive in the event of a card pairing fault.  As soon as the code has been entered the drive is unlocked a - The PPI code is an unlock code known only to Schneider	t an access code must I	[ON] (On).

Code	Name/Description		Adjustment range	Factory setting
LFF-	■ [FALLBACK SPEED]			
LFF	☐ [Fallback speed] Selection of the fallback speed		0 to 599 Hz	0 Hz
F 5 E -	■ [RAMP DIVIDER]			
d[F ()	☐ [Ramp divider]  The ramp that is enabled (dEC or dE2) in the value 0 corresponds to a minimum rample.		0 to 10 by this coefficient when stop	o requests are sent.
dC 1-	■ [DC INJECTION]			
()	☐ [DC inject. level 1]  Level of DC injection braking current act	(1) (3) tivated via logic	0.1 to 1.41 ln (2)	0.64 In (2)
	CAUTION  Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
E d 1	☐ [DC injection time 1]  Maximum current injection time [DC inje [DC inject. level 2] (IdC2).	(1) (3) ct. level 1] (ldC	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
()	☐ [DC inject. level 2]	(1) (3)	0.1 ln (2) to [DC inject. level 1] (IdC)	0.5 In (2)
•	Injection current activated by logic input or has elapsed.	selected as sto	p mode, once period of time [[	DC injection time 1] (tdl)
	CAUTION			
	Check that the motor will withstand this current without overheating.  Failure to follow this instruction can result in equipment damage.			
FGC	☐ [DC injection time 2]	(1) (3)	0.1 to 30 s	0.5 s
()	Maximum injection time [DC inject. level (Can be accessed if [Type of stop] (Stt)			ode only.

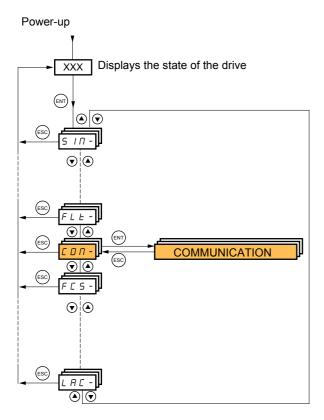
- (1) The parameter can also be accessed in the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (FUn-) menus.
- (2) In corresponds to the rated drive current indicated in the Installation Manual and on the drive nameplate.
- (3) Warning: These settings are independent of the [AUTO DC INJECTION] (AdC-) function.

Parameter that can be modified during operation or when stopped.

### With graphic display terminal:



### With integrated display terminal:



# [1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
	[COM. SCANNER INPUT] Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
пПЯ І	☐ [Scan. IN1 address]  Address of the 1 <sup>st</sup> input word.		3201
пПЯ≥	☐ [Scan. IN2 address]  Address of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> input word.		8604
пПЯЭ	☐ [Scan. IN3 address]  Address of the 3 <sup>rd</sup> input word.		0
л П Я Ч	☐ [Scan. IN4 address]  Address of the 4 <sup>th</sup> input word.		0
n Π Я S	☐ [Scan. IN5 address]  Address of the 5 <sup>th</sup> input word.		0
n Π Я Б	☐ [Scan. IN6 address]  Address of the 6 <sup>th</sup> input word.		0
аПЯЛ	☐ [Scan. IN7 address]  Address of the 7 <sup>th</sup> input word.		0
<u>~ΠΑΘ</u>	☐ [Scan. IN8 address]  Address of the 8 <sup>th</sup> input word.		0
	[COM. SCANNER OUTPUT] Only accessible via graphic display terminal		
n C A I	☐ [Scan.Out1 address]  Address of the 1 <sup>st</sup> output word.		8501
n C A 2	☐ [Scan.Out2 address]  Address of the 2 <sup>nd</sup> output word.		8602
n E R 3 n	☐ [Scan.Out3 address]  Address of the 3 <sup>rd</sup> output word.		0
n С Я Ч	☐ [Scan.Out4 address]  Address of the 4 <sup>th</sup> output word.		0
n C A S	☐ [Scan.Out5 address]  Address of the 5 <sup>th</sup> output word.		0
n C A B	☐ [Scan.Out6 address]  Address of the 6 <sup>th</sup> output word.		0
пЕЯЛ	[Scan.Out7 address]  Address of the 7 <sup>th</sup> output word.		0
n C A B	☐ [Scan.Out8 address]  Address of the 8 <sup>th</sup> output word.		0

# [1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

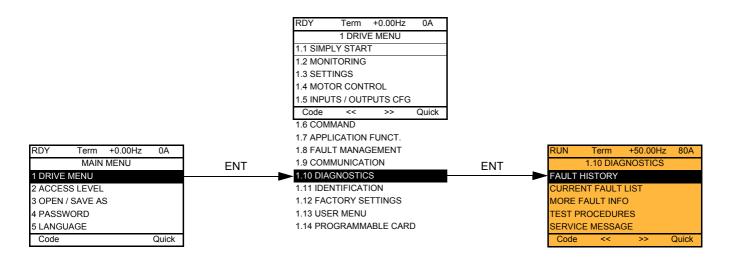
Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
N 4 5 -	[MODBUS HMI]  Communication with the graphic display terminal		
Ebr2	☐ [HMI baud rate]		19.2 kbps
	9.6 or 19.2 kbps via the integrated display terminal. 9600 or 19200 bauds via the graphic display terminal. The graphic display terminal only operates if [HMI baud rate] (tbr2) = 19200 bauds (19.2 kbps). In order for any change in the assignment of [HMI baud rate] (tbr2) to be taken into account you must: - Provide confirmation in a confirmation window if using the graphic display terminal - Press the ENT key for 2 s if using the integrated display terminal		
£ F □ 2	☐ [HMI format]		8E1
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.		
Па 1-	■ [MODBUS NETWORK]		
A 9 9	☐ [Modbus Address]		OFF
	OFF to 247		
я п о я	☐ [Modbus add Prg C.]		OFF
	Modbus address of the Controller Inside card OFF at 247 The parameter can be accessed if the Controller Inside card configuration (please consult the specific documentation).	d has been inserted an	d depending on its
я п о с	☐ [Modbus add Com.C.]		OFF
	Modbus address of the communication card  OFF to 247  The parameter can be accessed if a communication card has been inserted and depending on its configuration (please consult the specific documentation).		lepending on its
£ b r	☐ [Modbus baud rate]		19.2 kbps
	4.8 - 9.6 - 19.2 - 38.4 kbps on the integrated display termina 4800, 9600, 19200 or 38400 bauds on the graphic display t		
E F O	☐ [Modbus format]		8E1
	8O1 - 8E1 - 8n1, 8n2		
E E O	☐ [Modbus time out]		10.0 s
	0.1 to 30 s		-
C n 0 -	■ [CANopen]		
A G C O	☐ [CANopen address]		OFF
	OFF to 127		
P 9 C 0	☐ [CANopen bit rate]		125 kbps
	50 - 125 - 250 - 500 kbps - 1 Mbps		
ErCO	☐ [Error code]		
	Read-only parameter, cannot be modified.		
[FrP	□ [CANopen store func]		Yes
п а У?Е 5	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Fault ignored.</li> <li>□ [YES] (YES): Freewheel stop.</li> <li>This parameter allows to deactivate the restore parameters (1010 and 1011 CanOpen objects)</li> </ul>	CanOpen request fun	ction in the drive.

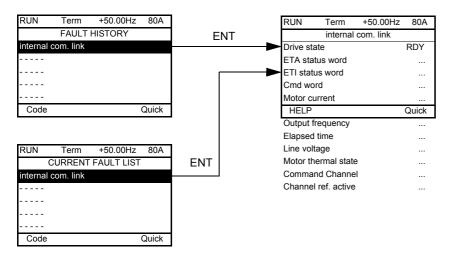
# [1.9 COMMUNICATION] (COM-)

Code	Name/Description Adjustment range	Factory setting
-	■ [COMMUNICATION CARD]	
	See the specific documentation for the card used.	
LEF-	■ [FORCED LOCAL]	
FLO	☐ [Forced local assign.]	[No] (nO)
n D L I I - L I I Y	□ [No] (nO): Function inactive □ [LI1] (LI1) to [LI6] (LI6) □ [LI7] (LI7) to [LI10] (LI10): If VW3A3201 logic I/O card has been inserted □ [LI11] (LI11) to [LI14] (LI14): If VW3A3202 extended I/O card has been inserted	
	Forced local mode is active when the input is at state 1. [Forced local assign.] (FLO) is forced to [No] (nO) if [Profile] (CHCF) page 146 = [	I/O profile] (IO).
FLOC	□ [Forced local Ref.]	[No] (nO)
C D A I I A I 3 A I 4 L C C P I P G	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO): Not assigned (control via the terminals with zero reference).</li> <li>□ [Al1] (Al1): Analog input</li> <li>□ [Al2] (Al2): Analog input</li> <li>□ [Al3] (Al3): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [Al4] (Al4): Analog input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [HMI] (LCC): Assignment of the reference and command to the graphic display terminal. Reference: [Frequency ref.] (LFr), page 52, command: RUN/STOP/FWD/REV buttons.</li> <li>□ [RP] (PI): Frequency input, if VW3A3202 extension card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [Encoder] (PG): Encoder input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, if encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, inf encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, inf encoder card has been inserted</li> <li>□ [frequency input, inf encoder card has been inserted</li>     &lt;</ul>	
FLOE	☐ [Time-out forc. local]	10.0 s
	0.1 to 30 s The parameter can be accessed if [Forced local assign.] (FLO) is not [No] (nO). Time delay before communication monitoring is resumed on leaving forced local resumed.	node.

## [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.





This screen indicates the state of the drive at the moment the selected fault occurred.

RUN	Term	+50.00Hz	80A
	MORE FAULT INFO		
Network fault 0		0	
Application fault 0		0	
Internal link fault 1		0	
Internal	Internal link fault 2 0		0
Encode	r Fault		0
Code			Quick

This screen indicates the number of communication faults, for example, with the option cards.

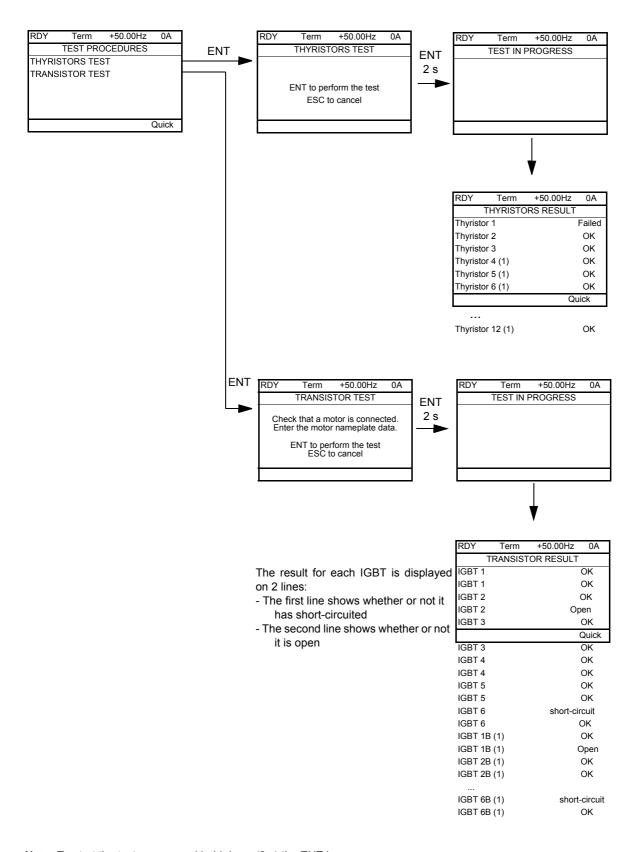
Number: from 0 to 65535

For [Encoder Fault], which is only visible if a VW3 A3 408 or VW3 A3 409 has been inserted, the figure displayed corresponds to one of the fault codes summarized in the table on the next page.

## Summary table of types of [Encoder Fault]

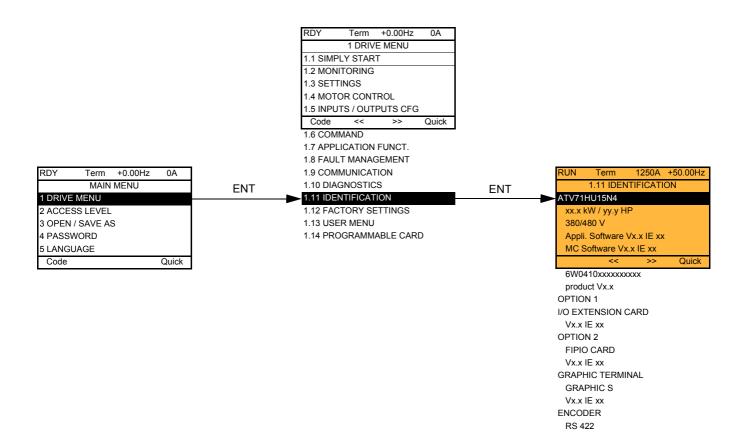
Code	Description of the error	
0	No error, except if the control section has a separate power supply, in which case the power section must be turned on to display the actual code.	
1	Internal UE/MC communication fault (CRC fault)	
2	Internal UE/MC communication fault (time out)	
16	Synchronization error (PLL error)	
17	Encoder signal cut or short-circuited	
18	PUC emulation fault	
19	Resolver: Unstable feedback signal	
20	Internal card communication fault	
21	Resolver: Feedback signal too weak	
22	Resolver: Feedback signal too strong	
23	Encoder overcurrent	
32	EnDAT: CRC error	
33	EnDAT: Start bit not detected	
34	EnDAT: EEP access error	
35	EnDAT: Incorrect EEP value	
48	Hiperface: Incoherent SinCos signal	
49	Hiperface: Time out	
50	Hiperface: Unknown encoder	
51	Hiperface: CRC error	
64	SinCos: Incoherent SinCos signal	
80	SSI: Parity error	
81	SSI: Invalid data	
96	The position is not available	

[THYRISTORS TEST] is only accessible for ATV71●●M3 ≥ 18.5 kW and ATV71●●N4 ? 18.5 kW drives.



Note: To start the tests, press and hold down (2 s) the ENT key.

(1) Test results for Thyristor 4...12 and IGBT 1B ... 6B are olny accessible for ATV71EC90N4 to M14N4 and ATV71EM15Y to M24Y

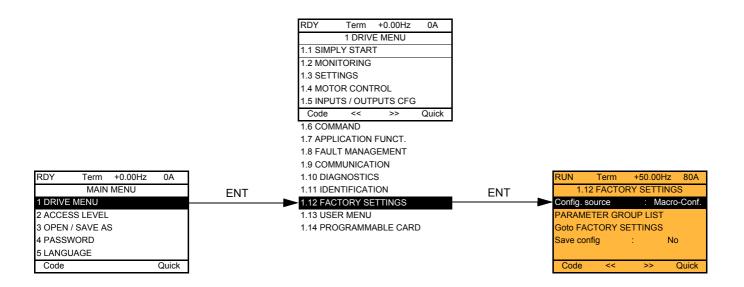


The [1.11 IDENTIFICATION] menu can only be accessed on the graphic display terminal.

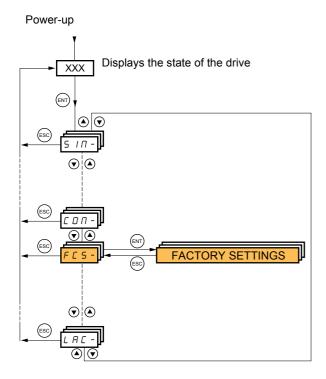
This is a read-only menu that cannot be configured. It enables the following information to be displayed:

- Drive reference, power rating and voltage
- Drive software version
- · Drive serial number
- Type of options present, with their software version

### With graphic display terminal:

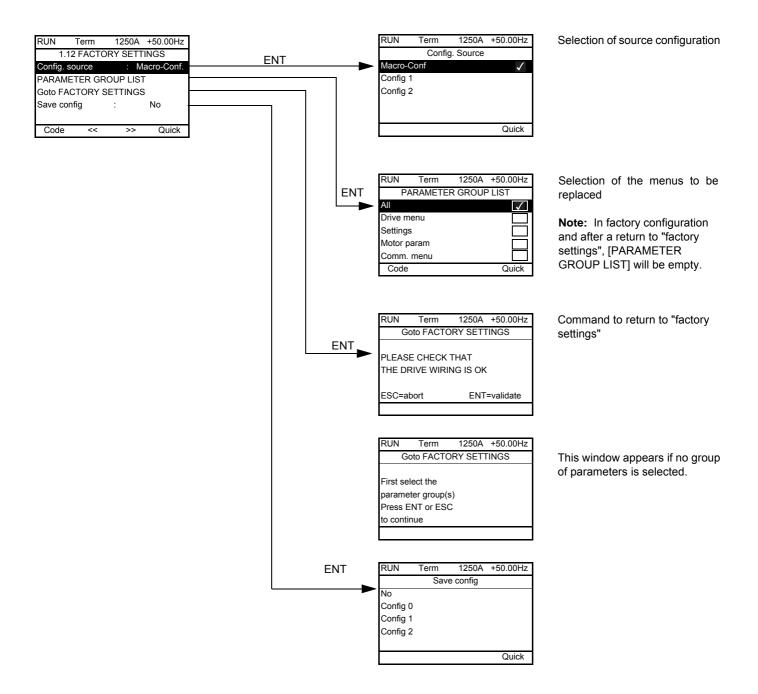


#### With integrated display terminal:



#### The [1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu is used to:

- Replace the current configuration with the factory configuration or a previously saved configuration.
   All or part of the current configuration can be replaced: select a group of parameters in order to select the menus you wish to load with the selected source configuration.
- · Save the current configuration to a file.



Code	Name/Description
FCSI	□ [Config. Source]
n     C F G 2   C F G 2	Choice of source configuration.  [Macro-Conf] (InI) Factory configuration, return to selected macro configuration.  [Config 1] (CFG1)  [Config 2] (CFG2)  If the configuration switching function is configured, it will not be possible to access [Config 1] (CFG1) and [Config 2] (CFG2).
Fry-	☐ [PARAMETER GROUP LIST]
ALL drN SEE NOE CON PLC NOn d IS	Selection of menus to be loaded  [All] (ALL): All parameters.  [Drive configuration] (drM): The [1 DRIVE MENU] menu without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD]. In the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu, [Return std name] page 288 returns to [No].  [Settings] (SEt): The [1.3 SETTINGS] menu without the [IR compensation] (UFr), [Slip compensation (SLP) and [Mot. therm. current] (ItH) parameters  [Motor param] (MOt): Motor parameters, see list below.  The following selections can only be accessed if [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf.] (InI):  [Comm. menu] (COM): The [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu without either [Scan. In1 address] (nMA1) to [Scan. In8 address] (nMA8) or [Scan.Out1 address] (nCA1) to [Scan.Out8 address] (nCA8).  [Prog. card menu] (PLC): The [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu  [Monitor config.] (MOn): The [6 MONITORING CONFIG.] menu  [Display config.] (dIS): The [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu  See the multiple selection procedure on page 31 for the integrated display terminal and page 22 for the graphic display terminal.  Note: In factory configuration and after a return to "factory settings", [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] will be empty.
G F 5	☐ [Goto FACTORY SETTINGS]
n 0 9 E S	It is only possible to revert to the factory settings if at least one group of parameters has previously been selected.  With the integrated display terminal:  - No  - Yes: The parameter changes back to nO automatically as soon as the operation is complete.  With the graphic display terminal: see previous page
5 <i>C</i> 5 <i>I</i>	☐ [Save config]
n	<ul> <li>□ [No] (nO):</li> <li>□ [Config 0] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s.</li> <li>□ [Config 1] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s.</li> <li>□ [Config 2] (Str0): Press and hold down the "ENT" key for 2 s.</li> <li>The active configuration to be saved does not appear for selection. For example, if it is [Config 0] (Str0), only [Config 1] (Str1) and [Config 2] (Str2) appear. The parameter changes back to [No] (nO) as soon as the operation is complete.</li> </ul>

#### List of motor parameters

#### [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu:

[Rated motor power] (nPr) - [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) - [Rated mot current] (nCr) - [Rated motor freq.] (FrS) - [Rated motor speed] (nSP) - [Auto tuning] (tUn) - [Auto tuning status] (tUS) - [Angle auto-test] (ASA) - [Angle offset value] (ASU) - [U0] (U0) to [U5] (U5) - [F1] (F1) to [F5] (F5) - [V. constant power] (UCP) - [Freq. Const Power] (FCP) - [Nominal I sync] (nCrS) - [Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS) - [Pole pairs.] (PPnS) - [Syn. EMF constant] (PHS) - [Autotune L d-axis] (LdS) - [Autotune L q-axis] (LqS) - [Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS) - [IR compensation] (UFr) - [Slip compensation] (SLP) - motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode pages 82 and 87.

#### [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu:

[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)

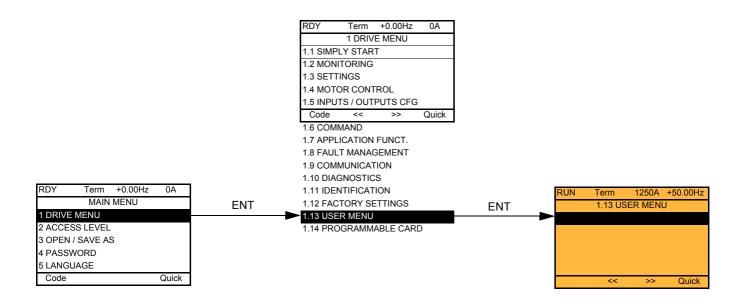
#### **Example of total return to factory settings**

- 1. [Config. Source] (FCSI) = [Macro-Conf] (InI)
- 2. [PARAMETER GROUP LIST] (FrY-) = [AII] (ALL)
- 3. [Goto FACTORY SETTINGS] (GFS = YES)

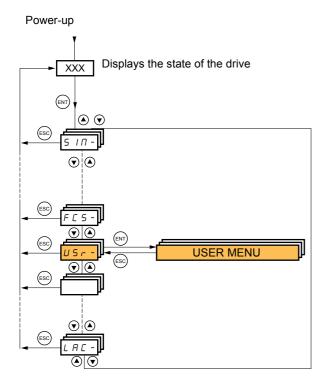
## [1.13 USER MENU] (USr-)

This menu contains the parameters selected in the [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu on page 287.

### With graphic display terminal:



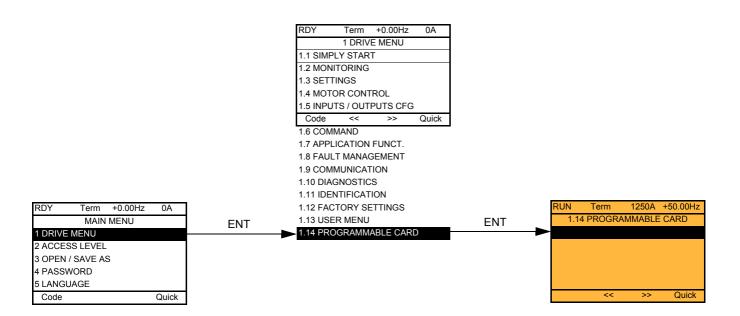
### With integrated display terminal:



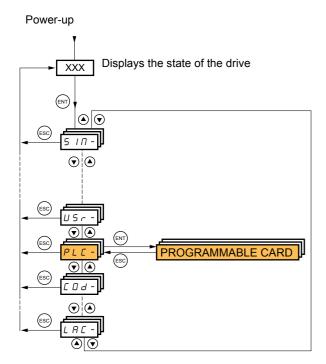
## [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] (PLC-)

This menu can only be accessed if a Controller Inside card has been inserted. Please refer to the documentation specific to this card.

### With graphic display terminal:

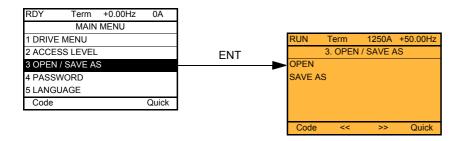


## With integrated display terminal:



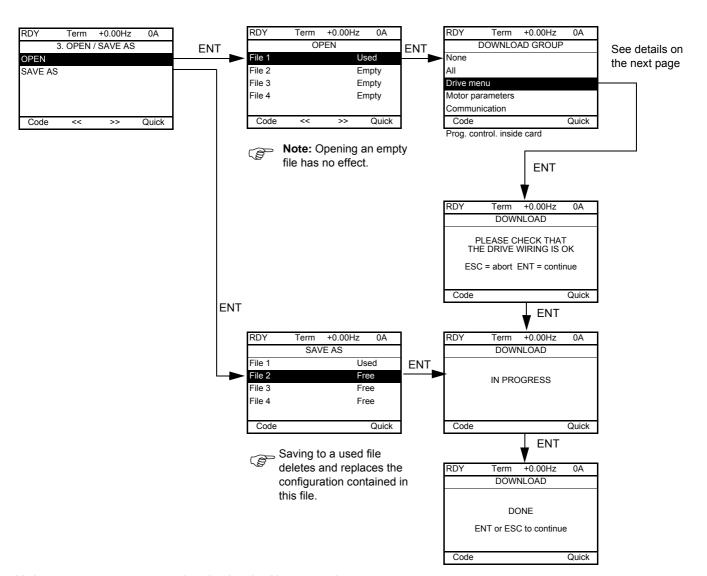
## [3. OPEN/SAVE AS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



[Open]: To download one of the 4 files from the graphic display terminal to the drive. [SAVE AS]: To download the current drive configuration to the graphic display terminal.

Note: Download between drive and graphic display terminal (and vice-versa), can be done only when the motor is stopped.



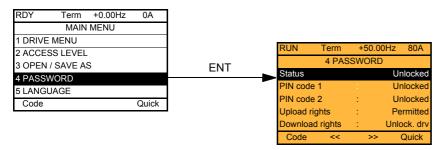
Various messages may appear when the download is requested:

- [IN PROGRESS]
- [DONE]
- · Error messages if download not possible
- [Motor parameters are NOT COMPATIBLE. Do you want to continue?]: In this case the download is possible, but the parameters will be restricted.

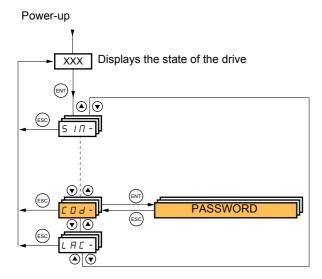
## [DOWNLOAD GROUP]

[None]:		No parameters	
[All]:		All parameters in all menus	
[Drive configuration]:		The entire [1 DRIVE MENU] without [1.9 COMMUNICATION] and [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD].	
[Motor parameters]:	[Rated motor power] (nPr)	In the [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menu	
	[Rated motor volt.] (UnS)		
	[Rated mot. current] (nCr)		
	[Rated motor freq.] (FrS)		
	[Rated motor speed] (nSP)		
	[Auto tuning] (tUn)		
	[Auto tuning status] (tUS)		
	[Angle auto-test] (ASA)		
	[Angle offset value] (ASU)		
	[U0] (U0) to [U5] (U5)		
	[F1] (F1) to [F5] (F5)		
	[V. constant power] (UCP)		
	[Freq. Const Power] (FCP)		
	[Nominal I sync.] (nCrS)		
	[Nom motor spdsync] (nSPS)		
	[Pole pairs] (PPnS)		
	[Syn. EMF constant] (PHS)		
	[Autotune L d-axis] (LdS)		
	[Autotune L q-axis] (LqS)		
	[Cust. stator R syn] (rSAS)		
	[Motor torque] (tqS)		
	[IR compensation] (UFr)		
	[Slip compensation] (SLP)		
	The motor parameters that can be accessed in [Expert] mode, page 82 and 87.		
	[Mot. therm. current] (ItH)	In the [1.3 SETTINGS] (SEt-) menu	
[Communication]:		All the parameters in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu	
[Prog. control. inside card]:		All the parameters in the [1.14 PROGRAMMABLE CARD] menu	

#### With graphic display terminal:

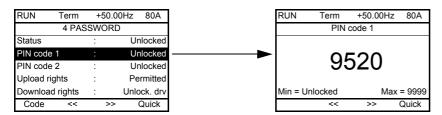


#### With integrated display terminal:



Enables the configuration to be protected with an access code or a password to be entered in order to access a protected configuration.

Example with graphic display terminal:



- The drive is unlocked when the PIN codes are set to [unlocked] (OFF) (no password) or when the correct code has been entered. All menus are visible.
- · Before protecting the configuration with an access code, you must:
  - Define the [Upload rights] (ULr) and [Download rights] (dLr).
  - Make a careful note of the code and keep it in a safe place where you will always be able to find it.
- · The drive has 2 access codes, enabling 2 access levels to be set up.
  - PIN code 1 is a public unlock code: 6969.
  - PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support. It can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.
  - Only one PIN1 or PIN2 code can be used the other must remain set to [OFF] (OFF).

Note: When the unlock code is entered, the user access code appears.

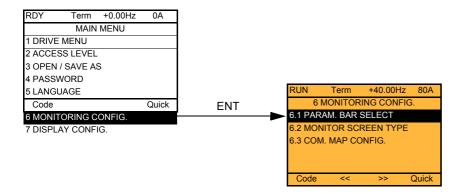
The following items are access-protected:

- Return to factory settings ([1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (FCS-) menu).
- The channels and parameters protected by the [1.13 USER MENU] as well as the menu itself.
- The custom display settings ([7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu).

Code	Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting
C 5 Ł	□ [Status]		[Unlocked] (ULC)
L C	Information parameter, cannot be modified.  ☐ [Locked] (LC): The drive is locked by a password.  ☐ [Unlocked] (ULC): The drive is not locked by a password.		
C 0 4	☐ [PIN code 1]	OFF to 9999	[OFF] (OFF)
	<ul> <li>1st access code. The value [OFF] (OFF) indicates that no password has been set [Unlocked]. The value [ON] (On) indicates that the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in order to unlock it. Once the correct code has been entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked until the next time the power supply is disconnected.</li> <li>PIN code 1 is a public unlock code: 6969.</li> </ul>		
C D d 2	☐ [PIN code 2]	OFF to 9999	[OFF] (OFF)
	Parameter can only be accessed in [Expert] mode.  2 <sup>nd</sup> access code. The value [OFF] (OFF) indicates that no password has been set [Unlocked]. The value [ON] (On) indicates that the drive is protected and an access code must be entered in order to unlock it. Once the correct code has been entered, it remains on the display and the drive is unlocked until the next time the power supply is disconnected.  - PIN code 2 is an unlock code known only to Schneider Electric Product Support.  When [PIN code 2] (COd2) is not set to OFF, the [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-) menu is the only one visible. Then if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is set to OFF (drive unlocked), all menu are visible.  If the display settings are modified in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu, and if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is not set to OFF, the visibility configured is kept. Then if [PIN code 2] (COd2) is set to OFF (drive unlocked), the visibility configured in [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.] menu is kept.		
ULr	☐ [Upload rights]		[Permitted] (ULr0)
UL r 0	Read or copy the current configuration to the drive.  [Permitted] (ULr0): The current drive configuration can always be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PC-Software.  [Not allowed] (ULr1): The current drive configuration can only be uploaded to the graphic display terminal or PC-Software if the drive is not protected by an access code or if the correct code has been entered.		
dLr	☐ [Download rights]		[Unlock. drv] (dLr1)
dLr0 dLr1	Writes the current configuration to the drive or downloads a configuration to the drive  □ [Locked drv] (dLr0): A configuration file can only be downloaded to the drive if the drive is protected by an access code, which is the same as the access code for the configuration to be downloaded.  □ [Unlock. drv] (dLr1): A configuration file can be downloaded to the drive or a configuration in the drive can be modified if the drive is unlocked (access code entered) or is not protected by an access code.  □ [Not allowed] (dLr2): Download not authorized.		
dLr∃	☐ [Lock/unlock] (dLr3): Combination of [Locked drv.] (dLr0) and	[Unlock. drv] (dLr1).	

## [6 MONITORING CONFIG.]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal.



This can be used to configure the information displayed on the graphic display screen during operation.



- [6.1. PARAM. BAR SELECT]: Selection of 1 to 2 parameters displayed on the top line (the first 2 cannot be modified).
- [6.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE]: Selection of parameters displayed in the centre of the screen and the display mode (digital values or bar graph format).
- [6.3. COM. MAP CONFIG.]: Selection of the words displayed and their format.

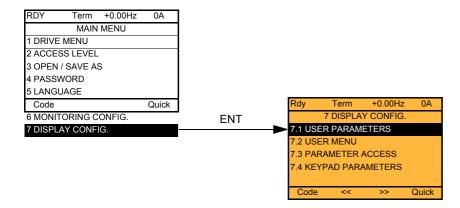
#### Name/Description [6.1 PARAM. BAR SELECT] □ [Alarm groups] ☐ [Frequency ref.] in Hz: parameter displayed in factory configuration. ☐ [Torque reference] as a % ☐ [Output frequency] in Hz ☐ [Motor current] in A: parameter displayed in factory configuration. ☐ [ENA avg speed] in Hz [Motor speed] in rpm [Motor voltage] in V [Motor power] □ [Motor torque] in W ☐ [Mains voltage] as a % ☐ [Motor thermal state] in V ☐ [Drv. thermal state] as a % ☐ [DBR thermal state] as a % ☐ [Consumption] as a % ☐ [Run time] in Wh or kWh depending on drive rating ☐ [Power on time] ☐ [IGBT alarm counter] in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on) ☐ [PID reference] in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) ☐ [PID feedback] in seconds (total time of IGBT overheating alarms) ☐ [PID error] as a % ☐ [PID Output] as a % □ [---- 02] as a % □ [---- 06] in Hz ☐ [Config. active] Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted) ☐ [Utilised param. set] Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted) CNFO, 1 or 2 (see page 224) SET1, 2 or 3 (see page 223) Select the parameter using ENT (a then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT. 1 or 2 parameters can be selected. Example: PARAM. BAR SELECT MONITORING

#### Name/Description [6.2. MONITOR SCREEN TYPE] □ [Display value type] [Digital]: Display of one or two digital values on the screen (factory configuration). ☐ [Bar graph]: Display of one or two bar graphs on the screen. ☐ [List]: Display a list of between one and five values on the screen. **□** [PARAMETER SELECTION] ☐ [Alarm groups] can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List] ☐ [Frequency ref.] in Hz: parameter displayed in factory configuration. ☐ [Torque reference] as a % ☐ [Output frequency] in Hz □ [Motor current] in A ☐ [ENA avg speed] in Hz ☐ [Motor speed] ☐ [Motor voltage] in rpm ☐ [Motor power] in V ☐ [Motor torque] in W [Mains voltage] as a % ☐ [Motor thermal state] in V ☐ [Drv. thermal state] as a % ☐ [DBR thermal state] as a % ☐ [Consumption] as a % ☐ [Run time] ☐ [Power on time] in Wh or kWh depending on drive rating ☐ [IGBT alarm counter] in hours (length of time the motor has been switched on) [PID reference] in hours (length of time the drive has been switched on) ☐ [PID feedback] in seconds (total time of IGBT overheating alarms) ☐ [PID error] as a % ☐ [PID Output] as a % □ [---- 02] as a % to □ [----06] in Hz ☐ [Config. active] Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been ☐ [Utilised param. set] Word generated by the Controller Inside card (can be accessed if the card has been inserted) CNFO, 1 or 2 (see page 224), can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List] SET1, 2 or 3 (see page 223), can only be accessed if [Display value type] = [List] Select the parameter(s) using ENT (a then appears next to the parameter). Parameter(s) can also be deselected using ENT. PARAMETER SELECTION MONITORING Examples include: Display of 2 digital values Display of a list of 5 Display of 2 bar graphs values Term +35.00Hz 80A +35.00Hz Motor speed MONITORING Min Motor speed max 0 1250 rpm 1500 Frequency ref. 50.1Hz 1250 rpm 80 A Motor current: Motor current Min Motor current max Motor speed: 1250 rpm 0 80 A 150 Motor thermal state: 80% 80 A 80% Dry thermal state Quick Quick

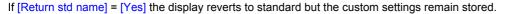
Name/Description
[6.3. COM. MAP CONFIG.]
□ [Word 1 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 1]
Format of word 1.  □ [Hex]: Hexadecimal □ [Signed]: Decimal with sign □ [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
☐ [Word 2 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 2]
Format of word 2.  [Hex]: Hexadecimal  [Signed]: Decimal with sign  [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
☐ [Word 3 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 3]
Format of word 3.  [Hex]: Hexadecimal  [Signed]: Decimal with sign  [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
☐ [Word 4 add. select.]
Select the address of the word to be displayed by pressing the <<, >> (F2 and F3) keys and rotating the navigation button.
☐ [Format word 4]
Format of word 4.  [Hex]: Hexadecimal  [Signed]: Decimal with sign  [Unsigned]: Decimal without sign
It will then be possible to view the selected words in the [COMMUNICATION MAP] submenu of the [1.2 MONITORING] menu.  Example:
RUN   Term   +35.00Hz   80A     COMMUNICATION MAP

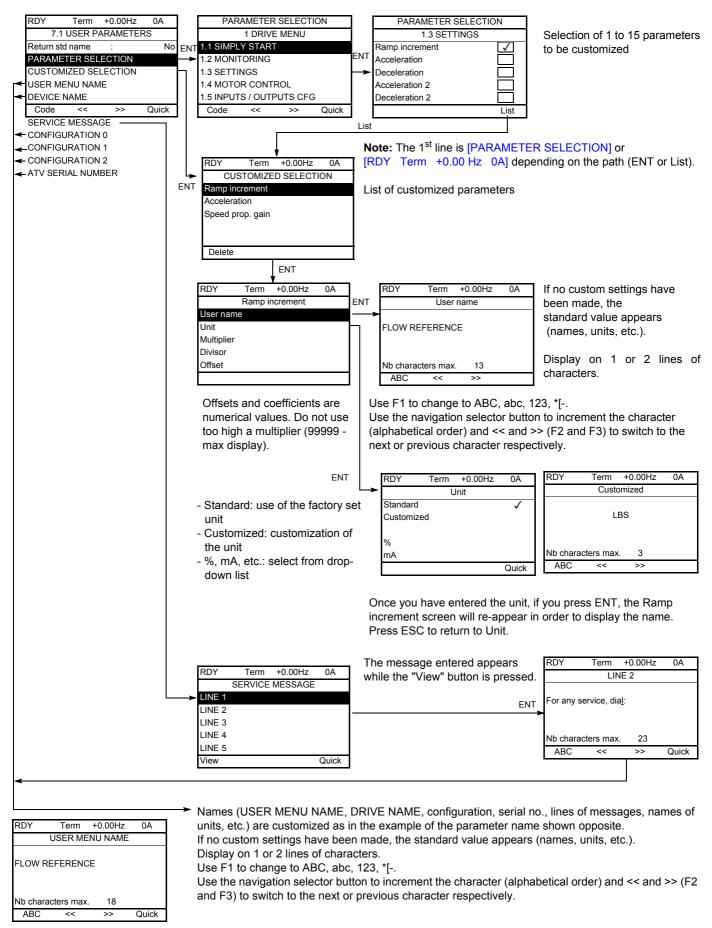
## [7 DISPLAY CONFIG.]

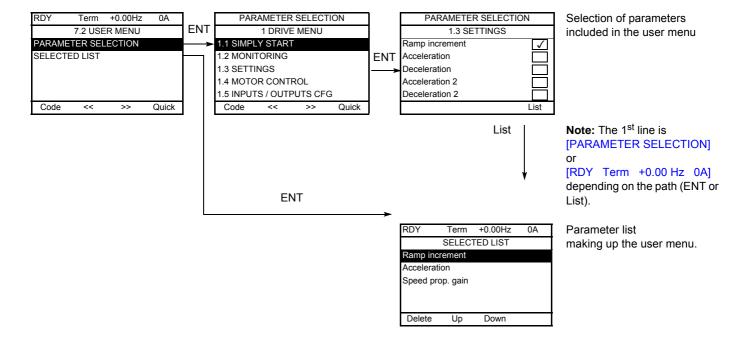
This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It can be used to customize parameters or a menu and to access parameters.



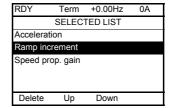
- 7.1: USER PARAMETERS: Customization of 1 to 15 parameters.
- 7.2 USER MENU: Creation of a customized menu.
- 7.3 PARAMETER ACCESS: Customization of the visibility and protection mechanisms of menus and parameters.
- 7.4 KEYPAD PARAMETERS: Adjustment of the contrast and stand-by mode of the graphic display terminal (parameters stored in the terminal rather than in the drive). Choice of the menu displayed on power up.

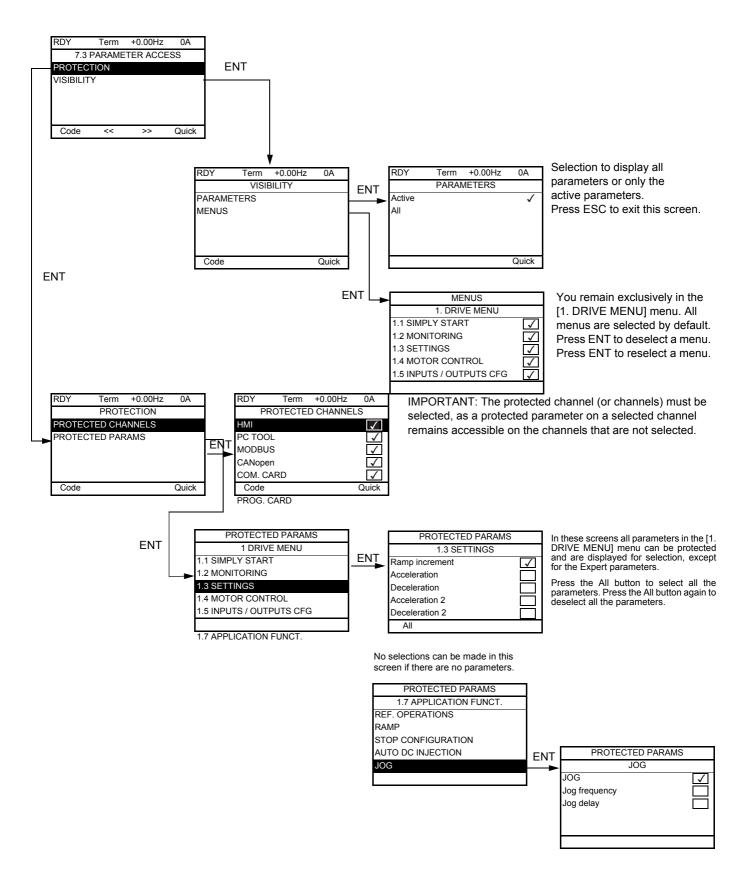




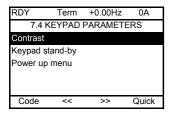


Use the F2 and F3 keys to arrange the parameters in the list (example below using F3).





Note: The protected parameters are no longer accessible and are not, therefore, displayed for the selected channels.

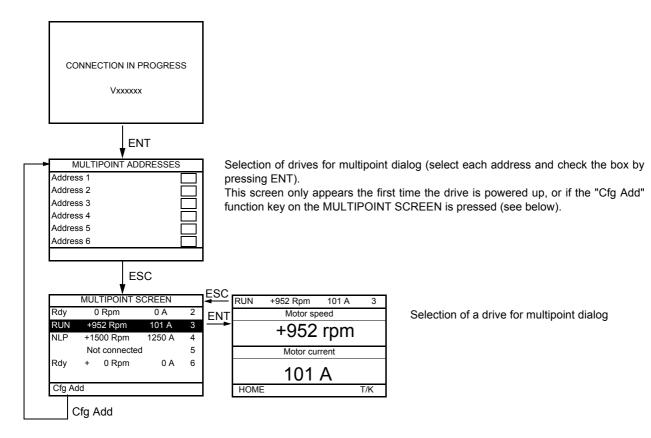


Name/Description	Adjustment range	Factory setting	
☐ [Keypad contrast]	0 to 100 %	50 %	
Adjustment of contrast on graphic display unit.			
□ [Keypad stand-by]		[5]	
Configures and adjusts the stand-by mode of the graphic display unit.  [No]: No stand-by mode.  [1] to [10]: Adjusts the time during which the terminal is to remain idle before stand-by mode is triggered, in minutes.  After this idle time, the display backlight turns off and the contrast is reduced. The screen returns to normal operation when a key or the navigation button is pressed. It also returns to normal operation if the terminal exits the normal display mode, for example, if a fault occurs.			
☐ [Power up menu]		[Main menu]	
Choose the menu which appears on the product menu when it is powered up  [Drive configuration]: Display the drive configuration.  [Sim. start]: Display the simply start menu.  [Monitoring]: Display the monitoring menu.  [Settings]: Display the setting menu.  [Mot. Ctrl]: Display the motor control menu.  [I/O Conf.]: Display the inputs outputs configuration menu.  [Command]: Display the command menu.  [Appli. fun.]: Display the application function menu.  [Fault mgt]: Display the fault management menu.  [Com.]: Display the communication menu.  [Ident.]: Display the diagnostic menu.  [Ident.]: Display the identification menu.  [Factory Set.]: Display the factory setting.  [User menu]: Display the user manu.  [CI menu]: Display the drive menu.  [Main menu]: Display the main menu.			

#### [MULTIPOINT SCREEN]

Communication is possible between a graphic display terminal and a number of drives connected on the same bus. The addresses of the drives must be configured in advance in the [1.9 COMMUNICATION] menu using the [Modbus Address] (Add) parameter, page 268.

When a number of drives are connected to the same display terminal, the terminal automatically displays the following screens:



In multipoint mode, the command channel is not displayed. From left to right, the state, then the 2 selected parameters and finally the drive address appear.

All menus can be accessed in multipoint mode. Only drive control via the graphic display terminal is not authorized, apart from the Stop key, which locks all the drives.

If there is a fault on a drive, this drive is displayed.

#### **Maintenance**

#### Servicing

The Altivar 71 does not require any preventive maintenance. It is nevertheless advisable to perform the following regularly:

- · Check the condition and tightness of the connections.
- Ensure that the temperature around the unit remains at an acceptable level and that ventilation is effective (average service life of fans: 3 to 5 years, depending on the operating conditions).
- · Remove any dust from the drive.

#### Assistance with maintenance, fault display

If a problem arises during setup or operation, first check that the recommendations relating to the environment, mounting and connections have been observed.

The first fault detected is saved and displayed, and the drive locks.

The drive switching to fault mode can be indicated remotely via a logic output or a relay, which can be configured in the [1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (I-O-) menu, see, for example, [R1 CONFIGURATION] (r1-) page 124.

#### Menu [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]

This menu can only be accessed with the graphic display terminal. It displays faults and their cause in plain text and can be used to carry out tests, see page 270.

#### Clearing the fault

Disconnect the drive power supply in the event of a non-resettable fault.

Wait for the display to disappear completely.

Find the cause of the fault in order to correct it.

The drive is unlocked after a fault:

- · By switching off the drive until the display disappears completely, then switching on again
- Automatically in the scenarios described for the [AUTOMATIC RESTART] (Atr-) function, page 245
- By means of a logic input or control bit assigned to the [FAULT RESET] (rSt-) function, page 244
- · By pressing the STOP/RESET button on the graphic display terminal

#### Menu [1.2 MONITORING] (SUP-):

This is used to prevent and find the causes of faults by displaying the drive state and its current values. It can be accessed with the integrated display terminal.

#### Spares and repairs:

Consult Schneider Electric product support.

#### Drive does not start, no fault displayed

- If the display does not light up, check the power supply to the drive.
- The assignment of the "Fast stop" or "Freewheel" functions will prevent the drive starting if the corresponding logic inputs are not powered up. The ATV71 then displays [Freewheel] (nSt) in freewheel stop and [Fast stop] (FSt) in fast stop. This is normal since these functions are active at zero so that the drive will be stopped safely if there is a wire break.
- Make sure that the run command input or inputs are activated in accordance with the selected control mode ([2/3 wire control] (tCC) and [2 wire type] (tCt) parameters, page 108).
- If an input is assigned to the limit switch function and this input is at zero, the drive can only be started up by sending a command for the opposite direction (see pages 175 and 216).
- If the reference channel or command channel is assigned to a communication bus, when the power supply is connected, the drive will display [Freewheel] (nSt) and remain in stop mode until the communication bus sends a command.
- When an encoder is used with a VW3A3409 card, if the encoder is not fully configured, the drive remains locked in stop mode (displays [NST] (nSt) or [NLP] (nLP)).

#### Faults, which cannot be reset automatically

The cause of the fault must be removed before resetting by turning off and then back on.

AnF, ASF, brF, ECF, EnF, SOF, SPF and tnF faults can also be reset remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page 244).

AnF, EnF, InFA, InFb, SOF, SPF, and tnF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page <u>256</u>).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
A I2F	[Al2 input]	Non-conforming signal on analog input Al2	Check the wiring of analog input Al2 and the value of the signal.
AnF	[Load slipping]	The encoder speed feedback does not match the reference	<ul> <li>Check the motor, gain and stability parameters.</li> <li>Add a braking resistor.</li> <li>Check the size of the motor/drive/load.</li> <li>Check the encoder's mechanical coupling and its wiring.</li> <li>If the "torque control" function is used, see "Note" on page 207.</li> </ul>
ASF	[Angle Error]	<ul> <li>A modification has changed the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder or resolver</li> <li>The "Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder" page 88 has failed or has not been performed</li> <li>for the law [Sync. mot.] (SYn), bad setting of the speed loop, when the reference goes through 0.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>See comments on page <u>88</u>.</li> <li>Repeat the "Procedure for measuring the phase-shift angle between the motor and the encoder" page <u>88</u>.</li> </ul>
6 O F	[DBR overload]	The braking resistor is under excessive stress	<ul> <li>Check the size of the resistor and wait for it to cool down</li> <li>Check the [DB Resistor Power] (brP) and [DB Resistor value] (brU) parameters, page 263.</li> </ul>
brF	[Brake feedback]	<ul> <li>The brake feedback contact does not match the brake logic control</li> <li>The brake does not stop the motor quickly enough (detected by measuring the speed on the "Pulse input" input).</li> </ul>	Check the feedback circuit and the brake logic control circuit Check the mechanical state of the brake Check the brake linings
ьиғ	[DB unit sh. Circuit]	Short-circuit output from braking unit     Braking unit not connected	<ul> <li>Check the wiring of the braking unit and the resistor.</li> <li>Check the braking resistor</li> <li>The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt.] (bUb) parameter, page 263 if there is no resistor or braking unit connected to the drive, at and above 55 kW (75 HP) for ATV71eeeM3X and at and above 90 kW (120 HP) for ATV71eeeN4.</li> </ul>
ErF I	[Precharge]	Charging relay control fault or charging resistor damaged	<ul><li>Turn the drive off and then back on again</li><li>Check the internal connections</li></ul>
C r F 2	[Thyr. soft charge]	DC bus charging fault (thyristors)	Inspect/repair the drive
d C F	[Differential curent Fault]	Current difference between power block A and B (ATV71EC60 M14N4 or ATVEM15M24Y only	Check thyristor with [TEST THYRISTORS]     Check IGBT with [TRANSISTOR TEST]     Check current transformer
ECF	[Encoder coupling]	Break in encoder's mechanical coupling	Check the encoder's mechanical coupling

#### Faults, which cannot be reset automatically (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
EEF I	[Control Eeprom]	Internal memory fault, control card	Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility)     Turn off, reset, return to factory settings
EEF2	[Power Eeprom]	Internal memory fault, power card	Inspect/repair the drive
EnF	[Encoder]	Encoder feedback fault	<ul> <li>Check all the configuration parameters for the encoder used.</li> <li>Refer to the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu for the value of parameter RESE.</li> <li>Check that the encoder's mechanical and electrical operation, its power supply and connections are all correct.</li> <li>If necessary, reverse the direction of rotation of the motor ([Output Ph rotation] (PHr) parameter, page 73) or the encoder signals.</li> </ul>
FCFI	[Out. contact. stuck]	The output contactor remains closed although the opening conditions have been met	Check the contactor and its wiring     Check the feedback circuit
HdF	[IGBT desaturation]	Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output	<ul> <li>Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor insulation.</li> <li>Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> </ul>
ILF	[internal com. link]	Communication fault between option card and drive	<ul> <li>Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility)</li> <li>Check the connections</li> <li>Check that no more than 2 option cards (max. permitted) have been installed on the drive</li> <li>Replace the option card</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
InFI	[Rating error]	The power card is different from the card stored	Check the reference of the power card
In F 2	[Incompatible PB]	The power card is incompatible with the control card	Check the reference of the power card and its compatibility.
In F 3	[Internal serial link]	Communication fault between the internal cards	Check the internal connections     Inspect/repair the drive
In F 4	[Internal-mftg zone]	Internal data inconsistent	Recalibrate the drive (performed by Schneider Electric Product Support).
In F 6	[Internal - fault option]	The option installed in the drive is not recognized	Check the reference and compatibility of the option.
InF7	[Internal-hard init.]	Initialization of the drive is incomplete	Turn off and reset.
InFB	[Internal-ctrl supply]	The control power supply is incorrect	Check the control section power supply
In F 9	[Internal- I measure]	The current measurements are incorrect	<ul> <li>Replace the current sensors or the power card.</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
InFA	[Internal-mains circuit]	The input stage is not operating correctly	Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.     Inspect/repair the drive
InFb	[Internal- th. sensor]	<ul> <li>The drive temperature sensor is not operating correctly</li> <li>The braking unit's temperature sensor is not operating correctly.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Replace the drive temperature sensor</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> <li>Replace the braking unit's temperature sensor</li> <li>Inspect/repair the braking unit</li> <li>The monitoring of this fault must be disabled by the [Brake res. fault Mgt.] (bUb) parameter, page 263 if there is no braking unit connected to the drive.</li> </ul>
InFC	[Internal-time meas.]	Fault on the electronic time measurement component	Inspect/repair the drive
InFE	[internal- CPU ]	Internal microprocessor fault	Turn off and reset. Inspect/repair the drive.

#### Faults, which cannot be reset automatically (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
OCF	[Overcurrent]	<ul> <li>Parameters in the [SETTINGS] (SEt-) and [1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (drC-) menus are not correct.</li> <li>Inertia or load too high</li> <li>Mechanical locking</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the parameters.</li> <li>Check the size of the motor/drive/load.</li> <li>Check the state of the mechanism.</li> </ul>
PrF	[Power removal]	Fault with the drive's "Power removal" safety function	Inspect/repair the drive
5 C F 1?	[Motor short circuit] [Impedant sh. circuit]	Short-circuit or grounding at the drive output	<ul> <li>Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor insulation.</li> <li>Perform the diagnostic tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS]</li> </ul>
5 C F 3	[Ground short circuit]	Significant earth leakage current at the drive output if several motors are connected in parallel	menu.  Reduce the switching frequency.  Connect chokes in series with the motor.  Check the adjustment of speed loop and brake.  Increase the [Time to restart] (ttr), page 68.
5 P F	[Speed fdback loss]	<ul> <li>No resolver or encoder feedback signal</li> <li>No Top Z signal after the activation of the Top Z function and 2 cycles.</li> <li>No signal on "Pulse input", if the input is used for speed measurement</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Check the wiring between the encoder or resolver and the drive.</li> <li>Check the encoder or resolver.</li> <li>Check all the configuration parameters for the encoder used.</li> <li>Refer to the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu for the value of parameter RESE.</li> <li>Check the wiring of the input cable and the detector used.</li> </ul>
Enf	[Auto-tuning]	Special motor or motor whose power is not suitable for the drive     Motor not connected to the drive	<ul> <li>Check that the motor/drive are compatible</li> <li>Check that the motor is present during auto-tuning</li> <li>If an output contactor is being used, close it during auto-tuning</li> </ul>

#### Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared

These faults can also be reset by turning on and off or by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault reset] (rSF) parameter, page 244). APF, CnF, COF, EPF1, EPF2, FCF2, LFF3, LFF4, ObF, OHF, OLF, OPF1, OPF2, OSF, OtF1, OtF2, OtFL, PHF, PtF1, PtF2, PtFL, SLF1, SLF2, SLF3, SrF, SSF and tJF faults can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH)parameter, page 256).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
APF	[Application fault]	Controller Inside card fault	Please refer to the card documentation
ЬLF	[Brake control]	Brake release current not reached     Brake engage frequency threshold [Brake engage freq] (bEn) only regulated when brake logic control is assigned	Check the drive/motor connection Check the motor windings Check the [Brake release I FW] (Ibr) and [Brake release I Rev] (Ird) settings, page 182 Apply the recommended settings for [Brake engage freq] (bEn).
Enf	[Com. network]	Communication fault on communication card	<ul> <li>Check the environment (electromagnetic compatibility)</li> <li>Check the wiring.</li> <li>Check the time-out</li> <li>Replace the option card</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
COF	[CANopen com.]	Interruption in communication on the CANopen bus	<ul> <li>Check the communication bus.</li> <li>Check the time-out</li> <li>Refer to the CANopen User's Manual</li> </ul>
EPF I	[External flt-LI/Bit]	Fault triggered by an external device, depending on user	Check the device which caused the fault, and reset
EPF2	[External fault com.]	Fault triggered by a communication network	Check for the cause of the fault and reset
FCF2	[Out. contact. open.]	The output contactor remains open although the closing conditions have been met	Check the contactor and its wiring     Check the feedback circuit
LEF	[input contactor]	The drive is not turned on even though [Mains V. time out ] (LCt) has elapsed.	
LFF3	[Al2 4-20mA loss]	Loss of the 4-20 mA reference on analog input Al2, Al3 or Al4	Check the connection on the analog inputs.
LFF4	[Al4 4-20mA loss]		
0 b F	[Overbraking]	Braking too sudden or driving load	<ul> <li>Increase the deceleration time</li> <li>Install a braking resistor if necessary</li> <li>Activate the [Dec ramp adapt.] (brA) function, page 161, if it is compatible with the application</li> </ul>
OHF	[Drive overheat]	<ul> <li>Drive temperature too high</li> <li>Braking unit over temperature</li> <li>Phase module over temperature</li> <li>Rectifier over temperature</li> </ul>	Check the motor load, the drive ventilation and the ambient temperature. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting.
OLF	[Motor overload]	Triggered by excessive motor current	Check the setting of the motor thermal protection, check the motor load. Wait for the drive to cool down before restarting.
OPF I	[1 output phase loss]	Loss of one phase at drive output	Check the connections from the drive to the motor

# Faults that can be reset with the automatic restart function, after the cause has disappeared (continued)

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
OPF2	[3 motor phase loss]	Motor not connected or motor power too low     Output contactor open     Instantaneous instability in the motor current	<ul> <li>Check the connections from the drive to the motor</li> <li>If an output contactor is being used, parameterize [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Output cut] (OAC), page 249.</li> <li>Test on a low power motor or without a motor:In factory settings mode, motor phase loss detection is active [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [Yes] (YES). To check the drive in a test or maintenance environment, without having to use a motor with the same rating as the drive (in particular for high power drives), deactivate motor phase loss detection [Output Phase Loss] (OPL) = [No] (nO)</li> <li>Check and optimize the following parameters: [IR compensation] (UFr), page 101, [Rated motor volt.] (UnS) and [Rated mot. current] (nCr) page 78 and perform [Autotuning] (tUn) page 93.</li> </ul>
0 5 F	[Mains overvoltage]	<ul><li>Line voltage too high</li><li>Disturbed mains supply</li></ul>	Check the line voltage
O E F I	[PTC1 overheat]	Overheating of the PTC1 probes detected	Check the motor load and motor size.     Check the motor ventilation.
0 E F 2	[PTC2 overheat]	Overheating of the PTC2 probes detected	Wait for the motor to cool before restarting     Check the type and state of the PTC probes
OEFL	[LI6=PTC overheat]	Overheating of PTC probes detected on input LI6	
PEFI	[PTC1 probe]	PTC1 probes open or short- circuited	Check the PTC probes and the wiring between them and the motor/drive
PEF2	[PTC2 probe]	PTC2 probes open or short- circuited	
PEFL	[LI6=PTC probe]	PTC probes on input LI6 open or short-circuited	
5 C F 4	[IGBT short circuit]	Power component fault	<ul> <li>Perform a test via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
5 C F 5	[Motor short circuit]	Short-circuit at drive output	<ul> <li>Check the cables connecting the drive to the motor, and the motor's insulation</li> <li>Perform tests via the [1.10 DIAGNOSTICS] menu.</li> <li>Inspect/repair the drive</li> </ul>
SLFI	[Modbus com.]	Interruption in communication on the Modbus bus	Check the communication bus. Check the time-out Refer to the Modbus User's Manual
5 L F 2	[PC com.]	Fault communicating with PC- Software	<ul><li>Check the PC-Software connecting cable.</li><li>Check the time-out</li></ul>
5 L F 3	[HMI com.]	Fault communicating with the graphic display terminal	Check the terminal connection     Check the time-out
5 r F	[TORQUE TIME OUT FLT]	The time-out of the torque control function is attained	<ul><li>Check the function's settings</li><li>Check the state of the mechanism</li></ul>
5 5 F	[Torque/current lim]	Switch to torque limitation	Check if there are any mechanical problems Check the parameters of [TORQUE LIMITATION] (tLA-) page 209 and the parameters of the [TORQUE OR I LIM. DETECT.] (tld-) fault, page 258).
E J F	[IGBT overheat]	Drive overheated	<ul> <li>Check the size of the load/motor/drive.</li> <li>Reduce the switching frequency.</li> <li>Wait for the motor to cool before restarting</li> </ul>

#### Faults that can be reset as soon as their causes disappear

The USF fault can be inhibited and cleared remotely by means of a logic input or control bit ([Fault inhibit assign.] (InH) parameter, page 256).

Fault	Name	Probable cause	Remedy
<i>LFF</i>	[Incorrect config.]	Option card changed or removed	Check that there are no card errors.     In the event of the option card being changed/removed deliberately, see the remarks below
		Control card replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating	Check that there are no card errors.     In the event of the control card being changed deliberately, see the remarks below
		The current configuration is inconsistent	Return to factory settings or retrieve the backup configuration, if it is valid (see page 276)
EF I	[Invalid config.]	Invalid configuration     The configuration loaded in the drive via the bus or communication network is inconsistent.	Check the configuration loaded previously.     Load a compatible configuration
		[Max frequency] (tFr) has been set at a value higher than 599Hz	Set [Max frequency] (tFr) at a value lower or equal to 599 Hz
dLF	[Dynamic load fault]	Abnormal load variation	Check that the load is not blocked by an obstacle     Removal of a run command causes a reset
HEF	[Cards pairing]	The [CARDS PAIRING] (PPI-) function, page 264, has been configured and a drive card has been changed	<ul> <li>In the event of a card error, reinsert the original card</li> <li>Confirm the configuration by entering the [Pairing password] (PPI) if the card was changed deliberately</li> </ul>
PHF	[Input phase loss]	Drive incorrectly supplied or a fuse blown     Failure of one phase     3-phase ATV71 used on a single-phase line supply     Unbalanced load This protection only operates with the drive on load	<ul> <li>Check the power connection and the fuses.</li> <li>Use a 3-phase line supply.</li> <li>Disable the fault by [Input phase loss] (IPL) = [No] (nO). (page 249)</li> </ul>
USF	[Undervoltage]	Line supply too low     Transient voltage dip     This protection only operates with the drive running in motor mode	Check the voltage and the parameters of [UNDERVOLTAGE MGT] (USb-), page 253

#### Option card changed or removed

When an option card is removed or replaced by another, the drive locks in [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed or removed, the fault can be cleared by pressing the ENT key twice, which **causes the factory settings to be restored** (see page 276) for the parameter groups affected by the card. These are as follows:

#### Card replaced by a card of the same type

- I/O cards: [Drive configuration] (drM)
- Encoder cards: [Drive configuration] (drM)
- Communication cards: only the parameters that are specific to communication cards
- Controller Inside cards: [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

#### Card removed (or replaced by a different type of card)

- I/O card: [Drive configuration] (drM)
- Encoder card: [Drive configuration] (drM)
- Communication card: [Drive configuration] (drM) and parameters specific to communication cards
- · Controller Inside card: [Drive configuration] (drM) and [Prog. card menu] (PLC)

#### Control card changed

When a control card is replaced by a control card configured on a drive with a different rating, the drive locks in [Incorrect config.] (CFF) fault mode on power-up. If the card has been deliberately changed, the fault can be cleared by pressing the ENT key twice, which causes all the factory settings to be restored.

# User settings tables

### Menu [1.1 SIMPLY START] (SIM-)

Code	Name	Factory setting	Customer setting
FCC	[2/3 wire control]	[2 wire] (2C)	
C F G	[Macro configuration]	[Start/Stop] (StS)	
bFr	[Standard mot. freq]	[50 Hz] (50)	
n P r	[Rated motor power]	According to drive rating	
U n 5	[Rated motor volt.]	According to drive rating	
n C r	[Rated mot. current]	According to drive rating	
F r 5	[Rated motor freq.]	50 Hz	
n 5 P	[Rated motor speed]	According to drive rating	
E F r	[Max frequency]	60 Hz	
PHr	[Output Ph rotation]	ABC	
I E H	[Mot. therm. current]	According to drive rating	
ACC	[Acceleration]	3.0 s	
d E C	[Deceleration]	3.0 s	
LSP	[Low speed]	0	
H S P	[High speed]	50 Hz	

# Functions assigned to I/O

Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned
LI1	
LI2	
LI3	
LI4	
LI5	
LI6	
LI7	
LI8	
LI9	
LI10	
LI11	
LI12	
LI13	
LI14	

Inputs Outputs	Functions assigned
LO1	
LO2	
LO3	
LO4	
Al1	
AI2	
AI3	
Al4	
R1	
R2	
R3	
R4	
RP	
Encoder	

# User settings tables

### Other parameters (table to be created by the user)

Code	Name	Customer setting

Code	Name	Customer setting

### **Index of functions**

[2 wire] (2C)	<u>42</u>
[2nd CURRENT LIMIT.]	<u>211</u>
[3 wire] (3C)	<u>42</u>
+/- speed	<u>170</u>
+/- speed around a reference	<u>172</u>
[AUTO DC INJECTION]	<u>164</u>
[AUTOMATIC RESTART]	<u>245</u>
[Auto tuning]	<u>44</u>
Brake logic control	<u>177</u>
[CATCH ON THE FLY]	<u>246</u>
Closed-loop synchronous motor	<u>88</u>
Command and reference channels	<u>138</u>
Deferred stop on thermal alarm	<u>251</u>
Direct power supply via DC bus	237
[DRIVE OVERHEAT]	250
[ENA SYSTEM]	99
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High-speed hoisting	<u>191</u>
Inspection	<u>234</u>
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Limit switch management	<u>175</u>
Line contactor command	212
Load measurement	<u>189</u>
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Load variation detection	<u>261</u>
Motor or configuration switching [MULTIMOTORS/CONFIG.]	224
Motor thermal protection	247

#### **Index of functions**

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PTC probes	<u>242</u>
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Save reference	<u>174</u>
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Stop at distance calculated after deceleration limit switch	<u>218</u>
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Synchronous motor parameters:	<u>87</u>
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Torque regulation	<u>205</u>
Traverse control	227
Use of the "Pulse input" input to measure the speed of rotation of the motor	<u>259</u>

Code						Page					
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AC 2			<u>56</u>				160 173 202				
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ЯdС							<u>164</u>				
A G C C									<u>268</u>		
Яаа									<u>268</u>		
Я І ІЯ		<u>53</u>			<u>113</u>						
AIIE					<u>113</u>						
A I IF					<u>113</u>						
A 1 15					<u>113</u>						
AIIE					<u>113</u>						
я і 2 я		<u>53</u>			<u>114</u>						
A ISE					<u>114</u>						
A I 2 F					<u>114</u>						
A IST					<u>114</u>						
A 125					<u>114</u>						
A ISF					<u>114</u>						
Я І З Я		<u>53</u>			<u>115</u>						
A I 3 E					<u>115</u>						
R I 3 F					<u>115</u>						
A I 3 L					<u>115</u>						
A 135					<u>115</u>						
A 13F					<u>115</u>						
ЯІЧЯ		<u>53</u>			<u>116</u>						
Я ІЧЕ					<u>116</u>						
A 14F					<u>116</u>						
# 14L					<u>116</u>						
A 145					<u>116</u>						
A 14E					<u>116</u>		000				
A IC I		50.54			<u>117</u>		200				
ALGr		<u>52, 54</u>							000		
AUOA									<u>268</u>		
<i>АПОС</i>									<u>268</u>		

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1/11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E £ -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL]	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	[1.6 COMMAND] ([ t L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F.E. 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C O d -)
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AO IF					<u>133</u>						
AO IF					<u>132</u>						
A O S					<u>134</u>						
AO2F					<u>134</u>						
A O S F					<u>134</u>						
A D 3					<u>135</u>						
A O 3 F					<u>135</u>						
A D 3 F					<u>135</u>						
A D H I					<u>132</u>						
HOH2					<u>134</u>						
Я O H Э					<u>135</u>						
AOL I					<u>132</u>						
HOL2					<u>134</u>						
AOL 3					<u>135</u>						
ЯРН		<u>52, 54</u>									
Я 5 Я				<u>89</u>							
ЯЅН І					<u>133</u>						
A2H2					<u>134</u>						
A S H 3					<u>135</u>						
A S L				<u>89</u>							
A2L I					<u>133</u>						
ASL2					<u>134</u>						
ASL 3					<u>135</u>						
ASE				<u>89, 92</u>							
ASES				<u>90</u>							
A S U				<u>90</u>							
AFA				<u>90</u>							
Atr								<u>245</u>			
ЯИІ-					<u>117</u>						
AU5		<u>52</u> , <u>54</u>									
AUF				<u>93</u>							
ЬЬЯ				<u>104</u>							
ьси				<u>106</u>							
ЬСІ							<u>181</u>				
P 9 C 0									<u>268</u>		

Code						Page					
					CFG]		CT.]	L N		GSJ	
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 n - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 U P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [ - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ( 1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C Ł L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L £ -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D II -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E S - )	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d -)
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PE 9							<u>183</u>				
b E n			<u>67</u>				182				
b E Ŀ			<u>68</u>				182				
bFr	<u>43</u>		<u>72</u>								
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<b>BL</b> C							<u>181</u>				
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brr							<u>185</u>				
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65P					<u>111</u>						
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ьиь								<u>263</u>			
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СНП							<u>226</u>				
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CL I			<u>63</u>	<u>75</u>			<u>211</u>				

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	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 n - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 LI P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ( 1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] ([ L L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C 0 d - )
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C 0 4											<u>282</u>
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C O F							<u>195</u>				
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CPI							<u>190</u>				
C P 2							<u>190</u>				
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C r H 3					<u>115</u>						
СгНЧ					<u>116</u>						
CrL2					<u>114</u>						
CrL3					<u>115</u>						
CrL4					<u>116</u>						
C 5 Ł											<u>282</u>
CFA			<u>69</u>								
CFF				<u>72</u>							
d A ≥							<u>157</u>				
d R ∃							<u>157</u>				
d A F							<u>219</u>				
d A L							<u>219</u>				
d A r							<u>219</u>				
d R S							<u>215</u>				
dbn							<u>207</u>				
d 6 P							<u>207</u>				
d b 5							<u>215</u>				
d C F			<u>61</u>				<u>162</u>	<u>265</u>			
dC I							<u>163</u>				
4 C O							<u>237</u>				

Code						Page					
					[ <u>G</u>		-	-		-	
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 n - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 LI P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ( 1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] (C Ł L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D II - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] ([ 0 d -)
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d E C	<u>45</u>		<u>56</u>				158				
dLЬ								<u>262</u>			
d L d								<u>262</u>			
dLr											<u>282</u>
d					<u>129</u>						
d0 ld					<u>129</u>						
40 IH					<u>129</u>						
d D 15					<u>129</u>						
d 0 t d			<u>61</u>								
d 5 F							220				
d 5							<u>173</u>				
d 5 P							<u>171</u>				
d Ł F							<u>233</u>				
ЕЬО							<u>232</u>				
ECC								<u>258</u>			
ECF								<u>258</u>			
EF I					<u>121</u>						
EFr					<u>121</u>						
EIL					<u>121</u>						
EnA				<u>100</u>							
EnC				<u>77</u>	<u>120</u>						
ЕпПг					122						
Enr I					<u>120</u>						
E n 5					<u>120</u>						
En S P					<u>123</u>						
Entr				77	<u>122</u> <u>120</u>						
E n U				<u>77</u>	120			<u>252</u>			
Er C O								232	<u>268</u>		
ELF								<u>252</u>	200		
FI				<u>79</u>				202			
F2				80							
F 2 d			<u>70</u>	<u>50</u>							
F 3			70	<u>80</u>							
1 3				00							

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1/11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [ - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ( 1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] ([ L L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C II II - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F.E. 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d -)
F 4				80							
F 5				<u>80</u>							
FAL				<u>101</u>							
FCP				<u>81</u>							
FC5 I										<u>276</u>	
FdE								<u>260</u>			
FFA					<u>123</u>						
FFP				<u>97</u>							
FFr					<u>123</u>						
FFE			<u>70</u>				<u>162</u>				
FFU				<u>97</u>							
FLG			<u>57</u>	<u>96</u>							
FLI				<u>91</u>			<u>91</u>				
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FLOC									<u>269</u>		
FLOE									<u>269</u>		
FLr								<u>246</u>			
FLU			<u>64</u>	<u>91</u>			<u>91</u>				
FPI							<u>202</u>				
F9A								<u>260</u>			
F9C								<u>260</u>			
F9F								<u>260</u>			
F9L			<u>70</u>								
F 9 5		<u>52, 54</u>									
F9L								<u>260</u>			
FrI						<u>146</u>					
Frlb							<u>156</u>				
Fr2						<u>147</u>					
FrE5					<u>121</u>						
FrH		<u>52, 54</u>									
Fr5	<u>43</u>		<u>78</u>								
Fr55				<u>87</u>							
FrE							<u>160</u>				
Fry-										<u>276</u>	
F 5 Ł							<u>162</u>				
FEd			<u>70</u>								

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 I [1 - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 Ll P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (4 r L -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E L L</i> -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L L -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (CDII-)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d -)
G F S										<u>276</u>	
G IE			<u>61</u>	<u>100</u>							
GPE			<u>61</u>	<u>100</u>							
HFF-							<u>236</u>				
HL 5							<u>236</u>				
H 5 D							<u>195</u>				
H S P	<u>45</u>		<u>57</u>								
Ibr			<u>67</u>				<u>182</u>				
Ibr A							<u>190</u>				
IdR				<u>82</u>							
IGE			<u>61</u>				<u>163</u>	<u>265</u>			
1965			<u>61</u>				<u>163</u>	<u>265</u>			
IAU				<u>82</u>							
InH								<u>256</u>			
Inr			<u>56</u>				<u>158</u>				
In S P				<u>78</u>							
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Ird			<u>67</u>				<u>182</u>				
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I E H	<u>45</u>		<u>57</u>								
JACO				<u>95</u>							
JAPL				<u>96</u>							
JAC			<u>68</u>				<u>183</u>				
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JGF			<u>64</u>				<u>166</u>				
J G F			<u>64</u>				<u>166</u>				
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LЬЯ				<u>104</u>							
<b>ГР</b>			<u>70</u>	<u>104</u>							
L b C I				<u>106</u>							
LPC5				<u>106</u>							
L b C 3				<u>106</u>							
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L C 2							<u>211</u>				
LCr		<u>52</u> , <u>54</u>									
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Ld5				<u>84</u>							
L E S							<u>213</u>				
LEE								<u>252</u>			
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LFF								<u>265</u>			
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LFΠ				<u>82</u>							
L 15 1		<u>53</u>									
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LOI					<u>127</u>						
LO Id					<u>127</u>						
LOIH					<u>127</u>						
L 0 15					<u>127</u>						
L 0 2					<u>127</u>						
L 0 2 d					<u>127</u>						
L O 2 H					<u>127</u>						
L 0 2 5					<u>127</u>						
L 0 3					<u>128</u>						
L 0 3 d					<u>128</u>						
L D 3 H					<u>128</u>						
L D 3 S					<u>128</u>						
L 0 4					<u>128</u>						
L 0 4 d					<u>128</u>						
LOYH					<u>128</u>						
L 0 4 5					<u>128</u>						

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 I ft -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E L -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (4 r L -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	[1.6 COMMAND] (C L L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (CDII-)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] ([ 0 d -)
L d N S				<u>87</u>							
L9N5				<u>87</u>							
LPI							<u>190</u>				
LP2							<u>190</u>				
L 9 5				<u>84</u>							
L 5 P	<u>45</u>		<u>57</u>								
U H S							<u>157</u>				
ПЯЭ							<u>157</u>				
ПСг				<u>86</u>							
ПЕг		<u>52, 54</u>	<u>66</u>								
ППЕ		<u>52, 54</u>									
n C A I									<u>267</u>		
n C A 2									<u>267</u>		
n [ Я Э									<u>267</u>		
n [ A 4									<u>267</u>		
n C A S									<u>267</u>		
n C A 6									<u>267</u>		
пСЯЛ									<u>267</u>		
n C A B									<u>267</u>		
nΓr	<u>43</u>		<u>78</u>								
n[r5				<u>84</u>							
nL5							220				
лПЯ І									<u>267</u>		
nΠA2									<u>267</u>		
∩ПЯ∃									<u>267</u>		
пПЯЧ									<u>267</u>		
∩ПЯ5									<u>267</u>		
∩ПЯБ									<u>267</u>		
∩ПЯЛ									<u>267</u>		
пПЯВ									<u>267</u>		
nPr	<u>43</u>		<u>78</u>								
nrd				<u>101</u>							
n 5 L				<u>82</u>							
n 5 P	<u>43</u>		<u>78</u>								
n 5 P 5				<u>84</u>							
n 5 E							<u>162</u>				

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 n - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 LI P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [.)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ( 1 - D -)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E t L</i> -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Lin - )	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	[1.9 COMMUNICATION]	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C 0 d -)
o 0 2		<u>52, 54</u>									
o O 3		<u>52, 54</u>									
o O 4		<u>52, 54</u>									
o O 5		<u>52, 54</u>									
o O 6		<u>52, 54</u>									
0 C C							<u>215</u>				
Odt								<u>249</u>			
OF I				<u>74</u>							
DHL								<u>250</u>			
0 lr							<u>239</u>				
O L L								<u>248</u>			
OPL								<u>249</u>			
0 P r		<u>52, 54</u>									
05P							<u>195</u>				
PAH			<u>66</u>				<u>201</u>				
PAL			<u>66</u>				<u>201</u>				
PAS							<u>220</u>				
PAU							202				
PEr			<u>67</u>				<u>201</u>				
PES							<u>190</u>				
PF I					<u>118</u>						
PFr					<u>118</u>						
P G A					<u>121</u>						
PG I				<u>121</u>	<u>121</u>						
PH5				<u>84</u>							
PHr	<u>44</u>			<u>73</u>							
PIA					<u>118</u>						
PIC							<u>201</u>				
PIF							200				
PIFI							<u>200</u>				
P IF 2							<u>200</u>				
PII							200				
PIL					<u>118</u>						
РІП							202				
PIPI							200				
P IP2							200				

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 n - )	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 U P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E £ -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [ - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E E L</i> -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D II - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 - )	[4 PASSWORD] (C [1 d d - )
P IS	<u> </u>	20	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	201	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	20
POH			<u>66</u>				<u>201</u>				
POL			66				201				
PPI								<u>264</u>			
PPn				<u>82</u>							
PPn5				84							
Pr2							<u>204</u>				
Pr4							<u>204</u>				
PrP			<u>66</u>				<u>201</u>				
P5 I-							223				
P52-							<u>223</u>				
P53-							<u>223</u>				
P 5 2							<u>168</u>				
P 5 4							<u>168</u>				
P 5 8							<u>168</u>				
PS 16							<u>168</u>				
PSr			<u>67</u>				<u>202</u>				
PSE						<u>146</u>					
PECI								<u>243</u>			
P Ł C Z								<u>243</u>			
PECL								<u>243</u>			
PEH		<u>52, 54</u>									
95H			<u>68</u>				<u>232</u>				
95L			<u>69</u>				232				
rl					<u>124</u>						
rld					<u>125</u>						
r IH					<u>125</u>						
r 15					<u>125</u>						
r 2					<u>125</u>						
r2d					<u>125</u>						
r ∂ H					<u>125</u>						
r 25					<u>125</u>						
r 3					<u>126</u>						
r 3 d					<u>126</u>						
r 3 H					<u>126</u>						
r 35					<u>126</u>						

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1/11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [ - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	[1.6 COMMAND] (C Ł L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C II II - )	(1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS) (F.E. S)	[4 PASSWORD] (C 0 d -)
r 4					<u>126</u>						
r 4 d					<u>126</u>						
гЧН					<u>126</u>						
r 45					<u>126</u>						
r A P				<u>100</u>							
гЬП							<u>188</u>				
гЬС							<u>188</u>				
rbd							<u>188</u>				
r C A							<u>215</u>				
r[b							<u>156</u>				
r d G			<u>66</u>				<u>201</u>				
rdAE					<u>87</u>						
r E 9 P				<u>86</u>							
rEEP				<u>86</u>							
rFC						<u>147</u>					
rFr		<u>52, 54</u>									
rFĿ-							<u>235</u>				
r 16			<u>66</u>				<u>201</u>				
r In						<u>146</u>					
r P								<u>244</u>			
rP2			<u>67</u>				<u>204</u>				
rP3			<u>67</u>				<u>204</u>				
r P Y			<u>67</u>				<u>204</u>				
rPA								<u>244</u>			
rPC		<u>52, 54</u>									
rPE		<u>52, 54</u>									
rPF		<u>52, 54</u>									
rPG			<u>66</u>				200				
rPI							200				
r P O		<u>52, 54</u>									
rPPn					<u>121</u>						
r P 5							<u>160</u>				
rPE							<u>158</u>				
rr5					<u>108</u>						
r 5 A				<u>82</u>							
r 5 A 5				<u>85</u>							

Code						Page					
					CFG]		Ë	ĹΝ		[SS]	
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1 11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 Ll P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E Ł -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr E -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-1)	[1.6 COMMAND] ([ L L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F U n -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D II -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C 0 d - )
r 5 d							<u>195</u>				
r 5 F								<u>244</u>			
r 5 L							<u>203</u>				
r 5 N				<u>82</u>							
r 5 N 5				<u>87</u>							
r 5 P							<u>235</u>				
r 5 Ł L							<u>195</u>				
г 5 И							<u>235</u>				
rEH		<u>52, 54</u>									
r E O							<u>207</u>				
rtr							233				
5 A 2							<u>157</u>				
5 A 3							<u>157</u>				
SAF							<u>219</u>				
5 A L							<u>219</u>				
5 A r 5 A E							<u>219</u>	251			
5 C L							105	<u>251</u>			
5051							<u>195</u>			<u>276</u>	
SACI			<u>62</u>				164, 183			210	
5 d C 2			<u>62</u>				<u>164</u>				
5 d d								<u>258</u>			
5 F C			<u>57</u>	<u>95</u>							
S F C			<u>57</u>								
5 F d							220				
5Fr			<u>63</u>	<u>74</u>							
5 I E			<u>57</u>	<u>95</u>							
5 I E			<u>57</u>								
5 L L								<u>257</u>			
SLP			<u>61</u>	<u>81</u>							
5 n C							<u>233</u>				
5 <i>D P</i>				<u>102</u>							
5 P 2			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 P 3			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 P 4			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				

Code						Page					
	ITARTJ	(ING)	[8]	ONTROLJ	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ( / - 0 -)	[a	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	ICATION]	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F E 5 -)	[0
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 III -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 U P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E L -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [ - )	[1.5 INPUTS / (1-0-1)	[1.6 COMMAND] (E L L -)	[1.7 APPLICA' (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT M. (F L E -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C 0 ft - )	[1.12 FACTOR (F E 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d -)
5 P S			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P</i> 6			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P</i> 7			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P B</i>			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P</i> 9			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P 10</i>			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
SPII			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P 12</i>			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P 13</i>			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P</i> 14			<u>65</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P</i> 15			<u>66</u>				<u>169</u>				
5 <i>P 16</i>			<u>66</u>				<u>169</u>				
SPd		<u>52</u> , <u>54</u>									
5 P G			<u>57</u>	<u>95</u>							
5 <i>P</i> П							<u>174</u>				
SPE							<u>206</u>				
5 r P			<u>66</u>				<u>173</u>				
5 5 <i>b</i>								<u>258</u>			
5 5 C d					<u>123</u>						
55 <i>CP</i>					<u>122</u>						
55F5					<u>122</u>						
5 5 L				<u>95</u>							
SEA			<u>57</u>	<u>96</u>							
5 Ł d							<u>220</u>				
SΕΠ								<u>253</u>			
5 Ł O								<u>258</u>			
5 <i>E P</i>								<u>253</u>			
5 t r							<u>171</u>				
5trt								<u>254</u>			
5 <i>E E</i>							<u>162</u>				
5 U L				<u>102</u>							
ŁA I			<u>56</u>				<u>159</u>				
Ł A 2			<u>56</u>				<u>159</u>				
Ł A ∃			<u>56</u>				<u>159</u>				
L A 4			<u>57</u>				<u>159</u>				
LAA							209				

Code						Page					
					<u>5</u>						
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 In-)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 U P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E L -)	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr L -)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] (1-0-1)	[1.6 COMMAND] ( <i>E L -</i> )	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L Ł -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E II II - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F.C.S)	[4 PASSWORD] (C 0 d -)
FAC		<u>52, 54</u>									
Ł A r								<u>245</u>			
FPE			<u>67</u>				<u>182</u>				
F P O							<u>232</u>				
E b r									<u>268</u>		
£ b r 2									<u>268</u>		
£ 6 5								<u>253</u>			
FCC	<u>42</u>				<u>108</u>						
FCF					<u>108</u>						
Ed I			<u>61</u>				<u>163</u>	<u>265</u>			
FGC			<u>61</u>				<u>163</u>	<u>265</u>			
FACI			<u>62</u>				<u>164</u>				
F 9 C 5			<u>62</u>				<u>165</u>				
Edn							<u>232</u>				
<i>E d</i> 5								<u>260</u>			
Ł F O									<u>268</u>		
£ F O 2									<u>268</u>		
Ł F r	<u>43</u>		<u>73</u>								
E H A								<u>250,</u> <u>251</u>			
E H d		<u>52, 54</u>									
E H r		<u>52, 54</u>									
E H E								<u>248</u>			
ŁLЯ							209				
FLC							<u>210</u>				
FLd								<u>262</u>			
EL IG			<u>68</u>				209				
FLIN			<u>68</u>				209				
ŁL5			<u>64</u>				<u>203</u>				
EnL								<u>263</u>			
E O B							207				
<i>E O</i> 5							<u>195</u>				
£ 0 5 £							<u>238</u>				
E P N G							<u>210</u>				
£ P ∏ ∏							<u>210</u>				
<i></i>								<u>260</u>			

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 1/11 -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L/P - )	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E E - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [)	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG]	[1.6 COMMAND] (C Ł L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.]	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT]	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (E D fi - )	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F.E. 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C 0 d -)
£ 9 5				<u>84</u>							
Erl							<u>206</u>				
t r A				<u>82</u>							
Fr[							232				
Er H			<u>68</u>				<u>232</u>				
ErL			<u>68</u>				<u>232</u>				
ŁrΠ				<u>82</u>							
<b>ErP</b>							<u>206</u>				
Frr		<u>52, 54</u>									
Ert							<u>206</u>				
E S d							<u>206</u>				
ŁSΠ								<u>253</u>			
£ 5 5							206				
E S E							<u>206</u>				
£ 5 Y			-				233				
E E d			<u>70</u>					<u>248,</u> <u>251</u>			
FF d 2								<u>248,</u> <u>251</u>			
<i>EEd3</i>								<u>248,251</u>			
E E H			<u>69</u>								
FFL			<u>69</u>								
F F O								<u>268</u>			
EEr			<u>68</u>				<u>183</u>				
FUL				<u>93</u>			<u>93</u>				
E U n	<u>44</u>			<u>79, 85,</u> <u>93</u>							
FUnE	<u>45</u>			<u>86, 94</u>							
<b>LUP</b>							232				
<i>E</i> U 5	44			94							
υο				<u>79</u>							
ШΙ				<u>79</u>							
U 2				<u>80</u>							
и э				<u>80</u>							
<b>И</b> Ч				<u>80</u>							
U 5				<u>80</u>							
Ubr				<u>104</u>							

Code						Page					
	[1.1 SIMPLY START] (5 I II -)	[1.2 MONITORING] (5 L P -)	[1.3 SETTINGS] (5 E L - )	[1.4 MOTOR CONTROL] (dr [ - )	[1.5 INPUTS / OUTPUTS CFG] ( 1 - 0 -)	[1.6 COMMAND] ([ L L -)	[1.7 APPLICATION FUNCT.] (F Un -)	[1.8 FAULT MANAGEMENT] (F L L -)	[1.9 COMMUNICATION] (C D II -)	[1.12 FACTORY SETTINGS] (F L 5 -)	[4 PASSWORD] (C D d -)
пс 5				<u>81</u>							
ПСР								<u>246</u>			
UCP				<u>81</u>							
UECP					<u>122</u>						
ИЕСИ					<u>122</u>						
UELC					<u>122</u>						
UFr			<u>61</u>	<u>101</u>							
<b>ШІНІ</b>					<u>113</u>						
U IH2					<u>114</u>						
<b>П</b> ІНЧ					<u>116</u>						
U IL I					<u>113</u>						
U IL 2					<u>114</u>						
UILЧ					<u>116</u>						
ULn		<u>52</u> , <u>54</u>									
ULr											<u>282</u>
Un5	<u>43</u>		<u>78</u>								
и о н т					<u>132</u>						
понь					<u>134</u>						
ион э					<u>135</u>						
UOL I					<u>132</u>						
nors					<u>134</u>						
UOL 3					<u>135</u>						
U O P		<u>52, 54</u>									
UPL								<u>253</u>			
Ur E S								<u>253</u>			
<b>И</b> 5 <b>Б</b>								<u>253</u>			
US I							<u>173</u>				
USL								<u>253</u>			
U 5 P							<u>171</u>				
USE								<u>253</u>			